## ለ

h lä-to, for, for the sake of, about, concerning, as for

(ወሬውን ፡ ለወንድው ፡ ነገረው he told the news to his brother)

(ይሽ ፡ ለሱ ፡ ነው this is for him)

(ለወሬ ፡ ቤተ ፡ ክርስቲያንን ፡ የሚሠራ ፡ ነው he builds churches for [the sake of] prestige)

(ትምሀርት ፡ ሚኒስቴር ፡ ሰርማን ፡ ጉዳድ ፡ ስት-መላሰስ ፡ የተዋወቀችው ፡ ልጅ a young man with whom she had become acquainted while going to the Ministry of Education concerning/about Roman's case . . . )

(ተዋበች : ጋር ፡ ትጻጻፋላችሁ ፡ ላልክኝ as for your question about our corresponding with Täwabäčč)

 $\hbar$  lä + infinitive without expressed subject expresses intention or purpose ('in order to') the same as  $\hbar$  la- + simple imperfect:

(ሥራሙን ፡ ሰመጨረስ ፡ ይፈልጋል he wants to finish the work)

N.B.: in current Addis Ababa Amharic, 'to', 'in order to' is expressed by lä + the infinitive if the subjects of the main and subordinate clauses are the same but by **\cdot\77**: and + imperfect if the subjects of the two clauses are different:

ስምሄድ ፡ ይፈልጋል he wants to go እንዲሄድ ፡ ይፈልጋል he wants him to go, lit. that he should go

↑ lä + infinitive + personal suffixed pronoun indicates the infinitive functions as an abstract noun:

(ወደ ፡ አስላም ፡ ሃይማኖት ፡ ለመለወጣቸው ፡ ብዙ ፡ ማስረጃ ፡ አለን we have ample evidence for/concerning his [Lij Iyyasu's] conversion to Islam) አንዚህን ፡ ለመጥራት ፡ በዚያ ፡ ጊዜ ፡ የንበረው ፡ የፖለቲካ ፡ ዳመና ፡ ክባድ ፡ ነበር the political atmosphere [lit. clouds] existing at this time was too grave to summon these [people] **λ** lä connecting two identical nouns expresses various meanings, e.g. 'along', 'in the middle of' as well as other idiomatic meanings:

አንድ፣ ለአንድ one on onc

(አንድ ፡ ላንድ ፡ ይዋጣልን let us fight one on one)

መሃል : ስመሃል right in the middle

መሬት ፡ ለመሬት along the ground

ቀም ፡ ስቀም lengthwise

ቀን ፡ ሴቀን in broad daylight, lit. in the middle of the day

አሁን ፡ ለአሁን in anticipation, anticipating (አሁን ፡ ለአሁን ፡ ይመጣል ፡ ብላ ፡ ድስቱን ፡ ጣደች anticipating his arrival at any moment, she put the pot on the fire)

ውስጥ ፡ ለውስጥ secretly, covertly, out of sight [because inside of s.th. or concealed from view by trees, walls, etc.]

75 : A75 in the hope [that], in the uncertain anticipation, on speculation

(አንድ ፣ ነበሬ ፣ ነና ፣ ሲነና ፣ ዋጋ ፣ ይቀዋል ፣ ይሆናል ፣ በማለት ፣ የቡና ፣ ሲብሎን ፣ አትፎ ፣ ሙቀሙጥ ፡ አያዋጣውም gathering and storing his coffee crop because of the hope the price could rise will not benefit a farmer)

љን ፡ ለጐን side by side

ጊዜ ፡ ለጊዜ forthwith, right away

ጠባይ ፡ ለጠባይ ፡ አለኪጠናኑ ፡ ድረስ until they could study each others' characters

ጫንቃ ፡ ለጫንቃ ፡ ተሳሳሙ they kissed each other on the shoulder

ለ lä + gerund of alä expresses 'for the sake of': ለአስላሙ ፡ አንዲቀርባቸው ፡ ነው ፡ እንጂ ፡ ለግዛት ፡ ብለው ፡ አይደለም it is not so much for the governorate [lit. rule] but for the sake of further rapprochement to the Muslims

A lä- (geminated) used with the suffixed pronouns has the meaning 'for', 'in favor of', 'to the advantage of', 'for the sake of':

LZRAT färrädällät he acquitted him, lit. he judged in his favor

እግዜር ፡ ይስጥልኝ thank you!, lit. may God give [you your reward] for my sake

Occasionally, however, it has a negative meaning:

ሥራችላት särraččəllät she really fixed him መጣለት mättallät he's coming to get him, to hurt him At times it may merely mark the recipient: ምራጭ ፡ ፌረስ ፡ ሽጠልኝ he sold me an unsound horse

↑ lä expresses 'from', 'from among':

ደጋግም ፡ ጠጣስት he drank from it/of it repeatedly

አንድላችሁ andəllaččəhu one of you [Gondare usage]

ሰምን läman why, for what? with what object? ሰምኑ lämann for which (one, thing)? [expression of contempt]

- ላ la abbreviation for yelala to indicate a consonant is not geminated, e.g. ምብጥ(ብላ) çəbṭ (to distinguish it from ምብጥ çəbbəṭ)
- A la conjunction expressing purpose, does not occur alone

A la + simple imperfect expresses purpose 'in order that', 'in order to', 'so that' [in English, this may also be rendered by the infinitive]:

መንድሙን ፡ ሲያይ ፡ ይሂዳል he is going to see [in order to see] his brother

With verbs of wishing, liking, desiring, la- is used with the simple imperfect but does not express purpose or intention. Here it corresponds to the English infinitive:

ሊሄድ ፡ ይመኛል he wishes to go

A la- + simple imperfect may function as the verb of the main clause:

Ahmo losațaw 1 will cerrainly give it to him (tone indicating a positive meaning); [you mean] 1 should give it to him? [by his tone, the speaker indicates he does not want to give it or has no intention of giving it]

A la- + simple imperfect + \(\hat{\lambda}\), A sil expresses intention or impending action:

መደ ፡ ቤቱ ፡ ሊሂድ ፡ ሲል ፡ ይዘንብ ፡ ፫ ሙር when he was intending to go home, when he was just about to leave for home

A la + the negative simple imperfect expresses an action which one is unable to accomplish, has no intention of accomplishing or has no chance of accomplishing:

(ሳያምልጥ ፡ ይሮጣል he runs without being able to escape or without having any chance to escape)

(ሰማንም : ሳትንግር : ማለችለት she swore to him

that she would never tell anyone)

(ሳይግ፣ ሱቅ ፡ ግ he went into the store without any intention of buying)

(ከነያ፡ ከፎች ፡ ጋር ፡ አኮ ፡ ጠብ ፡ ላይ ቀር ልን ፡ ነው we cannot avoid a quarrel with those wicked ones)

(ሰለዚህ ፡ ያ ጋጠመን ፡ የማጥቃት ፡ ዕድል ፡ ብቻ ፡ ላይሆን ፡ ይችላል therefore the opportunity we have to attack might not be successful, favorable)

A la + the simple imperfect + 70° näw (for the present) or 70°C näbbär (for the past) expresses an action about to be accomplished:

(ትናንት ፡ የጀመረውን ፡ ሥራ ፡ አሁን ፡ ሊጨርስ ፡ ነው he is about to finish the work he started yesterday)

(ከሳምንት ፡ በፊት ፡ የጀመረውን ፡ ሥራ ፡ ሊጨርስ ፡ ነበር he was about to finish the work he started a week ago)

A la- prefix for the first person singular of the jussive:

ልምጣ ləmta may I come? ልሂድ ləhid shall I go?, may l go?

A -II- as in \( \cdot 7\) \( \cdot A\) angallah don't badger me with questions

ወዲያልኝ wädiyallən get out for my sake ይኸውልዎት yəhäwəlləwot here you [pl.] are!

ሏ ፡ አለ ! "a alä to be hot, be red hot, to buru [vi]

ሎች lub blank paper, slate (for writing), octavo page (for a printed book), folio (for a parchment ms.), smooth board (for making a door) Ar. lawh

**የ h lohä** to write (Geez verb used by *qəne*-composers) (KBT)

ሲሀ ፡ አለ lwah alä to have a sensation in the stomach

ายาย lahlah large tree bigger than the eucalyptus which produces a date-like fruit eaten by birds. Its wood is worm-resistant

Aሕሴሕ ləhluh soft flesh (man's or animals) (KBT) ይዩ ኤኒ

ስሐመ lähamä to be strong, to repair, to solder s.th. broken or which has a hole in it Ar. lahama

ላሕማ lahma glue, solder Ar. lahma

AUF labom cow (Geez only)

13: 409 gäṣä lahəm Face of a Calf (see Revelation 4:7)

ጣፌ ፡ ሳህም tafe laham custodian of the monarch's cattle (obs.)

ለሐሳስ lähosas whisper, speaking softly or in a very low voice

Aሐ.ቅ lahiq, pl. ልሐ.ቃን lahiqan elder, venerable, aged person (Geez); macro- (neol.) ልሒቅ ፡ ምጥንኛ macro-pipette (neol.)

\*AA+ - MAA+ mallbay anchor; chain attached to the reading stand (atronas) which is laid across both pages when the book is open in order to keep the pages from curling

(መልሕቅ ፡ ጣለ to drop anchor, let down the anchor)

ላህብ lahah flame, blaze (Geez)

ላሀበ ፡ እሳት tongue of flame or fire, sweat induced by heat or excess body warmth (KBT) አሪ. ፡ ላሀብ pore (skin) (KBT)

ለሆቴ lähote whetstone የምሳዊ ፡ ለሆቴ razor strop

**ABB** lahay beauty of complexion or face, tone or timbre of the voice

(በውበት : በደምግባት ፣ በላህይ ፡ ይህ ፡ ጐደለሽ ፡ አትባልም she was not deemed lacking in beauty, complexion, and tone of voice in any way)

ስሐጨ lähaččä to drool, slaver

አለሐጨ alähaččä to smear with saliva, to salivate

AAP lähač drivel, spit, spittle, saliva, foam (on a dog's mouth)

(ለሐዊ ፣ ተዝረከረከ to drool, to water [person's mouth])

(ለሐጬን ፡ አዝረከረከ to drool)

(ሰሐዊ ፡ ማሩ one who swallows his spittle)

ስሐሚም lähačam one who has a lot of spittle, one who drools

ለሐጫ ምንት lähačamənnät full of saliva, slavering, driveling or drooling

ማለሐሜ malähača means for drooling, salivating, e.g. mouth

ለሁሜ lähučča or ልሁሜ lahučča smooth and lying close to the scalp, not bushy (hair) (see ሉሜ ፡ ጸጉር)

(ጠጉሬ ፡ ሰሁሜ smooth, not bushy hair)

ለሐፍ lähaf fine outer garment; fringed rug or carpet made of silk or fine thread, bedspread Ar. liḥāf

ለለ -lällä in የለለ yälällä var. of የሌለ (see -ሌለ below)

ለሉ -lälle in ኖት : እየለሉ yät əyyälätle what a difference! how far! (see ኖት)

**A** lul pearl (occ. fem. gender)

ሉት lulu masc. pers. n., ሉሷ lulwa fem. pers. n. ሉል ፡ ጨብጠ to take possession of the crown, the realm (Supp.); to hold the scepter [monarch] (obs.)

(**ሶል** ፡ **መ**ሰል pearly)

ሉል ፡ ሥሪ jeweler (Supp.)

ሉል ፡ ሰንድ lul säggäd masc. pers. n.

ሉልንሽ lulnäš fem. pers. n.

ሉል ፡ ወደይ lul adäy fcm. pers. n.

ተልና ፣ ዘውድ scepter (B)

ተል lul var. of ልውል la'ul

ሲላ lila a kind of hawk (see ሲሎ bclow)

A.A lil in A.A: HA.A til zälit loafer, foot, cretin
A.A: HA.A: hA lil zälil alä to go here and
there, to roam (Gondare usage) (B)

ሲሎ lile kite (bird) (Milvus migrans?)

An lallä to commit suicide in order to keep from falling into enemy hands (KBT)

44 lalla to be or become loose(r), to loosen [vi], to be slack (rope), to slacken [vi], to become relaxed; to be or become tired, weak; to be or become indulgent, easygoing, mild, to be lax, to relent; to be supple, to be flabby [due to lack of exercise]; to be ungeminated [consonant in pronunciation]

(የሳሳ ፡ ፌዴል single, ungeminated consonant) (ማሰሪያው ፡ ሳልቷል the fastening, knot became loose)

(መንኵሴው ፡ ላልቷል the monk has lost his zeal for asceticism)

(ምክሩ : ^4 to lose force [advice or reproof], be close to being disregarded; to be weak)

(ሰውንቱ ፡ ላልቷል to become flabby [body])

(**ምስሉ** ፡ ሳልቷል the sore, boil has come to a head)

(በሬ ፡ ላልቶብኛል the [plow] oxen have become weak, gotten tired)

(አሰሩ ፡ ላልቷል the fastening has become loose) (ዋጋው ፡ ላልቷል the price has come down) (ል)

(m4: 11 to be about to break up or be deleated [army, troops]) (KBT)

ተላላ tälalla to soften [vi], grow soft, become rotten (fruit) (see also ታለለ under ተ)

had alala to render loose(r), to loosen, relax [vt], to ease (a rule); to enfecble, weaken [vt], to slacken [vt], to soften [vt]; to pronounce a consonant without doubling (gemination)

(አላላ alala pronounce it ungeminated!)

(እንደብ-ኩን : አላላ to stutter, stammer, speak indistinctly) (G)

(እጅን ፣ አላላ to loosen one's hand, relax one's grasp) (Ar.)

(ንድሉን ፡ አላላ to fail to maintain his asceticism [monk]) (G)

**\lambda \wedge \Lambda \Lambda asialla** to cause or allow to be or become loose(r), cause s.o. to become weak or feeble (see also  $\Lambda \Lambda$ )

ላይ lay loose, soft (see also alphabetical order) ላላ ፣ አለ lala alä to be somewhat soft, loose, untied

ላላ ፡ አደረገ lala adärrägä to loosen [vt], to relax [vt] a little

AA lal loose, not tight, soft; flexible (neol.); tired, weak, slack (animal); indulgent, easygoing, mild, lax, lenient, permissive (person); single (consonant) not geminated

ልል ፡ መሬት mobile, easily eroded soil

ልል ፡ ምሽግ weak fortifications

ልል ፣ ሰውንት flabby body

AA : ATC weak fence

AA: hFC irregularly made heap or stack

(እንደብቱ ፡ ልል ፡ ነው he stammers, stutters) (ይህ ፡ ውምበር ፡ ልል ፡ ነው this chair is loose,

(Eu: openc: AA: You this chair is loose wobbly; this judge is mild, not severe)

AA5+ Islamat looseness, relaxation, tiredness, weakness, slackness; mildness, lenient attitude, lenience; flexibility (neol.)

had, alali one who loosens [vt], slackens [vt], relaxes [vt]

እስላሊ aslali one who has s.th. loosened, etc. መላሊያ mälaliya means for softening, e.g. water, reason for becoming slack, feeble, e.g. fatigue, effort

ማሳሲያ malaliya means for making s.th. soft, slack or loose

አለላል allälal or እለላላት allälalat manner of

becoming loose, slack, etc.

ላሎ lalo masc. pers. n., notable of Mänz
ሳሎ: ምድር lalo modor district in Mänz 1010N
3906E

- A.A -lellä (negative of AA allä in subordinate clauses or after subordinating conjuctions) he is not, it is not

(እሱ : እንደሴለ : አውቃለሁ l know he is not around)

እሱ ፡ ክሌለ since he's not around

የሌለ yälellä who is not, which is not

የሌለበት yälelläbbät in his absence

የሌለው yälelläw he does not have, who does not have

ሌላ lela, pl. ሌሎች leločč or ሌላዎች lelawočč other, another, different; further [adj.], any more, some more

ሌላ ፡ ሰው anybody else, someone else (ሌላ ፡ ማንም ፡ ሰው ፡ አልነበረም no one else was there)

ሌላ : ቦታ anywhere else, elsewhere

ሌላ ፡ ነው it is different, special, very good

(ወተሽ ፡ ሌላ ፡ ነው your wät-sauce is excellent)

ሌላ ፡ ነገር anything else, something else

AA: 2H another time, some other time [than now]

ሌላው lelaw the other(s), the rest

(ማማዥ ነበየሥፍራው ነእሳት ፡ እያንደደ ፡ ሲጠብለ ፤ ሌላው ፡ ጥራውን ፡ ይቆርጣል while some lit fires and roasted [their meat], the others/the rest ate it raw)

ሌላው ፡ ቀርቶ [noun] [አንኳን] lelaw qarto [noun] (ənk an) expresses other [things] being left aside; even [noun]

ሌላውስ ፡ ይቅር lelawass yaqar not to mention anything elsc (Cohen)

ሌላኃ lelaga clsewhere, somewhere else (see ኃ)

(ሌላጋ ፡ የት where else?)

በየሌላው bäyyälelaw irrelevant, peripheral (በየሌላው ፡ ነገር ፡ አሽኝቸዋለው ፡ ብሎ ፡ አስብ intending to go along with him in irrelevant matters . . .)

ከሴላ kälela elsewhere, on the other hand
h... ሴላ kä... lela besides, as well as, aside
from, outside of, other than, in addition to...
hዚያም: ሴላ käzziyamm lela besides, moreover

የሌላ yälela another (kind), some other (kind) (ምክንያቱም ፡ የሌላ ፡ ሳይሆን ፡ አይ ፡ ይሆን ፡ ምግባር ፡ ለመከታተል ፡ ጊዜ ፡ አልነበራትም ፡ ነበር ። it was for no other reason than that she didn't have time to keep track of this behavior) (ብርታቱ ፡ ሌላ ፡ ነው he's very strong, has great endurance)

(የልጂ ፡ የሥራ ፡ አያያዝዋ ፡ ሴላ ፡ ነው my daughter's way of managing a task is amazing)

ሴላ : ሴላ ፡ አለ lela lela alä to taste spoiled, taste funny (food or drink which is going bad)

ሉሉ : አለ lele alä to sing (minstrel), to utter lele (nonsense word interspersed in songs)

ሴሴ lele nonsense word interspersed in songs

AA lal 'that I say' la + al (see hh)

AA lal loose, not tight (see AA above)

Mola tree the leaves of which are used in cooking dabbo-bread (B) (see MA below)

re lole, pl. occ. re lolaist servant who serves for wages and has a higher social status than an ordinary servant hence is more selfwilled and independent

( \* ASAL to hire a lole-servant, take on a lole)

ሎሴ ፡ በትን small cup

ትልቅ ፡ ሎሴ təlləq lole servant charged with heavy work like plowing (B)

ትንሽ : ሎሌ tənnəš lole herdsman (B)

ሎሴንት lolennät or ሎሴንት lolennät serving, service, state or condition of being a lole

- rea lol tree of the temperate highlands the wood of which is used in making bedsteads and its bark for making beehives (Ekebergia capensis) (also አዮል)
- 14. A. A. A. lale lale alä to thump the ground (dancer by leaping into the air); to be above or superior to others

ሎሳልት lolalet pl. of ሎሱ servant

1200 A.D.; capital of the province of Lasta 1202 N 3902 E; tribe of mendicant singers whose members travel about in husband and wife teams singing stereotyped praise songs at social gatherings or asking for alms by singing before a wealthy person's house in the early morning

144 lalate a small bread of chickpea flour or of wheat

ሉሲት lelit night [in Ethiopian time, the night precedes the day in a 24-hour time period] (see also ሴት)

ሌሊቱን lelitun during the night, that night (ራለ፡ ወልደ፡ ጊዮርጊስ፡ ከነሰራዊታቸው፡ ቀን፡ ሊደርሱ፡ ሌሊቱን፡ የሚገድል፡ መርዝ፡ በትኖበት፡ ነበር he scattered lethal poison the night [before] the day Ras Wolde Giyorgis and his troops were to arrive)

የሌሊት ፡ ዎፍ bat

የሌሊት nocturnal

መንፈቀ ፡ ሌሊት midnight

ሰዓታ ፡ ሌሊት memorial service held on the 12th day or every hour on the 40th day after the deceased's death; the hours of the night from one o'clock in the evening to twelve o'clock the next morning [Ethiopian computation, 1900 to 0600 according to Western time]

በሃያ፣ ሌሊት or በሀያ፣ ሥርቀ። ሌሊት on the 20th of the lunar month

ትናንትና ፡ ሌሊት last night

እኩለ ፡ ሌሊት əkkulä lelit midnight

(በኩለ ፣ ሌሊት at midnight)

አውራ፡ ሌሊት midnight

ዛሬ ፡ ሌሊት tonight (with verb in the imperfect) ዛሬ ፡ ሌሊት last night (with verb in the perfect)

የጨረቃ ፡ ሌሊት moonlit night

ግርማ ፡ ሌሊት power of darkness (KBT)

ግብረ : ሌሊት night services or devotions such as the canonical hours

ሊልዊል lil(la)wil gnu (KBT)

AAP Islae skin of an onion, peel of a potato (AYMQ) (see Am)

ለማ läma for whom? (var. of ለማን läman – see

**^9** lämma to be or become prosperous, to prosper, thrive; to be fertile (soil), productive (soil), to be verdant; to be cultivated, tilled, placed in cultivation; to be or become inhabited, populous, to increase, become numerous (family, clan); to shine (light) (AYMQ), to go out (light) (G); to be collected, brought together (s.th. which had been dispersed); to take root (plant); to acquire the force of custom (innovation, illegal tax due to the passage of time);

to blaze up (fire) (A); masc. pers. n.

**?^7** yälämma accepted (innovation or illegal tax which have acquired the force of custom due to passage of time)

(ጠላት ፡ አጥናቶት ፡ የነበረው ፡ ሀገር ፡ ለማ the district the enemy ravaged recovered)

(የስሙ : አንሮች the developed countries)

(ሃየ ፡ እንድ ፡ ሺህ ፡ ሂክታር ፡ ሰሲጥና ፡ ማሽላ ፡ ተዘ-ርቶ ፡ የለማ ፡ ሲሆን while 21 rhousand hectares were placed in cultivation by being sown with sesame and sorghum...)

ይልማ yalma masc. pers. n.

(ስውነቱ ፡ ለምቷል he/it has filled out, developed)

(የሰው ፡ ዝሩ ፡ ሰማ to become numerous (progeny, offspring))

Aግ lama in Aግ ፡ በሥሉስ ፡ ጥፋ ፡ በሥሉስ win with three witnesses [on your side], lose with three [witnesses against you]

ልማ ፡ ስማ lama sama hear ye! hear ye! introductory formula of a decree (obs.) or prefacing advice, counsel

አይሰማ ፡ አይሰማ aysäma ayläma he doesn't hear at all (Ar.)

**A 999** lämamma to be or become somewhat prosperous, become somewhat inhabited, to be or become very prosperous, inhabited to a great extent; to prosper or thrive a little

tälamma to be or become rather prosperous, begin to thrive; to become populated here and there, to be diffused, spread about (Ar.); to be connected, joined or fitted together, to be reassembled (repaired) (AYMQ)

ተለማማ tälämamma = tälamma (At.)

hhm alämma to render prosperous, cause to thrive or prosper, cause to flourish, cause to do well (by cultivating); to make a bumper crop; to render fertile, render productive; to develop (land); to cultivate (trees); to do well, do right (act justly); to spread harmony, love among people; to instruct well, make a student well-trained (teacher); to cause the light to shinc, turn on the light, illuminate; to trim the wick, put out the light, snuff a candle (Supp., KBT); to render populous; to write or recite well; to correct; to straighten; to refine (KBT)

(399434: 39073: hand he edited the passage/text/speech by deleting the wrong letters or words and recopying them in their correct forms)

(n.gange : n.gh4.ge whether he did right or wrong...)

ፍቅርን ፡ አለማ to promote good feeling

han allamma to cause to begin to thrive, to render populated in parts (Ar.); to diffuse, spread about, e.g. education; to render fertile, to help become numerous, increase (in number); to join together, fit together, to bind with a splint, to (re)assemble, repair

አለማማ alämamma to render different areas prosperous

አለማማ allämamma to cause or allow to be or become rather prosperous or very prosperous

እስሰማ aslämma to cause or allow to prosper, to have (soil, etc.) be fertile, cultivated, to have (a country, etc.) be prosperous

A. lämi (soil) which is fertile, verdant, s.th. which is thriving, prospering, s.th. which is multiplying, becoming numerous

A9 läm prosperous, verdant, fertile, rich (soil), productive (soil, farm), cultivated (soil); inhabited, populous

ስምነት lämannät state or condition of being fertile, cultivated, etc., fertility

ለምጌ lämge oasis (neol.) [ለም + ጌ]

AP lam fertile, cultivated; custom, practice or tax which has gradually become accepted over time; goal, objective (Käangadih) (see also how below)

(ከነገሩ ፡ ልም ፡ ለመድረስ ፡ ጓጓችና for she was anxious to get to the end of the matter)

(የልም ፡ ደጓሳ ፡ lrታ kuta-garment of medium thickness)

A 如子 ləmät prosperity (G)

A 71 lamat prosperity, fertility, development (of land); doing right; increase (becoming numerous, populous)

had almi one who causes s.th. to prosper, flourish; who brings about an increase in number, developer (neol.)

(አልሚና : ለሚ water and plant; husband and wife whose astrological signs are in harmony, compatible)

እሳሚ allami illegal tax or iunovation which have acquired the force of custom over time

መላሚያ mällamiya splint; fem. pers. п.

መልሚያ mälmiya means of or condition, place or time for being or becoming prosperous, means for being verdant, e.g. rain, water ማስሚያ mallamiya means for joining or fitting together (AYMQ)

ous; means for rendering verdant; means for trimming as above, for snuffing out; means for rendering numerous, breeding (having many offspring); means for developing (a country)

አለማም allämam or አለማማት allämamat manner of heing or becoming prosperous, being verdant, etc.

ለሞ läm(m)o in አይስሞ ፡ አለ ayläm(m)o alä to terrorize, to threaten (KBT)

ሎሜ hume locality in Ada district, Shoa 0838N 3907E

A. Immu Limmu, district in Jimma Province 0810N 3700E

fine, reduced to a fine powder; to become docile or tame (person or animal originally spirited or untamed), become poor, weak, not spirited; to be tender, to diminish (strength), to be weak (eye)

(११० : ११० savory, mild and/or soft foods for persons of high station, e.g. gänfo-porridge, aləčča-stew, broth)

ተላመ tälamä to be ground fine, pulverized
አሳመ alamä to powder, grind fine, reduce to a
fine powder; to weaken, render docile; to tame
or render poor or weak in spirit

አሳሳመ allalamä to help to pulverize, grind fine; help to render docile or tame

እስላም aslama to cause or allow to be or become powdered, pulverized; to have s.o. render a person or an animal docile, tame, have s.o. or an animal tamed, rendered docile

ላም ፡ አለ lamm alä to be tame, docile, gentle (animal)

is easily pulverized; tame or docile (person, animal)

(ላሚ ፡ የሆን ፡ አተር ፡ ግገር buy [f.] casily ground peas)

Ar lam powder, flour, fine-ground, powdered; poor, weak, not spirited (Ar.); feeble (from illness); soft, e.g. cat's fur

(AT: NUA ground grain)

(AF: A≯ the leather straps of the plow or saddle such as the thong binding the yoke to the plowshare or the one linking the plowbeam and the upper link or wägäl)

ልም ፡ ዓይን one who has small eyes (see ዓይነ :

ልም below)

ልም ፡ አፈር very fine dust (B)

ልም ፡ ወቆም cartilage (ncol.)

983: AP small-cyed; weak of vision (due to illness); one who has small eyes which seem weak but have excellent vision, hence a cunning, sly person (G)

የገርር : Aም earlobe

[A 79 Jamam (see A 40 40 below)]

ልምነት lamannät state or condition of being powdered, pulverized, speaking softly or docilely

ልሙት lamat fineness (of flour, etc.), smoothness; digestion (meal) (see also ሲማ)

አላሚ alami one who pulverizes, grinds fine መሳሚያ mälamiya means for pulverizing

stone for grinding, mill for fine grinding of pepper or spices

(የብግ : ማላሚያ coffee mill) (obs.)

The maslamiya means for having s.o. grind fine or having s.th. ground fine, etc.

kaap allalam manner of being or becoming ground fine, etc.

প্ৰ lama why (Hebrew) (KBT)

ሳማ lama in አሪ. ፡ ሳማ afa lama fine the owner of a cow, etc., pays the owner of a field in recompense for the damage his livestock did to the latter's field

**APP** lam cow, herd of cattle; fig. meek and stupid, mild person

ሳሚ lam"a or ሳሚ ቱ lamitu the cow

ሳም ፡ አለው lam alläw he owns a herd of cows ሳም ፡ ሳጊ lam lagi a marten-like animal which drinks milk from a cow's udder

ላምነት lamnät rug or covering made of cowhide tanned with the hair left on (see ነት 'hide mat')

ሳም ፡ አንነት coward, poltroon

ላም : እጃቢ : ዎፍ a bird which accompanies cattle and gathers the bits of grass which fall from their months as they graze (KBT)

(?) 19: as a small reddish plant with thorny fruit which grows in an area between Honat to Lasta (KBT)

PAT : AE milk

የላም : አባራሪ yälam abbarari cow chaser?

ሲመ ፡ ነድ lamä nädd herdsman

ለመ፡ ፌጅ lamä fäǧǧ cauldron large enough to cook a cow in; cowbane (see ፍናስ ፡ ፌጅ)

መሲና : ሳም barren cow

Tiuc : AP fat but sterile cow

ባለሳም owner of a cow, cowherd, milkmaid

አንስት ፣ **ላ**ም cow (G)

ከሲታ ፡ ሳም kässita lam skinny, emaciated cow መንድ ፡ ሳም bull (G)

የንጠፈች ፡ ሳም dry cow

ጭርቅ ፡ ያለ ፡ ሳም čərrəqq yalā lam cow which gives milk in driblets

ችችቱ ፡ ሳም cow which gives milk in abundance (ሳም ፡ አሳት ፡ መሰደች ፤ አንዳትልስው ፡ ፌቼት ፤ አንዳትልስው ፡ ፌቼት ፤ አንዳትተው ፡ ልጅሞ ፡ ሆነባት proverb illustrating a dilemma, lit. a cow gave birth to fire. It burned her so she couldn't lick it, it was her offspring so she couldn't abandon it)

(ሳም ፡ አለኝ ፡ በስማይ ፡ መተቷንም ፡ ላሳይ l have herds in the sky but can't get to the milk [said of s.o. who though begging, boasts of owning much property in his homeland])

ሳማም lamam full of cows, rich in cattle

ላማምነት lämamannät quality, condition or state of being full of cows (Ar.)

ስምነት lamannät quality, condition or state of being a cow or of being meek and stupid

ሎመ lomä to be soft (AMQ)

(ውስሉ : ሎሙ his sore is soft [not hard like a boil]) (AMQ)

( পেলেক : কুপ্র-fl soft food) (AMQ)

fruit (Citrus aurantifolia, Citrus var. pusilla); kneecap, cheekbone [zygomatic arch]

(የሎሚ ፡ አጥንት kneccap) (Supp.)

ባሕር : ተማ. bahr lomi grapefruit (Citrus aurantium) (A)

በተረ፡ ሎሚ bäk arä lomi, በክረው፡ ሎሚ bäkräw lomi or በትረው፡ ሎሚ bäträw lomi orange, citrus fruit (C. aurantium)

(የጉልበት : ሎሚ kneccap)

ስመል lamal a touch of, barely, a little (see አመል below)

(ሳመል ፡ ሰጠኝ give me a bit, just a little)

ስመስመ lämällämä to be or become verdant; to

be or become fresh, new, e.g. anğāra-bread; to send out shoots (pruned tree); to prune a tree, cut off the branches [metathesis of mālām-mālā]; to strip the leaves from a branch, e.g. to make a switch; to flourish, prosper, thrive (district originally deserted); to be engendered (offspring), have numerous progeny; to get along (with others), to be gentle (of character or temperament); to be soft, to be pleasant to look at or touch; to have children after having been unable to bear any for awhile

(ስሙ : ይለመልማል his reputation will flourish) ተለመለመ tälämällämä to be pruned as above, to be stripped (branch of leaves)

Ahmhom alämällämä to render verdant, to cause to take root, to revive (rain: wilting plant), to cause to send out shoots, to render numerous (progeny); to soften; to brighten, raise and sustain

(የተከናወኑት ፣ ተግባሮች ፡ የዕድንታችንን ፡
ተስፋ የሚያስመልሙ ፡ ናቸው the projects carried out brighten, raise and sustain hopes for our development)

handlama being verdant, changing from dryness to verdancy, sending out shoots (KBT)

ስመስም lämäläm becoming green (after being dry or wilted); being numerous (progeny)

new (shoot), lush (grass); fertile, verdant; fresh, soft (ənğüra-bread); fem. pers. n.

(ለምስም ፡ ነፋስ gentic breeze, healthful breeze) (KBT)

(ለምስም ፡ ዳባ fresh dabbo-bread)

ለምለም ፡ ጆሮ carlobe

(ከሽመሉ ፡ ለምስም forest, thicket in which šəmäl-staffs are found) (KBT)

ለምስምነት lämlämənnät state or condition of being verdant

ስምላማ lämlamma always verdant, being green (KBT); indecisive; kindhearted (ABMQ)

(plant which was wilted or dry); verdure, foliage (Ar.)

ልምሳሚ lamallami state or condition of being green, verdant, manner of being green (KBT)

A901 simulation greenness of vegetation, verdure, foliage, fertility; softness or freshness (əngära-bread), freshening quality of melted butter or fat (which render dry skin or hide supple), tenderness, softness (of a child's or baby's skin or flesh), succulence (of fruit); sheet of blank paper

(የአአምሮ : ልምላሜ quickness of mind, mental acuity)

AFAF lam(al)lam verdant, fresh, etc. (KBT) AFAFF lamlamanna being green, verdant AFAFT lamlamoš being green, verdant (KBT)

አለምላሚ alämlami (water, etc.) which makes s.th. verdant, green

መለምለሚያ mälämlämiya means or reason for being green, c.g. water, rain, time for being green, e.g. rainy season

አለማለም allämaläm manner of being or becoming green, verdant

ስማልም lämalmo youth, strong young man; Lamalmo, high pass near Dobb Bahr in Gondar Province on the road between Enda Selassie and Gondar

trontron lomalloma to become soft (overripe fruit) (KBT)

ሎምሎም፣ አለ lomlomm alä = lomällomä

Arman lämmämä B to become stained, tartar-covered (teeth); to clean (mud, etc. from a plow-share)

(ጭቃውን ፣ ከማረሻው ፣ ይስምመዋል he cleans the mud from the plow) (Ar.)

A and a lammama to be stained, dirty (teeth)

ተለመመ tälämmämä to be cleaned off as above አሰለመመ aslämmämä to have s.o. clean as above, have a plow, etc. cleaned off

Acor lammama manner of being stained, of having tartar

A 79 leman yellow tartar which forms on the teeth due to fever, discoloration of the teeth; soil adhering to the plowshare

(ልማም ፡ ያዝ to be stained, discolored [teeth]) (ፕርሱ ፡ ልማም ፡ የምላው one who has stained, yellow teeth)

መስመሚያ mälämmämiya means of, place or time for cleaning off the plowshare, etc.

መለመሚያ mällämämiya means of or occasion for being cleaned as above (Ar.)

ማስለመጫያ maslämmämiya means of or occasion for causing or allowing to clean off or be cleaned off (Ar.)

አለማመም allämamän manner of cleaning off as above

ስመም ቲ lämämte worms, vermin

**ሳሜራ lamera** floor of an automobile It. lamiera

ለመበ lämmäsä to become paralyzed, a cripple (AMBQ) (see ልምሾ below)

A MAN lämässäsä to bend down, lay flat (s.th. naturally erect), to flatten [vt], to trample down (people or a flood: grass); to eat up, consume everything; to adhere, become stuck to one another; to drink, swallow at a gulp (Shoan usage) (B)

(ክብት ፣ ንብሱን ፣ ለምስሶታል the livestock have trodden down the barley)

(ጠጕሩን ፣ ለምስታል he has plastered down his hair)

ተሉጮሰብ tälämässäsä to be bent down, trampled down, to bend o.s. down; to go off, run away, run away fast

(ሰው፡ ሁሉ፡ ተለምሰስ everybody went away)

(ጠጕሩ ፡ ተለመሰበ bis hair is plastered down)

አስለመሰበ aslämässäsä to cause or allow to bend down, to have s.th. bent down, etc.

(ክብት ፡ አስለመሰስ he let the cattle trample [the grain])

ለመሰባ lämäsäsa going away completely or for good; gulping down a beverage in quantity (KBT)

ለምሰስ lämäsäs food which has been completely consumed (KBT)

ለምሳሳ lämsassa flattened, trampled down

ስምሳሽ lämsaš place where floodwaters or a crowd has passed, i.e. where everything that grows has been flattened

ልምስስ lamsas trampled, flattened

ልምሰስ ፣ እስ lamsass alä to be trampled, flattened

ተለምሳሽ tälämsaš coward (Ar.); one who departs, goes away and does not look back (KBT) መለምሰሻ mälämsäša means of, place or time for bending down; comb

መስምሰኘ mällämsäša means of, place or time for being bent down

አሰማስስ allämasäs or አስመሳሰስ allämäsasäs manner of bending down, being bent down, etc.

ስመሽ lämäššä to be or become paralyzed, a cripple, to be crippled in the arm(s) or leg(s)

A কেব ləmäša being a cripple (KBT)

ልምሹ lamšu or ልምሾ lamšo paralyzed or crippled as above

ልምኛ ፡ አደረገ ləmšo adärrägä to cripple, render crippled

ልምሾኝት lamšonnät state or condition of being a cripple

ለመሸቀ lämäššäqä to become wet, moist (grain soaked in water), to become soft for eating (peas, ehickpeas or beans); to wring out, to suck (dry)

ለመሽቃ lämäšäqa soaking dried legumes in water (KBT)

ሰመሽቅ lämäšäq legume which has been softened by soaking (KBT)

ሰምፕቲ lämšaqí (legume, etc.) which is moistened by soaking

ሰምሽቃ lämšaqqa soaked (legume as above) (KBT)

ልምሻቂ ləməššaqi = lämšaqqa (KBT)

ልምሻቁ lamaššage soaking as above (KBT)

ልምሽት lam(aš)šaq completely soaked, ready to sprout (KBT)

ልምሽቅ ፡ አለ ləmšəqq alä = lämäššäqä መስምሽ ቂያ mälämšäqiya means for soaking, bringing to the stage of sprouting, e.g. water

bringing to the stage of sprouting, e.g. water (KBT)

47-1 lamba oil lamp, oil for such a lamp Ar.

lamba

(የፋኖስ ፡ ላምባ lantern, bull's-eye lantern)

ሎምቢ lombi a small fish of the kind Jesus Christ fed to the multitude (Matthew 15:34-36)

ሳም (ተት lambut a kind of greens, prob. Amaranthus sylvestris

ሳምብታ lambat(t)a scum floating on the surface of milk or wät-sauce

ለምባዳ lämbadda stammering, stuttering (ለምባዳ ፡ መሬት ravine at the foot of a hill) (KBT)

ስምባዳንት lämbaddannät condition, quality or state of being a stammerer, a stutterer

ልምብድ lambad stammering or stuttering con-

siderably (Ar., KBT)

ልምብድንት labadannät considerable stammer or stutter (Ar.)

ለምበተ ፡ አለ lämbätt alä to give (yield to pressure) slightly, to begin to give, to give way; acquiesce or submit somewhat

ስምበተ ፡ አደረገ lämbäṭṭ adärrägä to bend [vt] a little, cause to yield to pressure somewhat; to subdue, control or govern a little

ስምባባ lämbatta giving a little as above; rather soft; rather submissive; quality or state of yielding, slight softness or submissiveness

ለምባጣንት lämbattannät or ለምባጥንት lämbattannät the quality, condition or state of giving a little; slight softness; slight submissiveness ልምብጥ lambat giving a great deal, very soft, very submissive; the quality of giving a great deal, considerable softness or great submissiveness

ልምብጥነት lambatannät the quality of giving a great deal, considerable softness, great submissiveness

ልምብፕ ፡ አለ lambatt alä to give a great deal, considerably, to give way a great deal

ልምብጥ ፡ አደረን lambatt adärrägä to bend [vt] a great deal, considerably, to subdue a great deal

ልምብጣት ləmbətat = ləmbətənnät

ልምበጥ lambut uncircumcized male; foreskin

ልምብጭ lambač a kind of palm tree (ABMQ)

ሰምቦጭ lämboç lower lip

አህያ ፡ ሰምባጭ ahayya lämboč big-lipped (B) ሰምቦጫም lämbočam having a large lower lip

ሌማት lemat a round basket with a tight-fitting domed lid which is used for keeping or transporting angära-bread, fig. for a large quantity of angära

ልመት lam(m)ät a malady affecting the intestines, liver, lungs or spleen (B, KBT) (see also ላመ, ሰማ)

homita the metal cap and ornamentation affixed to the tip of a scabbard, often a round ball of silver or gold; kneecap

ስሙተገ lämättägä to gnaw (hunger), to have hunger pangs (see ሙተለገ)

ham lämmänä B to beg, entreat, to beseech, to pray (ask), to supplicate, petition, to invoke, to implore, to plead, appeal (for), to urge or request pleadingly; to seek to ascertain the identity of the zar-spirit (balä-zar sorcerer or shaman)

(ምሕረት ፡ ሰሙን he pleaded for elemency, begged for forgiveness)

ስሙናት lämmänat to try to persuade a woman to grant her favors

ስማመን lämammänä to beg a great deal, beg here and there; to seek to ascertain the identity of the zar-spirit

tälämmänä to be begged, entreated, to receive or accept a request or plea, to be asked for grain (threshers at the threshing floor); to answer a prayer (God)

(ይሰሙንኝ yəllämänuňň grant me [my request], please consent, lit. be entreated by me)

(አግዚአብሔር ፡ በንፍስ ፡ በሥጋችን ፡ አይለሙንን may God not listen to our prayers neither in Heaven nor here [on earth]) (oath)

(ይሀ ፣ አሀል ፣ የተለመነ ፣ ነው this grain was obtained by begging)

(ይህ: ከተማ: የተለመነ: ነው this town is charitable, it gives to beggars) (G)

ተላሙን tälammänä to intercede with (with ለ lä-) on behalf of, for, to be a go-between

(መምበሩን ፡ ተሳምንውስት ፡ ሔዱ they [or he, pol. pl.] interceded for him with the judge and went away)

1'4'7'm' tälämammänä to petition, request after offering gifts of several kinds; to ask for pardon, request reconciliation; to accept requests or pleas from one another; to summon a zarspirit after offering presents

(መምበሩን ፡ አንዲስማመንለት ፡ ሔዳ they [or he, pol. pl.] went to intercede for him with the judge)

አስመን alämmänä to grant, give (s.th. to a beggar or to one who asks or entreats)

(ይህ ፡ አገር ፡ ለተማሪ ፡ አያስምንም this district does not give [food alms] to [traditional church] scholars)

**A4000** aliammänä to help to beg, to second s.o.'s entreaty; to help to intercede; to cause to beg or ask each other, e.g. for pardon, forgiveness; to cause to beg

(ዓለም ፡ ወዳጅን ፡ አይወድም ፡ ታሬና ፡ ብስል ፡ ያሳምናል the world does not like its friend, it makes him [who was once rich] beg raw and cooked [grain])

አስጣሙን allämammänä = allammänä; to give a little (to a beggar) (G); to cause to intercede አስሰሙን aslämmänä to cause or allow to beg, interceded with, etc.

ሰማኝ lämmaň beggar, mendicant (us. one who begs food or grain)

(ሰማኝ ፡ 4ያራ lämmaň sayara early in the morning)

ለማኝነት lämmaňənnät state or condition of being a beggar

ለማና läm(m)ana one who is petitioned, entreated

A or I ammäna begging, entreating; request, supplication, plea, solicitation, prayer requesting intercession

ልማኝ lamman thing obtained by begging (KBT)

A \$77 lamman grain or other obtained by begging (KBT, AYMQ)

ልምናት lemmenat act of or manner of begging, making an entreaty or a supplication (KBT)

ተለማኝ tälämmaň one who accepts an entreaty, gives to beggars

ተለማማኝ tälämaman one who seeks s.o.'s intercession, petitioner, person who annoys by repeatedly requesting things, one who makes offerings to the zar-spirit

ተለማማኝነት tälämamaňňannät state or condition of being a petitioner

አላማኝ allamañ one who helps beg, helps to seek intercession

አለማማኝ allämamaň = allamaň

አስሰማኝ aslämmaň one who has s.o. beg, entreat, who has s.th. or s.o. begged

መስመኛ mälämmäňa bag, wallet or satchel (in which items obtained by begging are kept); prayer of intercession, plea; place where one begs, e.g. village, banquet, threshing floor

(መስመኛ : አጣ to be dirt poor)

or hor i mällämäňa reason for accepting a plea, a beggar's request (AYMQ)

መስማመኝ mällämamäňa gift given by onc seeking someone's intercession, means for interceding with or placating the zar, c.g. blood sacrifice of a chicken, sheep, etc.

መላመኛ mällamäňa small donation; quietus ማላመኛ mallamäňa means, reason for helping to beg

ማለማምኛ mallämamäňa = mallamäňa

ማስሰመኛ maslämmäňa time or place for having s.o. beg

አለማሙን allämamän manner of begging or being begged, etc.

ለማን läman(n) for whom? (sec ላ, ማን)

(ሰማን ፡ አዝና colloquial name for Venus, lit. for whom [is] she sorry?)

ለምን läman why (see ለ, ምን)

ሳሚና lamina lake, sea (KBT)

ላውና lamuna specimen, sample (see also ኖውና)

ለምነት lämannät fertility (of soil) (see ለማ)

ሳምንት lamnät cowhide mat (see ሳም)

ሎሚኖት lominat lemonade; tip of the scimitar scabbard (B)

ለምንድር lämandar why? (see ምንድር)

ለምንድን läməndən why? (see ምንድን)

\*Am7 - +Am77 tälämaňňä to wheedle, cajole, to coax s.o. by giving him alms or s.th. he likes, to give a sick person food (in order to help him get better) (KBT)

Anh lämäkkäkä to smear, anoint, plaster over, to cover or seal with a coat of some viscous liquid; to put the blame on s.o. else, make excuses + hoh tälämäkkäkä to be besmeared, covered as above; to have the blame put on one hoh lämäkäka putting butter, pomade, etc. on the hair

ለምካኪ lämkaki one who puts butter, etc. in his hair, one who has his hair anointed with butter ለምካካ lämkakka butter, etc. used in anointing the hair; s.th. cooked until it is very soft (KBT) ልምካኪ lamakkaki oiled or anointed as above ልምካኪ lamakkake oiling or anointing as above (KBT)

ልምክክ lamkak oiled, anointed

Aምክክ : አለ lamkakk alä to be besmirched, besmeared, oiled, anointed, to be plastered, covered as above, to be stuck or glued tightly Aምክክሽ lamkakoš oiling, anointing as above Aምክክት lamak(k)akat amount of butter, etc. put on the hair; heing boiled until it is very soft (nafro-pudding) (KBT)

ውስምከኪያ mäłämkäkiya means for oiling or anointing as above

አለመካከከ allämäkakäk manner of anointing, etc.

And lämmäzä to twist fibers together, to spin (cotton for making thread) (AYMQ)

\*AmHori - AAmHori almäzämmäzä to have intestinal cramps, pains or twinges, to throb (painful wound); to ponder, mull over

አልመዝማዥ almäzmaž one who has an upset stomach (because what he ate disagrees with bim)

ማልመዝመዢያ malmäzmäžiya means for twisting as above, e.g. hand, fingers

А9°47 lamzan a kind of layered ənğära-bread (AYMQ)

A mit lämäzzägä to pinch hard, pinch by holding soft flesh between the thumb and forefinger and twisting; to twist, spin (thread) by twisting

ተለመዘን tälämäzzägä to be pinched as above, to pinch o.s.

ተሰማዘገ tälämazzägä to pinch each other as above

አለማዘገ allämazzägä to help to pinch

ለመዘጋ lämäzäga pinching as above

ሰምበግ lämäzäg one who was pinched as above

ለምዛጊ lämzagi one who pinches as above

ለምዛጋ lämzagga = lämäzäg

ልምዘን ləmzäga pinching as above, hard pinch

ልምዛጊ ləməzzagi = lämäzäg (KBT)

ልምባኔ lamazzage mark or welt made by such a pinch (KBT)

ልምዝባ lamzag pinched as above

ልምዝግ ፡ አለ lamzagg alä to he sticky, adhesive (mud)

ልምዝባ ፡ አደረን ləmzəgg adärrägä to pinch hard

ልምዝጋት lam(az)zagat manner of pinching መለግዘጊያ mällämazägiya reason, etc. for pinching one another

ውስምዘጊያ mälämzägiya means for pinching as above, e.g. thumb and index finger

አለማዘግ allämazäg or አለመዛዘግ allämäzazäg manner of pinching or being pinched as above

ለመይቲ lämäyte not at all, never, on no account (አስከ ፡ ለመይቲው ፡ አንገናኝም we will never

meet again)

A PR lämmädä to be or become accustomed (to), to adopt habits, get used to, get into the habit, be habituated, get acclimated (to); to learn, study, review (studies), to become skilled in doing a task; to become tame(r), to be tamed; to make a lämd (AYMQ)

ለመደች lämmädäčč to get along with her husband

ስምደብኝ lämmädäbbəňň it's a bad habit I've got

Arker lamädäw a large salt block (amole) the size of two ordinary ones; new servant who has not yet been trained (Gondare usage) (B), lit. get used to it

(ARA PSU aylmädəh don't let it happen again!)

(አማርኛ ፡ ለምደዋል he [Abuna Salama] learned Amharie)

(A足Aデエラデ aylämdäňňəmm 1 won't make this mistake again)

ስምዶ ፡ ዝሳይ a leaping game played by country girls at Easter and Christmas

(hic: has a he has gotten used to the country, has become acclimatized)

(ጽራት ፡ ስመደ he has learned to write well, is skilled in writing)

A man. Limanmada to become somewhat accustomed, become accustomed a great deal, to begin to be accustomed; begin to learn; begin to become tame(r) (Ar.)

(በቅሎዋ ፣ ለማምዳለች the mule has become a little less shy)

ተስምደ tälämmädä to be in usc, current, to be customary, usual; to be studied, grasped, understood (lesson); to be used; to be sociable, popular, hospitable

(ይህ ፡ ንግግር ፡ ይለመዳል this pronunciation is in use, is common)

የተለመደ yätälämmädä accustomed, habitual, familiar, customary, usual; ordinary; characteristic (habitual); common, normal, e.g. temperature; natural (voice); regular (price)

(የተሰመደው ፡ አስተያየት the usual, customary viewpoint)

(እንደተለመደው as [is] usual, customary, as a matter of course)

(ከተለመደው ፣ የወጣ irregular, unusual, abnormai) ያልተለመደ yaltälämmädä extraordinary, unusual, abnormal, e.g. behavior; anomalous

rams. tälammädä to adjust o.s., adapt o.s., to get accustomed; to get along with one another, to become familiar, friendly with each other, be close to one another (two friends)

ተለማመደ tälämammädä to be used a little, to be occasionally in use (Ar.); to familiarize o.s., to be acquainted (with a task); to practice, rehearse (a play); to begin to get used to one another

(ሻጨን : ከተለማመድኩት ፡ በኋላ after I had gotten on familiar terms with the clerk . . . )

hhas alämmädä to tame, domesticate; to teach, instruct, to guide, to inform (KBT); to accustom, familiarize with s.th. (G. Supp.)

አስማምደ alämammädä to train or tame to some extent

**አሳ**መ**ደ** allammädä to accustom, to familiarize, acquaint (with one another); cause to get along with one another; to domesticate, tame

አስማመደ allämammädä to accustom, acclimatize; to exercise [vt], e.g. horses; to accustom a little, render a little tame(r)

ትስስሙያ. aslämmädä to cause or allow to become accustomed; to cause or allow to learn or be learned; to accustom; to cause or allow to become tame(r)

እቃ ፡ አስሰመደ to treat a new earthenware vessel for use

(ጽፌት ፡ አስሰምዴው he familiarized him with or taught him writing)

ስመዳ lämäda manner of being accustomed, habituated

ስምድ : አለ lämädd alä to become somewhat accustomed, become accustomed a great deal, to begin to be accustomed; begin to learn; begin to become tamc(r)

ስማጅ lämağ one who gets used to s.th. quickly, learner

hand tame, tamed, docile, accustomed, domesticated (animal)

(ሰማዳ ፡ አደረገ to domesticate)

(ሰማዳ ፡ እንስሳ domesticated animal, pet)

ለማዳንት lämmadannät tameness, docility

ATE lamad acquaintance, habituation (Ar.); custom, habit, usage, practice, routine, way (custom), manner, convention (set way of doing things); food, drink, tobacco, chat, etc. for which one develops an addiction; verbal prefix,

c.g. a-, an-, as-, astä-, tä-, tän-

(ልጣዱን : አደረስ to indulge one's habit)

(ATR: UTC local custom or practice)

ልማደ : ስብት ləmadā säb' human act(s), actions, carnal desires

(ልማደ: ስብአ : ፌዴመ to do the things humans do, consummate fleshly desires [translation may vary with context])

ልጣደ ፡ እንስሳ ləmadä ənsəsa act(s) of animals (ልጣደ ፡ እንስሳን ፡ ፌዴም to act like an animal [translation may vary with context])

(ብሔራዊ ፡ ልማድ traditional practice or custom) (KBT)

(የሥራ ፡ አመራር ፡ ልማድ managerial experience)

(የአጎር : ልማድ local custom or practice)

(ጥንተ ፡ ልማድ body) (KBT)

ATLY lamadañña chronic, customary, habitual, one who is habituated to s.th. or does s.th. habitually; vicious, dissipated (Supp.)

A 988 lamadawi habitual, normal, traditional

(ግብር ፣ ልማዳዊ customary, habitual act or action) (KBT)

ልምድ lamd usage, habit; experience; s.th. known, studied, customary

(AFR: ! ! A experienced, seasoned [troops])
AFAQ lamdawi normal, empirical (ncol.)

(ልምጻዊ ፡ ሕግ empirical law) (neol.)

ልምደኛ lamdäňňa hardened (criminal)

ልምድ ፡ አለ lammadd alä to be or become accustomed to a great extent (Ar.)

ልምምድ lamammad exercise (military), maneuvers (military), drill, practice; experience (ልምምድ ፡ አደረገ to train, drill)

4-ሰማጅ tälämağ one who becomes easily accustomed

(ትሊማጅ : ሰው a sociable, popular person)

ተለምዶ tälämdo custom, habit የተለምዶ yätälämdo common, normal

(የተለምዶ ፡ ነሄይ habitual method or practice) ተላማጅ tälamağ one who is easily ac-

climatized, who makes friends easily ተለማማጅ tälämamağ apprentice, trainee አሳማጅ allamağ one who accustoms, trainer

አለማማጅ allämamağ one who accustoms አልማጅ almağ one who tames, instructs

አስላማድ aslämmag = almag

ത്ര mällämäğa means for being used, etc. (Ar.)

ক্রমক্স mällamäğa means for becoming acquainted

 $\hat{m{\sigma}}$ ្រស្នា $m{\sigma}$ ្រស្នា mällämamäğa = mällamäğa

malmäga means of, place or time for being ot becoming accustomed; means, place or time for studying, school exercise

(ኢላማ ፡ መልመቹ target practice)

প্রকার mallamäğa means for accustoming, familiarizing

ማለማመኝ mallämamäğa = mallamäğa

TAOR malmäga means for training, teaching, instucting, familiarizing, informing

ማስስመኝ maslämmäga means for breaking in s.th., e.g. a new pot, or for getting s.o. used to doing s.th.

አለጣመድ allämamäd manner of being or becoming accustomed, getting habituated, etc.

ስምድ lämd sheepskin cloak or ornate ceremonial garment of velvet and gold brocade which may also have a lion's mane or panther skin attached to the shoulders and which is worn by persons of status; leather or hide backpack for carrying a baby (AYMQ)

(ስምድ ፡ አውጣ to make a lämd-garment)

(ከቀንጫ : ለምድ : ያወጣል he makes a *lämd* from a flea [said of s.o. who finds fault with everything])

(P>HA: AAPS: P-PAH: AUS: that which is carried in the lämd [i.e. a baby], that which is conceived in the belly, i.e. everyone, including babes in arms and pregnant women)

ለምደኛ lämdäñña one who wears or has a lämd; a lämd-like garment worn about the shoulders

A \*\*\* A lam(m) eda wooden shovel used for tossing the trampled grain on the threshing floor; bigfooted (person)

ሳሜያ: Jamed the Hebrew letter 🧦

Acos lamädäw a large amole-salt block (see Acos above)

har 17 lämäggägä to stammer, stutter, be slow in speaking; to taste bitter, taste bad, be hard to swallow (bitter medicine); to be viscous, drip in filaments (Supp.)

rhayrr tälämaggägä to be weak, feeble; to be slow (due to age), to be semile; not to want to die (old man) (B); to talk at length about s.th.,

to be boring, repetitious in talking; to be linked to each other by a relationship (AYMQ)

**Am7.9 lämägäga** stammering, stuttering; beating about the bush regarding s.th. bad, not saying it outright

ለመንግ lämägäg one who stutters; bitter tasting ሰም ጋጊ lämgagi one who stutters, stammers

**A9°.2.2 lämgagga** bitter or bad tasting; slow-speaking, boring (speaker) (Supp.)

ተለማ ጋጊ tälämagagi one who is boring or repctitious in talking (KBT); one who drags himself along (B)

Arm lämmätäl B to stroke, to caress (Ar.); to strop, sharpen; to smooth, to smeat, grease, to daub; to bend [vt], bow [vt]; to beat, thrash (with a stick, cudgel or elbow), to whip, lash, flog; to subdue; to be conceited, puffed up; to heat food on the griddle; to drink to excess; to be slow (AYMQ); to be about to bend or fall due to a weight (B)

(ምን ፡ ይለም ተሃል why are you so conceited?)
(ለምጡ ፡ ንዛ to subdue, rule with an iron hand)
(ምሳሱን ፣ ለመጠ to speak fair words while hiding hostile feelings) (G)

(በቅቤ ፡ ሰምጠው smear it with grease)

(እሳት ፡ ሣሩን ፡ ሰሙጠው the fire utterly consumed the grass) (Ar.)

(\*\*\*) : \* \text{Arman he [deceitfully] spoke fair words, flattered, deceived) (Ar.)

(ድመት ፡ ፌቴን ፡ ለመጠ the cat washed its face) (ጀርባውን ፡ ለመጠ he bent his back)

Arammätä to stroke a little, somewhat, to stroke a great deal, caress considerably (Ar.); to bend somewhat; sharpen or strop somewhat

them tälämmätä to be stroked or caressed, to stroke o.s. (Ar.); to be bent, to bend [vi], become bowed, to bend under the weight of s.th.; to be limber, flexible (branch); to be insincere; to be conceited; to cajole, deceive; to be sharpened (razor as above); to be greased, daubed, etc.; to be spread on the ground; to lie down; to be idle instead of working (B)

የሚለመጥ yämmillämmät fimber (branch)

thom tälammätä to be chewed, masticated; to bow to one another (ABMQ)

ተለማመጠ tälämammätä to keep on bending o.s., bowing; to carcss (Ar.); to cajole, wheedle, coax, entreat (politely); to flatter, to seek

to gain s.o.'s favor, to give money to bribe or to sway s.o.; to be obsequious, beg in a servile manner, to cringe

hhom alämmätä to sneer (at), deride, mock, make fun of; to look at askance; to greet, pay compliments to (Ar.); to be disobedient; to cause leprosy, render leprous (AYMQ); to bend, bow or curve [vt] (AMBQ); to slow down [vi] in working

(በምሳሱ ፡ ያለምጣል to stick the tongue out at s.o.)

(ms: hhom n to appear [flower of the tef-plant])

አሳመጠ allammätä to chew (repeatedly), to masticate, to munch on s.th.; to slander, backbite; to bend [vt]

(ነገርን: አዳምጥ ! አህልን: አላምጦ one should act after listening attentively, one should swallow after chewing, i.e. look before you leap)

አላምጠው ፣ የተፉት scorned and despised

ለውንተን፣ አላመጠው säwnätun allammäṭäw to be ali shaken up

አሰማመጠ allämammätä to chew slightly, to keep on chewing; to help to cajole, entreat

አስሰሙጠ aslämmätä to cause or allow to stroke or be stroked (Ar.); to have s.o. hend s.th., have s.th. bent or bowed; to have s.th. stropped, sharpened or rendered smooth

^ r lämmät daubing, smearing

ለመጥ ፡ አለ lämmätt alä to bend, stoop, crouch; to be or become rather flexible or limp; to stroke o.s., be stroked (Ar.)

(ሰምዋ ፡ ብሏል he/it crouched)

ለሙጥ ፣ አደርን lämmätt adärrägå to bend [vt] slightly, to thrash s.o.

Λ ΤΗ lämma cone who bows, bends; one who daubs; arrogant, conceited who walks with a rolling gait

ልብለን ፣ ለማጭ ironer (laundry)

**A991** lämmatta flattering, insincere, deceitful, do-nothing; weak, feeble; flat, broad, flat foot, bowed, curved, e.g. a roof

ለማጣ ፡ ሴት conceited woman who has a rolling gait

ለማጣንት lämmattannät quality of being flattering; insincerity, deceitfulness

ስሙጥ ፡ ላሙጥ ፡ አለ lamäṭṭ lamäṭṭ alä to chew a little or too much; cause to crackle between one's tecth (B)

Aசு diammäta flex (neol.)

A my lammut smooth, polished; plain, without embellishment, sämma-garment lacking a colored stripe along the hem; tartar which is visible along the gum (KBT)

A one of a flow plain borolle-bottle having a smooth surface

ልሙጥ ፡ ብረት shect iron

ልሙ ጥ ፡ እቃ lammut aya harness made of very soft leather (B)

ልሙጥ : ዕንጨት a smooth piece of wood

ልሙጉ : አገልግል agälgəl-basket of white akərma-grass [which may or may not be covered with leather]

A MTC cartridge pouch the flap of which is sewed inside (Supp.)

ያ.ን.ን ዩ ፡ ልሙ ጥ smooth, slippery stone

ፊተ ፡ ልሙጥ having a frank, open face

ልሙ የንት lammutannät smoothness, plainness ልም t lammat bent, bowed, curved; plaster coating

APT: An lemmett alä to be or become very flexible or limp, to bend [vi] suddenly, to bend [vi], stoop or crouch; to stroke o.s., be stroked (Ar.); to be bent, bowed, curved; to bend under a weight, be about to fall

ልም ተ ፡ ልም ተ ፡ አለ lammatt lammatt alä to be limp, to wobble, be shaky, unsteady; to walk with a rolling gait (B)

AFFT lamammat wheedling, coaxing, caioling

ልምጣት lammatat manner of bending, bowing, inclining; flexure (neol.); stropping (a razor)

ተሰማው tälämmač flexible (stick); one who is conceited, puffed up, who struts or swaggers ተሰማማው tälämamač subservient, obsequious (ተሰማማው ፣ አልማው one who curries favor, seeks to ingratiate himself [us. by being a talebearer])

ተለማማጭነት tälämamačənnät obsequiousness

አላማም allamaç one who chews, masticates አልጣም almaç one who mocks, sticks out his tongue, deceitful; one who slows down at work አልጣምነት almaçannät state or condition of being a mocker, of being disobedient

happy almost one who mocks, derides, mocker

መስሙጫ mälämmäča means for bending, making bowed, means of stroking (Ar.); means

for stropping, sharpening, e.g. whetstone, strop mallämäça means of or occasion for being stroked (Ar.); reason for being bowed or bent; reason for being conceited, for swaggering

መስማውጫ mällämamäča means for coaxing, wheedling, e.g. bribe

ማሳመጫ mallamäça means for chewing, e.g. jaw

് തരു malmäča means for mocking, deriding

\*71)\(\hat{n} = \text{maslämmäča}\) means for making s.th. bend, bow, e.g. burden, heavy stone, pole; means for bending s.th., e.g. hammer

አለማውጥ allämamät manner of stroking or being stroked (Ar.); manner of bending

\*ሰመጠ - አሳማጣ Alamața town in Wollo 1225N 3933 E

ስመጠ lämmäţä<sup>11</sup> to become a leper (B)

ለምጥ lämt leprosy

ባለ፡ ለምጥ leper

↑ ¶ n lämţo horse which has a white nose and muzzle

ሰምጣም lämtam leprous, leper

ለምጣምነት lämtamennät leprous condition or state

\*Amanan - Amanan tälmätämmätä to be chewed continually, at length; to agree together, be reconciled; to keep on being or becoming flexible or limp, be or become flexible or limp here and there; to stagger (person carrying a heavy load)

(የጥይት ፡ ላጥን ፡ አሸክሞ ፡ ወደ ፡ ዓዲ ፡ ጋባ ፡ አየተልመጠመጠ ፡ አቃንቶ ፡ ተጓዘ being made to carry a box of ammunition, he headed for Addi Gaba, sraggering [under this heavy load])

ly, at length, to work one's mouth as if chewing; to keep on rendering flexible or limp, render flexible or limp here and there; to eat little, pick at one's food; to lick the lips

(አፋን ፡ ያልመጠምጣል he works his mouth as if he were chewing)

from drowsiness), to be bent, crooked (KBT); to chew a little, to munch (B); = λωσηση (Ar.); to be flexible (inf.)

(እንጀራውን ፡ ልምጥምጥ ፡ ይለዋል he chews his

bread at length) (Ar.)

ልምጥምጫ lamatmačča obsequious, begging for a favor

(በልም**ኮምጫ ፡ አቄላ**መጠ to flatter obsequiously) (KBT)

አለመጣሙን alimäṭamäṭ (አልመጣሙን alimäṭamäṭ – Ar.) manner of being chewed continually or of chewing continually (Ar.)

ልሙ ተሙጥ : አለ lamnimuti alä to chew repeatedly, be heard (chewing sound)

ለመጠጠ lämättätä to bend down, lay flat (s.th. normally upright) (Ar.); to scald, burn, to burn up, consume completely (fire); to switch, whip, to spread out [vt]; to occupy, take up much land, an extensive field or plain (KBT); to cut and put on the ground; to be burned over (ground covered with brush and dry grass) (B) (አሳት : ለመጠጠው the fire utterly consumed it) (ጉራይውን : መዝው : ጆሮ : ግንዴ : ሥር : በአመግጠት : ከፊታቸው ተደፋ when he drew his sword and dealt bim a hard blow on the side of his head, he fell down before him)

**Thoman tälämättätä** to be bent down, laid flat, to lie flat; to be wide, extensive, broad (plain) (KBT); to be burned; to be whipped or switched; to run fast, rapidly (Supp.)

የተሰምሰብ yätälämättätä broad, wide, extensive (land); burned, whipped

ተለማጠጠ tälämattätä to whip or switch each other

አስሰመጠጠ aslämättätä to let or allow to burn, be burned up; to cause or allow to bend down or be bent down; to have s.o. switch or whip, have s.o. switched or whipped; to have s.th. be broad ሰመጠጣ lämätäta whipping, burning or scalding (KBT)

horn T lämätät spread out, laid out, extensive plot of land; burned or scorched part of the body; burned-over ground (KBT)

ለምጣጥ ፡ አለ lämtätt alä to lie rather flat, part or some of to lie flat, begin to lie flat (Ar.)

ሰምጣጭ lämtač one who whips

ስምጣጣ lämtatta burned or scorched part of the body; broad field or plain (KBT)

**ልም** ም lamtat broad (land); burned or scorched (part of the body)

Aምንን ፡ እስ lamtatt alä to hang down (hair), not be bushy; to be burned (Ar.)

(መችሩ ፡ ልም ምጥ ፡ ብሏ A his hair lies flat, is not

bushy)

(ልም ተጉ ፡ ያለ ፡ ፍሪዳ a sleek bullock) (inf.)

ልምጥ፣ አደረን lamtatt adärrägä in ሲጃራውን። ልምጥጥ፣ አድርጎ፣ ሳበው he took a deep draft on his cigarette

ልምተጣት lamtatat manner of burning, scalding, of whipping (KBT)

ምስግጠጫ mällämatäča means for, time of whipping each other, e.g. Buhe

መስምጠጫ mälämtäča means of, place or time for bending down, for burning or whipping, e.g. fire, whip

መስም m mällämtäça means of, time for being bent down (Ar.)

አለመጣጠዋ allämäṭaṭäṭ or አስግጠዋ allämaṭäṭ manner of whipping

A Par lammae a kind of bush from which twigs for use as toothbrushes are cut (Clausena anisata) (Ar.); bush with edible fruit (Ekebergia capensis) (Westphal); twig for brushing the teeth; limber branch, flexible stick (see hamm, hama)

(ልምጭ። አይነካሽ a cut of meat)

**የተመጨ lomäččä** to become overripe (fruit), to go bad (fruit)

ሎምጫ lomça overripe and soft (fruit) (እንኳይ ፡ ሎምጫ ፡ ሆነ the ənk"ay-fruit is ripe) (inf.)

ក់ចារកា lämäččäsä to lie flat (s.th. normally upright); to be or become rheumy, have an exndate (eye)

አስለም ጨበ aslämäččäsä to cause to allow to lie flat; to cause or allow to be or become rheumy (Ar.)

ስም ጨስ ፡ አለ lämçäss alä to lie rather flat, part of to lie flat, begin to lie flat; to be or become rather rheumy

ስምሜሳ lämeessa lying rather flat; rather rheumy; state or condition of lying rather flat; quality of being rather rheumy, slight rheuminess

(ጠጉረ ፡ ሰምሜሳ rather smooth-haired)

(ዓይን ፡ ለምጫሳ rather rheumy-eyed)

ስምጫሳኝት lämeassannät quality, condition or state of lying rather flat; quality of being rather rheumy, slight rheuminess

APPA lamças lying very flat; very rheumy; quality, condition or state of lying very flat;

quality of being very rheumy, considerable rheuminess

ልም ምስንት lamçasannät quality, condition or state of lying very flat; quality of being very rheumy, considerable rheuminess

ልም ጭስ ፡ አስ lamçass alla to lie very flat; to be or become very rheumy

ልም ጥሳት ləmčəsat = ləmčəsənnät (Ar.) መስም ጨሻ mälämčäša means of, place or time for lying flat (Ar.)

አስማሙስ allämačäs or አስምጫጨስ allämäčačäs manner of lying flat or being rheumy (Ar.)

ስመጨቀ lämäččäqä to be muddy, to be soggy, sticky (undercooked anǧära-bread)

homen. Imaccaqa being muddy, being sticky, doughy (undercooked bread) (KBT)

ስምጨቅ lämäčäq s.th. which is sticky, doughy ስምጨቅ lämčäq moist, marshy soil which provides good pasturage for sheep

AP 4. lamačćaqi = lämäčäq (KBT)

ልምጭት lamčaq marshy or muddy soil

ልምጭት ፡ ልምጭት ፡ አስ lamčaqq lamčaqq alä to be sticky, doughy (undercooked bread)

መስምጨቂያ mälämčäqiya reason or time for being muddy, miry, e.g. rainy season

## ልምጭት lamaččat flagella (neol.)

Λουσω lämäččäčä to hend [vt], to plaster down; to be extremely sour, tart; to be sticky, doughy (badły cooked bread)

talamaççaçã to be bent, to be plastered down, to lie flat, e.g. hair; to be or become pliant, flexible, to bend [vi]; to be closed (eyes) (inf.)

አስለመጨመ aslämäččäčä to cause or allow to bend or be bent (Ar.)

ர்சை lämäčäč sour, tart (KBT)

ስም ጨጥ ፡ እስ lämčäčč alä to be or become rather pliant, to bend a little (Ar.)

ልምም ፡ አስ ləməčč alä to be sticky, doughy (badly cooked bread) (TA)

App p lamçaç plastered down, half-closed (eye) (inf.)

ልምምም ፡ ሳቁ lamçaç saqu crooked smile ልምምም ፡ አስ lamçaç sala to be or become very pliant, flexible, to bend considerably (Ar.); to be sticky, doughy (badly cooked bread)

(ልምጭ ፡ ብሏል it is pliant) (Ar.)

màllämcäça means of, time or place for being bent (Ar.)

አስማጨዋ allämačäč or አስመጫጨዋ allämäčačäč manner of bending, being bent, etc. (Ar.)

ስም ዩኔ lämpäne or ለም ፖኔ lämpäne throne for monarchs, princes of the realm or the high nobility (KBT) (obs.)

ስምጽ läms leprosy (see ሰምጥ above)

ሳምሩ lamfa, pl. occ. ሳምፎች lamfočč husk, leaf which grows from the joint of a stem, e.g. sorghum, maize, bamboo, fig. weak, feeble person (see ላንሩ)

(የፊት ፡ ላምፋ aloc leaf)

ላም ፓ lampa lamp, lantern, var. of ሳምባ

A. Lire lira (Italian currency) It.

**An.** läs(s)e a small, wheaten bread (Gondare usage)

ስለ : አለ läss alä to be or become tepid, lukewarm; to be soft, to be flattened (grass by a flooded stream) (B)

ስሰታ lässata tepidity (ሰሰታ ፡ ቅቤ fresh butter)

ዋፊ ፡ ሳስ to be slapped

ላሰ lasä to lick, lick clean; to wipe clean; to burn, scald, consume (fire), to burn off [vt] (fire); to depilate, make bald

(ከዚያ ፡ ወዲያ ፡ አፍንጫህን ፡ ላስ ፡ አልኩት after that, I told him to go to the devil)

(ይልሰው ፣ ይቀምሰው ፣ የስው be is dirt poor) መሬት ፡ ላስ to be obsequious, lit. to lick dirt

አሳት ፡ የላስ asat yälasä glib, very smart, clever ተላስ tälasä to be licked, licked off, licked clean; to be burned up; to lose the hair, go bald ተሰሳሱ tälälasu to lick one another (Gojjame usage)

ers); to be close friends, very intimate; to be blown away, scattered (flour); to be superficially affectionate, praise or flatter one another

የሚላላሲ ፣ የሚቀመስ yämmillalas yämmiqqämäs food

(ቀስም : ተላላስ the ink [writing] came off, left marks on the page [or object] that came in con-

tact with it)

han alasa to give s.o. to lick, give a taste of (honey, salt); to feed salt to livestock; to mix together; to add honey to strong tägg-mead, to sweeten (s.th. sour or unpalatable); to warm cold water by adding hot water

(ማር: አላስ to add honey to täǧǧ-mead [when it is too strong])

(ቀለም : አሳስ to cross out with ink a letter in an effaced portion of a book)

(በስድብ ፣ አላስ to insult roundly)

(በበርበሬ ፡ አላስ to season with bärbärrepepper)

(በዋል። አላሰው to give s.o. a hard slap, slap s.o. hard)

(ድፍድፍ : አላሰ to add must to weak beer)

እሳሳስ allalasä to cause to kiss each other; to cause or allow flour to blow away

(ቀስም : አላላስ to let ink blot a page, e.g. by turning the page before the ink has dried)

\*\*AAAA aslassi to cause or allow to lick, have s.th. licked; to cause or allow to blot as above; to have s.o. sweeten, have s.th. sweetened; to make s.o. kiss the ground (act of humiliation)

(የአዳሜን : ቂጥ ፣ ምን ፣ ያስልላል what makes [one] lick a person's behind? i.e. makes him utterly obsequious)

መራት: አስላስ to demcan, humiliate, disgrace ላሽ laš or ላሽ laši one who licks; ringworm, tinea; allopecia; small lizard believed to cause baldness by licking a sleeping person's head ቲጥ: ላሽ qit laš bootlicker

ላሽት lašit or ላሽታ lašata lizard credited with causing baldness, var. of laš

ላሉ ፡ አደረገ lass adärrägä to lap up, to lick clean; to destroy utterly, e.g. locusts, fire; to burn off [vt] (brush, grass), to suck blood

(አላት : ሜካውን : ላሰ : አደረገው the fire burned up the brush completely)

An los licked, what is obtained by licking, lapping; duties, obligations of condolence for a dead relative (see also Ann)

(An: ham to perform the duties or obligations of condolence) (Supp.)

ልሶሽ ləsoš licking, lapping (KBT)

እትሽ alaš one who gives salt to the livestock, e.g. herdsman, groom; one who sweetens s.th. by adding honey

መላሰ mälas or ምላሰ malas tongue, catch (of a belt buckle), tongue (of land)

ምላሱን ፡ አላሙ to stick out one's tongue [mocking gesture] (G)

ምሳሱን : ሰቀቀ to be a chatterbox, speak incessantly

ምሳሱን ፡ አስረዘመ to talk a lot, be a windbag

ምላሱን ፣ ስበሰበ to hold one's tongue, keep quiet

ምላሱ : ታሰረ to keep quiet, be silent

ምሳሱ ፡ ተሳሰረ to become tongue-tied (inf.)

ምሳሱን : ጐለጐስ to stick out one's tongue (jeeringly)

ምሳሰ ፡ ብቻ talkative, jabberer

ምሳሰ ዘንዶ big-tongued, talkative (B)

ምሳሰ ፣ ጎዳ taciturn, silent

መሳሰ ፣ ቈላፋ tongue-tied

ምላስ : ዱልዱም one who speaks slowly, who speaks a foreign language poorly; stammerer (Supp.)

ምላለ ፡ ዱምዱም məlasä dumdum = ምላለ ፡ ዱልዱም

ምላሰ: ጥቅር məlasä təqur one whose curse takes effect (properly attributed to one who has black spots on his tongue)

ከምላሰ፣ ጠጉር ፣ ንቀስ käməlas tägur näqqälä to find fault with s.o. or s.th. that is faultless

(የምላሰ ፡ ቋት gossip, windbag)

ትልቅ ፡ ምላስ ፡ አለ(ው) to have a sharp tongue ተዋጊ ፡ ምላስ ፡ አለ(ው) to have a sharp tongue ጠንቀኛ ፡ ምላስ ፡ አለ(ው) to have a sharp tongue (ኖሴት ፡ ምላስ fern) (AI.)

የትህያ ፡ ምላስ cunning liar, troublemaker (B, KBT)

(የ)ውፕ ፡ ምላሴ a kind of thorny creeper (KBT) (የ)ፍየል ፡ ምላስ (yä)fəyyäl məlas chatterbox, talkative person

ምሳሳም məlasam one who speaks rapidly, chatterbox, windbag

ምሳሰኛ məlasäňňa long-tongued, talkative ምሳሰኛነት məlasäňňannät talkativeness, loquacity

malasa means of, place or time for licking, tongue

መሳሻ mällaša means of, place or time for being licked

መላሾ mäl(l)ašo salt given to cattle to lick

መስላሻ mällalaša time or place for kissing, for touching each other

শ্বৰ malasa substance, e.g. honey for making a beverage thicker, less watery, less strong, time or place for adding honey or other substance as above ማስሳሻ maslaša hand, anger, stick, i.e. means or reason for thrashing (AYMQ)

አሳሳስ allalas or አሳልስ allalas manner of licking or being licked, manner of sweetening, making less strong by adding honey as above

ሎሴ los(s)e chunk from or twelfth part of an amole-salt block (AYMQ)

ስሰሰስ łäsälläsä to be or become soft, pliant, flexible, supple; to be or become tired, c.g. from exertion; to be smooth; to be mild, e.g. food, tobacco, drink; to be gentle, good-natured, to become gentle (animal formerly bad-tempered) (B); to become fine (flour); to be well-plowed and ready for sowing (field); to be soft, nonalcoholic (beverage); to be smooth (recited passage), well-written (text) (see also ሰሰሰ : አሰ)

ተሰሰሰስ täläsälläsä to be made soft, smooth; to be fastidious; to live a life of ease (Supp.); to be agreeable, to please, be pleasant, e.g. aroma ተሰሳሰስ täläsalläsä to be or become soft, smooth, supple (several things), to become flabby (body or muscle from lack of exercise); to rest from exertion; to avoid getting tired or tiring o.s.; to be idle; to boast, act lordly, play the heavy swell

(ልስሳስስ lalläsalläs feminine slave's name, lit. let me rest!)

**hhìhì aläsälläsä** to soften, render pliant; to smooth, make smooth; to plane (wood); to render fine (flour); to refrain from uttering harsh words; to mellow (character); to put the wash in a hide and trample it; to beat with the hand; to dampen, moisten; to loosen the soil; to calm, pacify (Supp.); to plow a second time (B)

አስሳሰስ alläsalläsä to make somewhat soft, loosen the soil somewhat, to help to smooth, to cause to be or become soft, mild (several things); to gradually become ill; to last a long time (illness); to correct (s.o.'s behavior) gently (መሬቱን፣ አስሳሰስ to loosen the soil somewhat) አስሰሰሰስ asläsälläsä to have s.o. soften or smooth s.th., have s.th. made soft or smooth

ስሰሰሳ läsäläsa smoothing, rendering even

ስሰሰስ läsäläs smooth, soft, mild (KBT)

ስስሰስ ፡ እስ läsläss alä to be moderate (reply), to be soft; to be somewhat slack or loose

(ስስስስ ፡ ያለ ፡ ሪፓርት a mild report)

ስስለስ ፡ አደረገ läsläss adärrägä to soften (the

tone of voice), to lower (the voice)

ስስሳሽ läslaš smooth, mild, soft

hhhh läslassa soft (cushion, ground); pliant, flexible; smooth (stone); supple, sleek (fur); mild (tobacco, drink, disposition); tender (meat); delicate, dainty (dress); gentle (disposition, person); well-written (passage, text) (KBT)

ሰስሳሳ ፣ ምሳስ soft, gentle words, soft answer

ሰስላሳ ፡ መጠን soft drink[s]

ሰስሳሳ ፡ ወምበር comfortable chair

ሐምታ፣ ስስላሳ lily-livered

አመሰ ፡ ሰስሳሳ mount, etc. which has lost its bad character, has been broken (B)

ሰስላትንት läslassannät softness; pliancy, flexibility; smoothness; mildness, gentleness (of character)

ልስስሳ ləsläsa being smooth, soft

Anna lessellas smooth; soft; mild, gentle (of disposition, character) (KBT)

ልስላሴ lasaHase delicateness (delicate quality); gentleness: polish (manners); tenderness (of vegetation)

(የአንደበት ፡ ልስላሴ softness of tone)

**Anah laslas** very soft, very smooth; very mild; delicate, gentle (person), calm (manner); quantity of carded cotton taken out at one time for spinning (B)

(አምሰ ፡ ልስልስ ፡ ሆን to be mild, easygoing)

(ha i Ahah well-spoken, one who does not use coarse words or expressions) (see ha)

ልስልሰንት laslasannät considerable softness, smoothness or mildness

ልስልስ ፡ እስ lasiass alä to be very smooth ተሰባላሽ täläsalas soft, tender, flabby (body of s.o. who has not engaged in labor of any kind) አሰበላሽ aläslas one who softens, smooths, grinds fine, fluffs cotton for carding, etc.

መስሳሰሻ mälläsaläša time, place or reason for being soft, flabby

ምስሰሰኝ mäläsläša means of, place or time for being or becoming soft, smooth; reason for becoming fine (powder)

ማስሳስሻ malläsaläša means for helping to smooth, etc.

(ማስሳስሻ ፡ ዘይት lubricating oil)

ማስሰሳሻ maläsläša means of, place or time for softening, smoothing, e.g. roller (for removing cotton seeds), hide, plane

አስሳሰስ alläsaläs manner of being or becoming

soft, etc.

(የአንደበት ፣ አስሳስስ gentle manner of speaking, mild tone [of speech])

## ልስርግ lassarrag leaching (neol.)

ለሰብ lässäsä A, B to uproot, pull out, e.g. stubble, stalks of the previous year's crop during plowing; to flatten (s.th. upright); to bend down [vt], lay down (ABMQ); to become warm, tepid (water) (KBT, AYMQ); to form (butter in churned milk) (KBT); to take a handful of (B) (see also ላሰብ)

• hand tälässäsä to be uprooted (as above); to be pulled, snatched

**TAMA tälassäsä** to treat one another with seeming politeness and kind words while harboring a grudge or hatred for each other, e.g. husband and wife (G)

ተስሳሰለ täläsassäsä = tälassäsä (G)

አላሰስ allassäsä to help to pull up, uproot

ስሰሳ läs(s)äsa becoming tepid (cold water by adding hot) (KBT)

ስሰብ ፡ አስ läsäss alä to feign friendship (Ar.); to pretend to be gentle, mild-mannered in order to deceive (G, B); to be or become tepid; to be mild, gentle, soft

(ሰሰስ ፣ ትላስች she pretends to be friendly)

ሰሰስ ፡ ያለ läsäss valä tepid

ለሰስ ፡ አደረገ läsäss adärrägä to do s.th. gently (ለሰስ ፡ አድርጊ ፡ መታሁ l knocked softly)

ስለስታ läsästa tepidity, tepid quality or state (በስሰብታ ፣ ቋንቋ in a low voice)

ስላሽ lässaš becoming tepid; one who uproots weeds by pulling up

AAA lassäsa uprooting, pulling up; being tamed, broken, reduced to docility (animal) (KBT)

And lossas barley field plowed right after the harvest (B); puiling up barley stubble reaped in Mäskäräm in order to sow chickpeas and gwayabeans; repetition (of a thing), doing s.th. over because it was not done right the first time (KBT); scrapings (of grain from the granary or batter from the mixing bowl); last child born in a family

(PYIC: A47) taking back a statement one has made) (Supp.)

AAA lassase thinning out thickly growing plants by uprooting some of them, weeding by uprooting

মৰ্শ lašša uprooted plant or stubble, rank grass, rank weed

እስሳሰስ alläsasäs manner of uprooting or of being uprooted

Ann lassäsä to pull up grain which has not grown well in order to resow; to weed a crop which has much grass growing in it; to correct (educated person) the mistakes a stupid or uneducated person makes in writing; to shed hair (animal on being rubbed) (B)

ተሳሰበ tälassäsä to be uprooted (see ሰበብ above)

ላሰሳ lasäsa uprooting, cleaning out weeds and grass (KBT)

ሳሳሽ lasaš one who weeds, uproots

ልስ las uprooted, pulled up (see also ላሰ)

Ann las(s) as uprooted, pulled up as above

ልሰስ ፡ አለ lasass alä to be uprooted, weeded by uprooting

ልስሳት lassasat uprooting, weeding as above, clearing a place by uprooting

መላሰሻ mälasäša means for uprooting አስሳሰስ alläsasäs manner of uprooting

**ለሰቀ lässäqä** B to straighten s.th. crooked, e.g. green sticks; to flatten; to prop up s.th. which is leaning; to stick or join together

ለሳሰቀ läsassäqä to straighten somewhat (KBT)

ተስሰቀ tälässäqä to be stuck or joined together, formed into a mass (many objects) (AYMQ)

አስስሰቀ aslässäqä to have s.o. straighten as above, have s.th. straightened

ΛΛΦ lässagi one who straightens as above

**^^.** lässaqa straight, straightened (stick, lathe)

An≯ ləssäqa act of straightening

And lossage straightening, being made to fit together (KBT)

ልሰቅ lassaq straightened; flattened; straight; congruent (neol.)

ልስትንት lassaqannät straightness; congruency (neol.)

ልሰቅ ፡ አለ lassaqq alä to be straight; to seem, appear to be very few

• ተለሳቂ tälässaqi s.th. to be straightened, e.g. green stick

እስሰባድ aslässaqi one who has s.th. straightened

መለሠቅ mälässäq in ግብረ ፡ መለሠቅ gəbrä

mälässäq a multicolored garment (sec 9AC gəbər)

መስሰቂያ mälässäqiya means for straightening s.th. crooked, e.g. stone, heavy weight አለሳሱቅ alläsasäq manner of straightening

ሰሰታ lässəta fresh (see ሰሰ ፣ አለ)

ሊሰት list list Eng.

ላሰታ lasta Lasta, a province in eastern Ethiopia 1200 N 3900 E

(ላስታ ፡ ላሊበላ Lalibäla in Lasta)

(ላሰታ ፡ አንው Lasta of the Agaw)

ላሰ-ዮች lastočč inhabitants of Lasta, Lastans

ሊሰትሮ listro shoeshine boy lt. lustro

ላሰ-th lastik rubber, rubber band, rubber tube; garden hose; garter, elastic Fr. élastique ([የ]ላሰ-ቲከ ፡ ሚግ rubber-soled shoes) ላሰቲከንት lastikənnät elasticity (neol.)

ልሰትክ ləstək elastic [adj.] (neol.) ኢልሰትክ iləstək inelastic [adj.] (neol.)

Any lässänä B to plaster (a wall), give the final coat of plaster or mud, to fill in the chinks with mud, to make smooth or even by coating with mud or plaster; to make level, even; to coax, wheedle

(አፋን ፡ ምን ፡ ሰብነው what silenced him?)

That tälässänä to be plastered, given a coat (of mud or plaster); to be made smooth, level, even; to keep silent

(አፉ: ምን፡ ነው፡ ተለስን what made him silent?) ተላሰን tälassänä to be plastered here and there, not well

ተለሳሰን täläsassänä = tälassänä

አሳበን allassänä to help to plaster, coat as above

አለሳሰን alläsassänä = allassänä

አስሰስን aslässänä to cause or allow to plaster, to have s.th. plastered, coated as above

ለሰን : አደረገ läsäna adärrägä to coat, smooth well by covering with a coat of mud or plaster ሰላኝ lässaň one who coats as above, expert plasterer; one who jokes, pokes fun at s.o., mocker

ሰሳኝንት lässaňənnät state or condition of being a plasterer

ስሳና lässana plastered, coated as above; uttered, spoken (word, sound) (KBT)

Ans lassana act of coating, plastering

ልሳኝ ləssaň plastered, coated with mud or plaster

An? lassan plastered, coated, plaster or mud coat; kind of pudding cooked with butter

(የዚህ ፡ ቤት ፡ ልሰኑ ፡ ያምራል the plaster of this house is attractive)

(የአሸዋ : ልሰን mortar, cement made of lime and sand for coating walls)

(**£27**: **Añ7** smooth chested, not bony) (Supp.)

ልሰናት lassanat plaster

ተለሳኝ tälässaň wall, etc. to be plastered

አሰሰላኝ aslässan one who has plastering done መሰሰኛ mälässäna means for plastering, e.g. tef-straw, lime, cement, trowel or ovoid wooden board with handle for smoothing plaster or mud

ማስሰብኛ maslässäňa means for having plastering done, e.g. time, pay

አስሳሰን alläsasän manner of plastering or being plastered

ስሰን lässänä<sup>11</sup> to utter sounds, to speak, chatter, be loquacious

Aሳን lassan, pl. Aሳናት lassanat or Aሳናት lassanočč tongue (Geez), language; pointer (of a scale, etc.); socket (for an ax); edge (of a blade); organ (publication)

ልሳኑ lassanu masc. pers. n.

ልሳኑ : ተዘጋ to be unable to speak

ልሳን ፡ ማኅሌተ ፡ ብርት piano, zither

ልሳን ፡ መቅረዝ ləssanä mägräz candlestick

ልሳን ፣ ምድር tongue of land, peninsula

ልሳን ፡ ሰብ(አ) human tongue, speech; talisman for protection against slander, tänq"ay's magic text

ልሳን ፡ ባሕር inlet, bay, gulf, channel

ልሳን ፡ ዓለም international language; means by which the Holy Ghost reveals to s.o. what another has said in a language not known to him (AYMQ)

ልሳን ፡ አሳት tongue of fire or flame

ልሳን : ወርቅ pointer of a balance

ልሳን ፡ ንጉሥ Amharic, lit. language of the king

ደጎፀ ፡ ልሳን slip of the tongue, lapsus linguae

(በልሳን ፡ ስድስት ፡ ያወጣው ፡ መግስጫ the statement published in publication no. 6 ...)

ሰሰድ läs(s) ad fresh butter (Geez) (AYMQ)

ለሽ ፡ አለ läšš alä to lie prone; to be beaten down,

flattened (grain)

(ይህ ፡ አህል ፡ ለሽ ፡ አለ this grain is flattened)

ለሾ läš(š)o a small, grain-eating cricket (KBT)

Añ läššä to become loose, slack; to become smooth, worn, worn away or worn down from much use, e.g. grinding slab, knife, rifle; to become tongue-tied or thick of speech (due to fatigue incurred by talking a great deal); to become weak, tender, very soft

(ምላሱ ፡ ላሽ his tongue/speech is thick)

han alassa to dull [vt], to render weak, tender or soft; to render thick of speech; to wear smooth [vt], e.g. a grinding slab; to render loose or slack

ሳሺ laši loose, slack; (see also ላሴ)

ልሽ laš loose, slack; worn smooth, worn down ልሽት laš(š)at wearing down, wearing smooth; being loose (due to wear); being thick of speech (KBT)

ሳሽ laš small lizard believed to cause baldness (see ሳሲ, ሳሽ)

AT lossa rank grass, grass which lies along the ground, smooth grass which grows on cliffs; hair which lies against the scalp, is not bushy (see AAA above)

(ልፕ ፡ ጠጕር hair which lies close to the scalp)

ለሽለሽ lääälläää to fell (a tree), cut down (a bush); to throw down, cause to fall; to lay down, cause to lie down; to beat down, flatten; to mow down, slaughter

(ዝናም : አህሎን : ለሽለሽው the rain beat down, flattened the grain) (Supp.)

(በመትረየል ፡ ለሽለሽው he mowed them down with a machine gun)

(የኅዳር ፡ ብሽታ ፡ ሰውን ፡ ሁሉ ፡ ለሽለሽው the Hadar-disease killed off everyone)

TANAN täläsälläsä to be thrown down; to fall; to prostrate o.s. or bow (in homage); to lie down; to be beaten down; to sleep soundly, (Supp.); to cover [vi] the ground; to grow tall (stalks of grain) (B)

እስሽለሽ aläsälläsä to mow down; to lay down, cause to lie down

አስለሽለሽ aslāšāllāšā to have s.o. bend s.th. down, have s.th. bent or beaten down (Supp.) ለሽለሻ läšālāša flattened (several things in a row, e.g. trees)

ለሽላሺ läšlaši one who mows down, cuts down in numbers, epidemic (which lays everyone low) ለሽሳሻ läšlašša flattened (in a row, e.g. several trees)

Añañ lesellasi things lying down in heaps, in numbers

ลทิง ləš(əl)lašo throwing down in heaps (KBT)

ลาลา ləš(əl)ləš mowed down, slaughtered, killed off (number of beings)

ውስሽለሻ mäläälääa means for slaughtering; sign given that no one is to escape from the flames of war; typhus

አለሻለሽ alläšaläš manner of throwing down, mowing down, etc.

ልሻሽ ləš(š)aš a kind of fast-growing barley (TA)

ላሽተ laššäqä to become loose (parts of a machine, trigger of a gun from wear and tear), to come apart, separate, to loosen [vt] [s.th. jammed or stuck] (KBT); to rot on the ground (grain the ear of which has fallen in the mud); to become very supple (tanned or worked hide); to become churned up (mud from the passage of many vehicles); to be kneaded vigorously

እእምሮ ፡ ላሽቀ to be unable to think properly አላሽቀ alaššäqä to drench, soak, make muddy, e.g. by churning up the wet soil, to soak dry əngära-crumbs in sauce; to wear smooth [vt]; to render loose

በዱላ ፡ አላሽቀው [bädulla] to beat s.o. severely with a endgel

ለሽቃ läššaqqa rotted grain

Aボタ laš(š)äqa becoming loose (s.th. originally tight) (KBT)

ሳሽቲ lašaqi thing which becomes loose from wear; one who tires, grows weak

ልሽ ቃ ləšäqa becoming loose (from wear)

ልቫቂ ləššaqi loose (due to wear)

መላሽቂያ mälašäqiya reason for becoming loose as above (KBT)

ማላሽቂያ malašäqiya means for loosening s.th., e.g. a machine which is jammed or stuck አለግሽት alläšašäq manner of becoming loose

ላሽት lašət or ላሽታ lašəta lizard believed to cause baldness (see ሳቢ)

ልፕን ləšan medal, decoration (medal) Ar. nišan

↑. → läqqa B to lend money (KBT)

イヘタ täläqqa to be lent (money), to borrow money

አለቃ aläqqa to lend money (AYMQ)

hand asläqqa to have s.o. lend money, have s.o. borrow money

ልቆ lago loan (see also ሳቀ below)

(A#7: Am to loan)

ልቆኛ laqqoňňa one who is always borrowing, is never ont of debt

ተለቂ täläqqi borrower

አለቲ aläqqi one who lends, creditor

አለቃቅ alläqaq manner of lending, borrowing

A4 läqo the season of the early rain (May); tender, verdant grass, grass which grows in the small rainy season, rainy season [25 Sene - 25 Mäskäräm] (Gojjame usage)

(A\$ : 10 the early rains have set in)

(ለቆ ፣ አዘል dry, rainy-season grass)

ሊቅ liq, pl. ሊቃውንት liqawent or ሊቆች liqočč, ሊቃውንቶች liqawentočč learnéd person, scholar, doctor (of church learning), expert (in a field of knowledge); knowledgeable elder of about fifty years of age; chief, commander (Gecz only); authority, primate (church); the writings of the church Fathers, John Chrysostom, Cyril Epiphanius (in the collection Haymanotä Abäw), patristics, the computus (Abu Šakər) and the anaphoras

A.4 lique ecclesiatic who renders judgments, gives verdicts in accordance with the Fatha nägäst in the high court together with the Afä nagus, one of the chief judges of the royal court at Gondar (obs.); masc. pers. n.

ለ. ቀ ፡ ሐመር commander of a ship, admiral (obs.)

ሊቀ ፡ ሀገር governor (AYMQ) (obs.)

ሊቀ : ሲቃን : ካሀናት head or chief of the archbishops (obs.)

ሊቀ: ሊቃውንት lique liquement chief, head of the church doctors, head of Menelik II Memorial Church; principal, minister of education (obs. neol.)

ሊቀ ፡ መላአክት archangel

ሊቀ፡መምሀራን principal

ሊቀ ፡ መማከርት chief royal councilor (obs.); head of a church or monastery

ሊቀ ፡ ምርዓ ቅ chief or head of a synod or sodality, chief of the monachal assistants in Däbrä Libanos (KBT); monk who gives the blessing in the refectory (AYMQ)

ሊቀ ፡ መበሰላን chief steward of the cooks and bakers

ሊቀ፣ መንበር pl. ሊቀ፣ መናብርት chairman

ሊቀ ፣ መንበርንት chairmanship

ሊቀ ፡ መናብርት chief judge, chief of ceremonics at the royal court, chief of the board at an academic institution (KBT)

ሊቀ ፡ ማአምራን head teacher (MH)

ሊቀ: መኳስ one of a pair of notables who dress like the monarch, ride a mount similar to his and stand on his left and right during ceremonial occasions, apparently to ward off the evil eye, roughly equivalent to equerry, aide-decamp (obs.)

ሊቀ ፡ መዘም ራን chief of the däbtära-cantors

ሊቀ ፡ መጣኒ chief steward

ሊቀ ፡ መጣኞች chief of the appelate court (during the Gondarene monarchy) (obs.)

ሊቀ ፡ ሬድ or ሊቀ ፡ ሬድች chief of the monachal assistants in a monastery (KBT); head of a church or monastery

ሊቀ ፡ ሥልጣናት lique soltanat head of the Trinity Church (title coined specifically for Tewoflos [later Abuna] when he was appointed to this position); chief of the appointed nobility (KBT) ሊቀ ፡ ሰማዕታት protomartyr (a title usually accorded St. George of Lydda)

ሊቀ : አበው chairman of a parents' meeting

ሊቀ ፡ ካሆናት liqä kahənat archpricst, highranking ecclesiastic such as the nəburü əd; bishop's delegate for levying the tithe on certain churches, chief priest according to Mosaic Law

ሊቀ ፡ ደብተራ chief of the däbtära-cantors

ሊቀ ፡ ዲያቆን liqä diyaqon archdeacon

ሊቀ ፡ ዲያቆናት chief of the deacons, one who examines candidates for deaconship and assigns this office

ሊቀ : ተባኤ liqä guba'e council held in the reign of Dawit III to combat heresy (KBT); chief of the N.T. and O.T. scholars appointed according to tradition

ሊቀ ፡ ጠበብት chief of the däbtära-cantors

ዕፅ ፡ ሊቀ ፡ ጠበብት əṣä liqä ṭābābt unidentified plant (M)

ሊቀ ፡ ጳጳስ liqä pappas archbishop, pl. ሊቃን ፡ ጳጳሳት liqanä pappasat

ሊቀ ፡ ጳጳሳት patriarch, pope

ሊቀ ፡ ሬታሕት minister of justice (obs.) (KBT)

(በሌቅ ፡ በደቂቅ unanimously, with one accord,

known by all [learned and ignorant])

(ክሊት ፡ አስከ ፡ ደቂቅ from high to low [in social status], i.e. everyone)

ሊቅና liqenna headship, state, condition or office of scholar, church official; share given the principal heir in addition to the equal share he gets with the other heirs (see አልቅና)

ሊትንት liquinat headship, state or condition of being a scholar, church official, etc., scholarship (possession of knowledge), distinction (excellence)

አሪተ ፡ ሊቃናት or ሊቃናት The Septuagint (LXX)

ሊ.ቃውንት liqawent, pl. of liq, the second string of the bägäna-harp; a comprehensive term comprising the Fetha nägäst, Haymanotä Abäw, Abu Šaker and other such religious texts, roughly: 'the authorities'

ሳት laqä to be more, surpass, to be more than, exceed (in beight, knowledge or some other quality), to be ahead of, to excel, to be superior (to) [with h or ተ]; to be honored, become or be appointed aläqa; to grow old, become an elder (AYMQ)

ሳቀው laqaw masc. pers. n., ላቀች laqačč fein. pers. n.

ልቆ lago gerund of ሳቀ (see also ለቃ above)
(ከሁሉም ፡ ልቆ more than anything)

『ヘチ yälaqä foremost, eminent, outstanding, distinguished

BAP yələq more, farther, rather, instead of this [that]

(ይልቅ : ተነሥተህ : ቤቱን : ዝጋው you ought [rather] to get up and close up the house [instead of doing what you are doing])

ከ . . . ይልቅ more than, rather than

(ከዚህ ፡ ይልቅ ፡ ያመጣሎ they will bring more than this)

(ከሁሉም ፡ ይልቅ above all)

ደልቅስ yələqəss rather, on the contrary

(ይህን: ተውና ፡ ይልቅስ ፡ ይህንን ፡ አርማ give up that and do this instead)

ይልቁን yələqun = yələq

ይልቁንም yələqunəm (and) especially; rather; on the contrary, nay

(ይልቁንም ፣ በታሪክ ፣ ውስጥ ፣ ሕዝብ ፣ ወሳኝ ፣ ኃይል ፣ ነው nay, in bistory, the people are the decisive force)

ይልቁንስ yalaqunass rather, on the contrary

(«በውንት ፡ በልቻለሁ ፡ ይልቁንስ ፡ ኢቃ ፡ እንዳትረሺ» አልኩ 'really, I've eaten. Rather, don't forget anything,' I said)

ተላቀ tälaqä to be excelled, be overmatched, outdone; to be less (in some quality)

(ተላቀልን [impersonal, ironic] really! we have had the preference [said of one who has had a ridiculous advantage over others]) (G)

ተለሳቀ tälälaqä (Gojjame usage) (see ተሳሳቀ below)

ተላላቀ tälalaqä to be compared (in size, value, etc.); to be unequal in status, height or other quality; to vary, not be the same (in age, height) አላቀ alaqä to make more, to increase, to raise (in status, etc.) above others, to make better, to render superior in rank or status; to give the preference, prefer one over another; to raise (tutor; child)

አልቅ alago more

(አልቆ ፡ መስደ he took more [than he should]) (ያልቃል yalaqal he/it makes more) (see also ያልቃል from አለቀ)

(የራሱን ፡ ድርሻ ፡ ያልቃል he makes his [own] sbare larger)

(አዳም : ክብዙ : ልጆቹ : አንዱን : ሴትን : ውርጥ ፡ በወንድ ሞቼ ፣ አላቀው Adam chose Seth, one of his many children, and raised him in rank above his brethren)

(たい: んるか: タムタA be gives the preference to himself) (G)

አለሳቀ allälaqä (Gojjame usage) (see አላሳቀ below)

እሳሳቀ allalaqa to measure, compare (to see which is more, greater, etc.); to render unequal in status or condition

14 lagi one who excels, exceeds, outdoes

ላቅ ፡ አለ laqq alä to surpass, excel, outdo, to tend to be large or larger

(ላቅ ፡ ያለ ፡ በመሆኑ since it was considerable...)

ልቀት laquit preeminence, superior status (duc to age); elevation

ላቅያ laqya superiority, excellence, high (rank) ተላላቂ tälalaqi one who is compared, the longer, taller, larger, etc. (of a pair under comparison) (see also አስተ)

ታላቅ tallaq elder, older, great (see ተሰቀ)

ተልቅ tallag large, big (see ተለቀ)

ትልልቅ tələlləq or ትትልቅ tətəlləq big [pl.], great [pl.]

አላቲ alaqi one who gives the preference to, who raises s.o. in rank (see also አስተ)

እስላቂ allalaqi one who compares, who renders unequal in status

መስቲያ mälaqiya means of, place or time for being more; advantage, quality in which one excels, is superior to others, e.g. bravery, knowledge

መሳሳቂያ mällalaqiya reason, time or place for being measured, compared (G)

MALS malaqiya means of, place or time for making more, means for raising in rank, for giving precedence or preferment

እስላቅ allalaq manner of being more, superiority

ሳቂ laqi name applied to the islands of Lake Zway and their inhabitants (Orom. 'paddler')

♠ቃ leqa town and province in Wollega 0920N 3640E

ልቅ lauq abandonment, release, stray (cattle) (see ሰቀቀ)

ልቆ lago loan (sec ሰቃ, ሳቀ)

ስቀሰቀ läqälläqä to smear, to soil, stain; to defame; to cover (with), crowd (the ground with tents or buildings); to rinse, rinse out (wash, glasses, etc.); to daub, cover with butter, oil; to paint, to cover with whitewash, with dung; to cause to swell, cause a swelling in the throat; to sway, shake [vt]; to have s.o. dance (AYMQ); to write in a slapdash fashion, not correcting the mistakes; to coat with plaster a third time (after መረገ and ሰበን)

(ልብሱን ፡ ጭቃ ፡ ስቀስቀው he covered the clothes with mud)

(አንተ ፡ በሥራኸው ፡ እኔን ፡ ለምን ፡ ትለቀልቀኝሰህ why did you implicate me in s.th. you did?)

ሰ.ቃስት läqalläqä to smear a little, somewhat, to smear a great deal, considerably; to rinse a little, rinse somewhat, etc.

ተለቀሰቀ täläqälläqä to be smeared, to smear o.s.; to be rinsed, rinsed out; to swell [vi]; to be crowded together (tents, etc.)

(ተሪያውን ፣ ሞያሌና ፡ ቊንጫ ፡ ለመከላከል ፡ ያህል ፡ በበት ፡ ተስቀሰቀ it was plastered all around with dung as though to keep out chiggers and fleas)

(የተለቀለቀ ፡ ውድማ ፡ ይመስል ፡ የነበረው ፡ መስክ

the field which had been like a leveled [and cleaned] threshing floor, i.e. was level and free of encumbrances or litter)

(ከተማው ፡ ተለቅልቋል the town is full, crowded [with buildings]) (Ar.)

there, to smear one another, to be smeared a little, smeared slightly or here and there, to smear o.s. a little or a great deal; to be whitewashed here and there, plastered or daubed here and there; to wash, rinse the hands, rinse o.s. off; to be reconciled to an opponent in a court case, drop the case (due to reconciliation)

አለተሰቀ aläqälläqä to wash (clothes), to wash (out), to rinse clean of soap, rinse out, to wash dishes, etc.

አለቃለው atäqalläqä to rinse s.th. off

አሉቃሰው alläqalläqä to cause to smear one another, to help to smear, to cause to be smeared or to smear o.s. a little, to cause to be smeared or smear o.s. a great deal; to help to rinse, to help to daub, plaster; to have s.o. rinse himself off

አስሰተሰተ asläqälläqä to cause to smear or be smeared; to cause s.o. to soil or be soiled; to have s.o. plaster, whitewash, have s.th. plastered or whitewashed; to have s.o. rinse, have s.th. rinsed

ሰቀሰቃ läqäläqa smearing, daubing, plastering (KBT)

ስቀሰኞ läqäläq house painted in various colors or whitewashed

ሰ.ቃላቂ läqalaqi besmearing, soiling, dirtying (Gk.)

ስቅስቅ : ስቅስቅ ፡ አደረገ läqläqq läqläqq adärrägä to soil here and there (Gk.); to rinse (inf.) ስቅላቂ läqlaqi one who rinses off the dirt; one who gives s.o. a bad name or reputation; one who smears, daubs, etc.

(ጸሐፊ ፡ ሰችላዊ indifferent, careless scribe)
(KBT)

ስቅሳቃ läqlaqqa smeared, besmeared, daubed; rinsed off

(በወተት ፣ ለቅላቃ smeared with milk . . . )

አቅሲቃ laqläqa smearing, soiling, daubing, plastering; rinsing; whitewashing; crowding (with tents, etc.); coat (of paint, etc.); flattery (ABMQ); movement (dance), shoulder shrugging

ዋንጫ ፡ ልቅሰቃ wanča laglaga shoulder-shrug-

ging (a sort of dance)

ልቅላዊ lagallagi rinsc water

ልቅላቄ laqallage act of rinsing (KBT)

**APAP taqlaq** smeared, soiled, daubed, plastered, whitewashed (house, threshing floor), spread (ənǧära-bread with nug-oil, hutter or sesame oil); crowded (with tents or houses); rinsed; scribbled, badly written

(A争A争: 四宋小年 badly or carelessly written ms.)

(የሰሊጥ ፡ ልቅልቅ ፡ አንባበሮ layered bread brushed with sesame oil)

ልቅልቅነት laqlaqannät condition or state of being smeared, plastered, etc.

ልቅልቅ ፡ አለ laqlaqq alä to swell (throat); to be pitched all over (tents)

ልቅልቅ ፡ አደረገ laqlaqq adärrägä to grease, dirty, soil completely

ልቅልቃት laqlaquet act of rinsing, swelling, daubing or plastering with dung; building a large number of houses close together

ተለቃላቁ täläqalaqi one who rinses or washes himself off

ተለቅላቂ täläqlaqi s.th. to be smeared, danbed or rinsed

አለቃላቂ alläqalaqi one who helps to daub, plaster or rinse

አለቅላቂ aläqlaqi one who rinses

አስስቅላቂ asläqlaqi one who has s.o. daub, plaster or rinsc, one who has s.th. daubed, plastered or rinsed

ምስቃለቂያ mälläqaläqiya means for rinsing s.th. off, rinse water; mixture of water and flour in which the rag to he wrapped around the akəmbalo-lid is dipped before wrapping

መስትለቂያ mäläqläqiya means of, place or time for smearing, plastering, daubing or soiling, e.g. dung, paint, whitewash, brush for applying them

(አውራ ፡ ጣት ፡ መለቅለቂያ ፡ የሚሆን ፡ ማር ፡ አቅርቦ supplying honcy for dipping the thumb into [part of the adoption ceremony—see የጡት ፡ ልጅ])

መስቅለቂያ mäfläqläqiya means of, time or place for being smeared, being plastered, daubed or soiled

ማለቅለቂያ maläqläqiya means for rinsing, washing, e.g. washbasin, tub

ማስለቅስቲያ masläqläqiya means for having s.th. daubed, rinsed or plastered

አለቃለቅ alläqaläq manner of smearing, daubing, etc.

**h** hom läqqämä to pick, pick up, gather (wood, etc.), to collect, amass [vt], to pick (fruit), to pick up (s.th. scattered or fallen), to pick out, select, to separate (dirt, etc. from grain), to pick up between thumb and forefinger. to hunt for fleas, to peck (birds: grain); to catch a ball; to grasp, study or understand a matter; to graze (cattle on scanty pasture); to compose, set type; to put embroidery on a šämma-garment; to kill by picking off (with a rifle); to swallow s.th. chewed

(**ቃርሚያ** ፡ ለቀመ to glean)

(በተደት ፡ ለቀመው he picked him off with a shot)

(እሀል ፡ ሰቀመ he picked over the grain)

(ከብት ፡ ሣር ፡ ይለቅማል the cattle are grazing) (ፊደል ፡ ለቀመ to set type) (Gk.)

(ቀን ፡ የለቀሙ ፡ ሌሊት ፡ ይቅሙ seeing in a dream s.th. attractive one has thought of during the day) (KBT)

ለቃቀሙ läqaqqämä to pick a great deal, to pick or gather somewhat, to pick out, select, pick up here and there; to graze here and there; to glean a little

(ምት ፡ ሊቃቀማቸው death carried them off one by one)

(ቡና ፡ ሲቃቀሙ he cleaned the coffee beans)

(በጥይት ፡ ሲቃቀሙ to pick off a few or here and there, e.g. a sniper)

ተሉቀመ täläqqämä to be picked, to be picked out, picked over, cleaned by picking; to be collected, gathered; to be gleaned; to be picked (fruit); to be grazed, pastured; to be embroidered as above

ተሉቃቀም täläqaqqämä to be picked or gathered here and there, to be picked a little or a great deal, to be picked out, selected; to gather together (people)

(እህል ፡ ተሰቃቀመ the grain has been picked over [cleaned by the bad part being picked out]) (የተሰቃቀመ ፡ በና select coffee)

አስቀመ aläqqämä to take to pasture, graze; to yield (cotton, fruit, vegetables) in quantity; to catch a ball or s.th. thrown (KBT)

(ከብቶቼን ፡ ወስደሀ ፡ ከሜዳ ፡ አልቅማቸው take the animals out to graze)

አላቀም aliaqqämä to pick, gather or reap with

others to help to pick; to take cattle to pasture (ABMQ)

(ሴቶች ፡ አህሉን ፡ ያላቅማሉ the women help reap the grain)

አሰ. ታቀመ aläqaqqämä to cause to gather or pick a little, cause to separate or pick out a little as above; cause to graze a little (G, Ar.)

(ኔታው ፡ ከብ-ኔን ፡ ያለቃቅማል the master sends his livestock to graze) (Ar.)

አለቃቀሙ alläqaqqämä to pick or gather with others, to help to pick, to cause to pick or be picked somewhat, cause to pick or be picked a great deal, to reap with others

እስስተመ asläqqämä to cause or allow to pick or be picked, to have s.o. separate by picking, have s.th. cleaned by being picked over; to allow or let graze

(ዕንጨት ፡ አሰስትም have some wood gathered) (አህሉን ፡ አስስትመው he let [the cattle] finish off the grain)

(四乙少島: 小年: 少九九年野 ' 竹几 the moon [was so bright] it would let one pick up tef, i.e. one could see the tiniest thing in its bright light) 九十可 läqäma picking, picking up, gathering, gleaning

(ዕንጨት ፡ ሰቀማ ፡ ሄደ he has gone to gather

(ጐመን ፡ ሰቀማ gathering, picking of g<sup>w</sup>ämmängreens)

ስቀም läqäm pasture, grazing, pasturage, food for cattle

(ሰቀም ፡ ያለበት ፡ ሰፍራ a place where there is pasturage)

**ስተም**: አደረገ läqämm adärrägä to catch, grab, seize (in the mouth or with the hand); to pick up and keep in mind s.th. one heard (while pretending one did not hear it); to learn or grasp s.th. quickly

A. P. läqami one who picks, sorts (the good from the bad grain), who removes the dirt, twigs, etc. from picked fruit or threshed grain, one who gathers wood; typesetter

(ዓጣ ፡ ለቃሚ fish-eating bird)

([የ]በና ፡ ሰቃሚ coffee-bean picker or sorter) (ዋታ ፡ ሰቃሚ cotton picker)

(ጫት : ለቃሚ one who picks chat leaves, bundles and sells them)

(ፌዴል ፣ ሰቃሚ typesetter)

ለቃሚንት läqaminnät state or condition of being a picker

ሲ.ቃም läqam pasture where the grass is thin, sparse (G)

ልቃሚ laqqami leavings, rubbish, unwanted material such as dirt or twigs picked out of the grain

ልቃግ laqqame gathering or picking, e.g. the harvest

A 少 P laqqam meager, poor of its kind; stunted (Ar.)

ል.ቃምነት laqqamannät meagerness, poorness; stinited quality, condition or state (Ar.)

▲タヤ ləq(q)amo = ləqqam

ልቅም laggam free from imparities, cleaned (grain by being picked over); polite

(ውቃ: ልቅም multicolored woven strip of interlaced bands of color) (AYMQ)

(ልቅም ፡ መጽሐፍ laggam mäshaf carefully written ms.)

(ልቅም ፡ ነገር a well-made speech)

(**ヘや**中子 : のナスピ子 elite soldiers, crack troops) (Supp.)

ልቅምነት laqqamannät cleanness (of grain), absence of impurities

ልትም ፡ አለ laggamm alä in ልቅም ፡ ያለች skillful housewife

ልቅም: አደረገ lagqamm adärrägä to pick over, clean s.th. by picking out the impurities; to bring, gather everything together (Supp.)

(ልቅም ፡ አድርጎ ፡ ያዘ to pick up everything, hold everything without letting anything drop)

ልትም ፡ ልቅም ፡ አደረገ laqqamm laqqamm adärrägä to pick up quickly (many scattered items)

ልትም ፡ ጥርትም ፡ አደረገ laqqamm tarqamm adärrägä to clear up everything, pick up everything; to exhaust entirely; to hold tight

(የዚህን ፡ ክርስቲያን ፡ ገንዘብ ፡ በተቆመረና ፡ በተለፈረ ፡ ልቅም ፡ ፕሮቅም ፡ አድርገህ ፡ መልሰ return the money of this Christian completely in a counted and measured state)

ልቅሞ laqamo picking up pebbles (KBT)

Aትምሽ laqmos children's game in which five stones are thrown into the air and the player tries to catch them before they hit the ground; interlacing strips of leather, etc. to make a ball Aቅማት laqqamat picking up (with thumb and forefinger), gleaning

ልቅም ቃሚ laqamqami items, bits and pieces picked up here and there, hodgepodge; s.th. of little account

<sup>†</sup> ልቅምቅም ləqəmqəm = ləqəmqami

・ ム神ም タሞ laqamqamo picked-up fragments

ልቅምትም ፡ አደረገ layamqamm adärrägä to collect, gather, pick up many scattered items; to gather up and carry off everything one finds ለቃቃሚ läqaqami one who picks up s.th. here and there; person who does things or frequents places demeaning to a person of status; scavenger

ተሉቃሚ täläqami s.th. to be picked up or gathered up

አላቃሚ allaqami one who helps to pick አልቃሚ alqami one who takes cattle to pasture; one who picks much fruit; vegetables

which give a good yield 入みずずれ algamos var. of lagmos

እስለቃሚ asläqqami one who has s.th. gathered, etc.

ውስቀሚያ mälläqämiya means of, place or time for being picked

መለቃ ቀሚያ mäläqaqämiya = mälqämiya መልቀሚያ mälqämiya means of, place or time for picking, gathering; container into which items removed by picking out are put; bamboo strips for weaving together; knitting or embroidery needle

(የሽማ ፡ ሙል ቀሚያ crochet needle for making a multicolored band along the hem of a *šämma*-garment)

(ይህ ፡ የዕንጨት ፡ መል ቀሚያ ፡ ነው this is a place for gathering wood)

ማልቀሚያ malqämiya place where there is good pasture for cattle

ማስለቀሚያ masläqqämiya means for having s.o. collect, gather

አለቃቀም alläqaqäm manner of picking, gathering, being picked

ለቀምት läqqämt Lekempti or Nekemtc, town in Wollega 0905 N 3633 E

ሲቀመኳስ liqämäk<sup>w</sup>as aide-de-camp (see ሲት above)

ልቍም m. laq wamti in እጀ፡ ልቍም m. restless person, thief

\*ለቀስ - ተለቀስ täläqqäsä to be mourned (for), to be held (wake); to be shed (tears), to fall (tears) (አባቱ ፡ ይለቀሳል his father is mourned) ተለቀሰላት täläqqäsä(llat) she was mourned ተላቀስ tälaqqäsä to mourn (publicly), mourn the dead (several people together); to make a racket; to spray, sprinkle; to hurt one another, hit one another and weep (boys fighting)

hhen aläqqäsä to weep, shed tears, cry, to mourn (for) a dead person, honor him with a wake or solemn lamentation, to wail; to bay (at the moon or other) (dog) [considered to be a bad omen]

(አባቲን ፡ ያስቅሳል he is mourning for his father) ልፎ ፡ አልቅሶ lage algaso a kind of barley (KBT)

በስው ፡ ንብረት ፡ አለቀስ to demand s.o.'s property

አሳቀስ allaqqäsä to attend a wake or funeral; to console, share s.o.'s sorrow, to help to mourn s.o., assist at the funeral

አስታቀስ alläqaqqäsä to weep somewhat, weep a little, to weep for s.o. a little, not much, mourn somewhat

አስስቀስ asläqqäsä to cause or allow to weep or mourn (for), to have a wake held, have s.o. be mourned for, to have s.o. cry, have tears shed (የሚያስለቅስ ፡ ጠስ yämmiyasläqqəs tis tear gas)

ለቅሶ läqso or ልቅሶ laqso lamentation, wail, crying, weeping, mourning; visit of condolence (ልቅሶ ፡ አለብኝ I have to attend a wake)

ስቅሶኝ läqsoňňa person who attends a wake, forms part of the funeral escort

ለቀስተኛ lägästäňňa mourner

ナハチሽ täläqaš family of the deceased

አላ ታሽ allaqaš one who attends the wake, who visits the bereaved

አልቅስ ፡ አልቅስ ፡ አለ algas algas alä to cry for no reason, to snivel ccaselessly

አልቃሻ alqaša crybaby

አልቃሽ alqaš mourner, hired mourner

(የቁም ፡ አልቃሽ professional mourner)

(የወንድ ፡ አልቃሽ minstrel who has a talent for improvising elegies, dirges)

አልቃሽ alqaššo cattle prod, goad (for balky oxen); weeping, tearful (Supp.)

አልቅሺን alqəšin crybaby

አስለቃሽ asläqqaš one who has s.o. cry, causes tears to be shed, hired mourner, thing which causes grief or weeping

ሙስቀሻ mälläqäša time or place for mourning

ማሳቀሽ mallaqäša means, place for giving condolences, helping to mourn

ማሉተሻ malqäša occasion, place or time for weeping, for mourning s.o.; picture or likeness of the deceased; person who holds or displays this likeness during the progress of the funeral cortege; place where the wake is held, grave, memorial service held on the 3rd and 40th day after the death

ማስሰቀሻ masläqqäsa means for mourning s.o.; likeness, clothing or trappings of the deceased አሰቃቀስ alläqaqäs manner of weeping, mourning or being mourned

ስቈስ läqq<sup>w</sup>äsä B to be stingy, greedy, to want to keep all of what is obtained for himself (KBT) ስጵሳ läqq<sup>w</sup>assa stingy, avaricious (KBT)

ልቁሳ laqq was being greedy, stingy, avaricious ልቁሽ laqq was one who is very stingy, avaricious (KBT)

ልቋሽንት laqq<sup>w</sup>ašannät state or condition of being very avaricious (KBT)

ልቋሴ laqq wase stinginess, avarice (KBT)

ARA lauq as great avarice, exceeding stinginess (KBT)

ልቋሳም laqq wasam very stingy or avaricious (KBT); famine-ravaged district (B)

ልቍስ laqq was greed, avarice (KBT)

መስደሻ mäläqq"äša reason for being stingy,

ሉቃስ luques St. Luke, masc. pers. n.; third year (and bissextile year) of the four-year Ethiopian cycle; period during which cattle died in large numbers in highland Ethiopia 1889-1894

(ብሰራተ ፡ ሴቃስ the tidings the angels brought to the shepherds of Bethlehem that the Christ was born in David's city) (Luke 2:10-11)

(ዓመት ፡ ሉቃስ the fourth year [and bissextile year] of the four-year Ethiopian cycle. The bissextile year occurs the year before the Western leap year

ዘመነ፡ ሎቃለ = ዓመተ፡ ሎቃስ

ሱ.ቃሳም luqasam pertaining or belonging to Luke; var. of ልቋሳም for which see ስቴስ above

**ስቀቀ läqqäqä** to give up, abandon, to desert, quit, e.g. a job; to let go, release, to free, let free, let out, let loose; to relinquish, cede; to vacate (a house); to emit (a scream, rays); to release one's hold, let go (of s.th.); to fade (color), come out (stain); to come off, e.g. some adhesive material due to physical action, to

come loose, tear loose [vi], to tear off [vi]; to be driven out (of a place); to turn on (water) (AYMQ); to peel off [vi] (plaster); to quarter troops on (as a punishment) (obs.); to become light, dawn; to let a child grow up undisciplined; to undo a spindle of thread; to go away (disease, illness); to loosen the reins; to spread gossip and lies

(ልቀቁልን laqaqullan make room for us, leave place for us)

(**መንገድ ፡ ልቀ**ቁ gangway!)

(ይኽም ፡ ፍሬውን ፡ በጨርቅ ፡ በማሽት ፡ ይለቃል this [integument or glume] will come off by rubbing the seed with a cloth)

ለቆ ፡ ሂደ to leave [for good], to pull out {of a place!

ልዓሙን ፡ ስቀቀ to slacken, loosen the reins ሚስቴን ፡ ስቀቀ to divorce one's wife

መንገድ ፡ ስቀቀ to leave the road, go off the road, to pull over to let s.o. pass

መዓት ፡ ለቀቀ to loose disaster, catastrophe [killing many people]

ምድር ፡ ሰቀቀ to be or become very proud, haughty; to become day, pass away [darkness] ምድር ፡ የሰቀቀ ፡ ጠጅ good, strong täǧǧ-mead [or other beverage]

ሥራውን፡ በፌቃዱ፡ ለቀቀ to resign

ሽንቱን ፡ ሰቀቀ to urinate openly or incontinently

ቀስም ፡ ይለቃል the dye comes out, fades ቁቁታውን ፡ ስቀት to let out a cry for help

ቅዘን ፡ ለቀቀበት to defecate on s.o.

ቤት ፡ ስቀቀ to move [change residences] ለበሽተኛው ፡ በ:ታውን ፡ ስቀቀ he gave up his seat to the sick person

ብቻዋን ፡ አይለቅ ቃትም he would not let her go out alone

በንደ ፡ ሰቀቀ to free, set free

ትኩሳት ፡ ሰቀቀኝ fever has left me, I'm over my fever

ትኩሳት : ለቀቀብኝ I'm coming down with a fever

ችግርሽ ፡ ስቀቀን ፡ ስቀቀብኝ your straits make me disconsolate

እሳት ፡ ለቀቀ(በት) to set lire to

አዋጅ : ሰቀቀ to issue a proclamation (Supp.)

እድፉ ፡ አይለቅም the dirt won't come out

አሉን: ለቀቀው to open the mouth wide; to be garrulous

መሬቱ ፡ አፉን ፡ ለቀቀ a big crack opened in the

ground

በስብሰባው ፡ ውስጥ ፡ አንሌ ፡ አፉን ፡ ለቀቀ so-andso talked at length in the meeting

ከብቱን : ስቀቀ to turn cattle loose

ውሃውን : በቀዳዳው ፡ ለቀቀበት he poured water on him through a bole

ወራውን ፡ ውሽቱን ፡ ለቀቀ to spread gossip, lies ውሻውን ፡ ለቀቀብኝ he set his dog on me

ንጉሙ ፡ ወታደር ፡ በክተማው ፡ ለቀቀ the monarch quartered soldiers on the town, loosed soldiers on the town

ያ.መና ፡ ሲለቅ ፡ ሰማዩ ፡ mራ the sky lightened as the clouds lifted

ገደል ፡ ስቀቀው to drop or throw s.o. off a cliff ጎፈሬውን ፡ ስቀቀ to let the hair grow, become bushy

ጨጉቱን ፡ ለቀቀው to let out a cry, a scream ጨቤ ፡ ለቀቀበተ to stab s.o. with a dagger ፈረሰኝ ፡ በኋላው ፡ ለቀቀበተ he sent horsemen after him

ፍሬን ፡ ስቀቀ to release the brakes

የመትረየቡን ፡ ጥይት ፡ እንደ ፡ በረዶ ፡ ለቀቀባቸው he loosed a hail of machine gun fire on them መስከረም ፡ ከጠባ ፡ በኋላ ፡ ከረምቱ ፡ ለቀቀ after Mäskäräm came, the rainy season ended, lit.

ስቃቀቀ läqaqqäqä to free, release some prisoners, not all

• hh h täläqqäqä to be given up, abandoned; to be released, freed, let go; to be free (room. bird); to slip off [vi], come off, be separated or detached; to be discharged; to be wide, broad (garment); to break out or spread (illness); to be deserted (village)

(በጅጅጋ ፡ ክተማ ፡ የተንፋን ፡ በሽታ ፡ ተስቋል an epidemic of colds broke out in Jijiga)

(ሰአንድ ፡ በኩል ፡ ሾልኮ ፡ ሽሽቱን ፡ ተለቀቀው he slipped through in one direction and began fleeing)

(በድንጊያም ፡ በዱላም ፡ ያን ፡ መዝጊያ ፡ ተለ-ቀቁበት they beat on that door with stones and clubs [Eadie])

ተላቀቀ tälaqqäqä to separate [vi], come loose, come apart (two or more things hooked or joined together); to become untangled; to let go of each other, let each other loose, e.g. two persons who were grappling; to part (two parties by annulling or abrogating an agreement); to be released or freed (from bondage, ignorance [several or many persons]) (see also ላቀቀ

below)

(በብዙ : ችግር ፡ ተላቀቁ they [two combatants] were separated with much difficulty)

በጥቂት ፣ ተሳቀቀ to barely escape [Supp.]; to get off with very light punishment (inf.)

(ከእንቅልፉ ፡ ተላቀቀ he was roused from his slumber)

(ከችግር : ተላቀቀ to be freed from want)

እስቀቀ allaqqäqä to separate, detach or disjoin (s.th. from s.th. else); to make s.o. let go of s.th. or s.o., to cause to let go of each other, separate combatants; to extricate; to free s.o. from want, etc. or from his word or bond; to help undo, untie, release; to help get rid of; to yawn, gape

(አላቅቃስሁ or ያላቅቀኛል I yawn)

(አፉን ፣ አሳቀቀ to yawn)

hስስቀቀ asläqqäqä to cause or allow to give up, to cause or allow to be given up; to cause to leave, go away; to drive out or away, dislodge (an enemy); to dispossess; to have s.o. release or let go a third party, have s.o. released, to have s.o. open, to have s.o. let go of s.th.; to remove stain(s)

(ቅባት ፡ የንክውን ፡ አስለቀቀ it got the grease spots out)

አል ጋውን ፡ ለሴላ ፡ ሕመምተኛ ፡ አስለቀቀ to cause s.o. to give up his [hospital] bed for the use of another patient; to clear and prepare the bed (which had been used before) for the use of a new patient

**A**♠ቃ läqäqa letting go, releasing, freeing; abandoning; opening (the mouth)

ለቀቅ läqäqq in በይዝ ፡ ለቀቅ bäyaz läqäqq sporadically, intermittently, off and on

ስቀቅ ፡ አለ läqäqq alä to be released; to begin to dawn; to be slim (body, waist)

(ለቀቅ ፡ ካለው ፡ ሽንዉ ፡ ላይ ፡ እንዲዘናፈል ፡ ተውት it [hair] was allowed to hang down to her slender waist)

ለቀቅ ፡ ያለ läqäqq yalä faded (color)

(ማለጻ ፡ ሰማይ ለቀቅ ፡ ሴል ፡ ተነስቼ ፡ ሴፍ-ተናንት ፡ ዘንድ ፡ ሄድት in the morning as it was getting light, I went to the lieutenant's)

ለቀቅ : አደረጉ läqäqq adärrägä to release, let go somewhat, to relax or loosen one's grip, to release quickly

(የነገሩን ፡ ይዞታ ፡ ለቀቅ ፡ ካላደረጉ ፡ በለተቀር unless they modify, relax their stand/terms ...) (ወገብሽን ፡ ለቀቅ ፡ አድርጊና ፡ ስፌዱን ፡ አቅር- **(1.A**% stretch your waist {i.e. lean over} and hand me the *säfed*-tray)

**ハ 少々 läqaqi** one who lets go, releases, dismisses; one who abandons, who leaves his job, etc. **ハ 少 p läqaqa** wide-mouthed (vessel, gourd container, pot); one whose release has taken place a while ago (KBT)

(ሰቃቃ ፡ እንስራ a wide-mouthed water ewer)

↑→ läqq = läqaqi, one who lets s.th. go or slip ont

ስቀቃ läqäqa releasing, letting go; free, unrestrained

ልቃቂ laqqaqi free(d), loose, unrestrained; unmannerly, rude (KBT)

AP laqq abandonment, release (Ar.); stray (cattle), loose; unrestrained, unmannerly, undisciplined, rude, badly brought up; large or loose flowing garment; abandoned, deserted (place); independent (math.) (neol.)

(ይህ ፡ ተሚለ ፡ ልቅ ፡ ነው this shirt is large, loose) (inf.)

ልቅ laqq [n.] ball of thread; large spindle

(ልቅ ፡ ውጣች to be thrown out empty-handed, not sharing or getting anything [unfaithful wife])

(ልቅ ፡ አፍ lagg af big mouth)

(ልቅ ፡ ዴሞክራሲ ultra-democracy) (neol.)

ልቅንት laqqannät state or condition of being unmannerly, undisciplined, badly brought up

ልቅ ፡ ሙልቅ ፡ አደረገ laqqa wallaqq adärrägä to loosen, tear loose [vt]; to snatch away

ልቅቅ ፣ አደረን ləqəqq adärrägä to let go suddenly

ልቃቂት laqqaqit spindle, thread wound around the spindle

(ልቃቂት ፡ ሰቀቀ to remove the thread from the spindle)

ልቅቃት laggagat releasing, letting go, etc.

ልቀት laggät emission (electrical)

ተለ ቃቂ täläqaqi livestock which are allowed to run loose, freed prisoner

እላቃቂ allaqaqi one who helps to extricate, etc.

እስሲቃቂ asläqqaqi one who drives off or out, who gets rid of s.th.; one who obtains s.o.'s release

(ሳሙና ፡ ጥሩ ፡ የሆን ፡ እንደሆን ፡ እስለቃቂ ፡ ነው if the soap is good, it gets rid of [dirt, stains]) (Ar.) መስተቂያ mälläqäqiya means of, time or place for being given up, reason for being let go, etc. መሳተቂያ mällaqäqiya place, time or reason for coming apart, coming loose, for separating as above

መልቀቂያ mälqäqiya means of, place or time for giving up, for releasing, freeing, letting go; place where cattle are allowed to graze freely, paddock; crowbar or lever

(የሥራ ፡ መልቀቂያ ፣ ደብጻቤ letter of resignation)

(የሁለተኛ ፡ ደረጃ ፡ መልቀቂያ ፡ ፌተና high school leavers' exam)

ማላቀቂያ mallaqäqiya means for separating, untangling, helping to extricate

ማስስቀቂያ masläqqäqiya means of, time or place for causing to give up or be given up; instrument for prying open, lever; stain remover; means for procuring s.o.'s release, e.g. bond, bail; means for driving out, dispossessing; means such as a sacred spring or medicine for getting rid of sickness

እስቃቀቅ alläqaqäq manner of giving up, being given up, etc.; abandonment, release

**ላቀቀ laqqäqä** to dismiss on surety (judge on the appeal of one of the litigants when the opposing party fails to show) (G, AYMQ); to release a debtor (judge) after his guarantor assures that the debtor will pay the debt; to quarter soldiers, turn soldiers loose to destroy (KBT)

ተላቀቀ tälaqqäqä to be released (debtor) as above; to be dismissed by the judge as above

እሳቀቀ allaqqäqä to cause to dismiss as above; to yawn noisily (animal) (B)

እስላቀቀ aslaqqäqä to have a judge release a debtor, have a debtor released as above

ላቃቂ laqaqi judge who dismisses as above

ተላቃቂ tälaqaqi debtor who is released as above

መላቀቂያ mällaqäqiya time, place for being dismissed

መስቀቂያ mälaqäqiya reason, time for dismissing a debtor as above

ለቃቅቤ läqaqəbe basil, sweet basil, var. of ዘቃቅቤ

ል.ቃቂት laggagit spindle (see ሰቀቀ)

\*ለቀተ - ተለቀተ täläqqätä to be lent, to borrow (see ለቃ)

## አለቀተ aläqqätä to lend

- **ヘ电ナ läq<sup>w</sup>äta** leather or hide wallet, pouch (Tňa.)
- ልቀት laggät emission (see ሰቀቀ)
- ልቅት laqqat hollow of an elephant's back (the wound inflicted there is mortal) (Supp.) (see አልቅት)
- ሰቀን läqqänä to prepare or eat a snack before lunch or supper (KBT)
  - ላቀን laqan snack, meager breakfast (የላቀን ፡ እንጅራ piece of angara-bread used to case hunger pangs before a meal) (G)
- ሳቀን laqqana to play the master, to become insolent (Supp.)
- ልቅና laganna office of aläga (see እልቅና)
- ልቆኝ ləqqoňňa one who is always in debt (see ሰቃ)
- ሊ ቃውንት liquwant scholars, authorities (see ሰቅ)
- ሎችዬ luqəy(y)e a small, long-tailed bird which has a white breast and black-rimmed eyes (KBT)
- ላትያ laqya superiority, excellence (see ላቀ)
- ለቀደ läqqädä B to lose one's voice, to be unable to speak
  - **A**≯\$ läqqadda one who stammers, stutters, who cannot speak properly
  - ለቅዳ läqda quinsy, tonsillitis, inflammation of the uvula
- ለቂደ läqq<sup>w</sup>ädä B to stammer, stutter, to be tongue-tied
  - ተለቁደ täläqq"ädä to be a stammerer or stutterer, be made to stammer or stutter
  - (ምሳቡ ፡ ተለቈደ his speech is slow) (inf.)
  - ተላቂደ tälaqq"ädä to mumble, speak indistinctly, to stutter (Gk.)
  - አለሱቴደ asläqq "ädä to cause or allow to stammer or stutter, to have s.o. become a stammerer ሰቴድ ፡ አለ läqq "ädd alä to be tongue-tied, to stammer
  - ለቋጅ läqq wag one who stammers, stutters (አፍ ፡ ሰቋጅ = läqq wag)
  - ስቋዳ läqq"adda stammering, stuttering (Ar.); stammerer, stutterer, tongue-tied (ምሳቡ ፡ ሰቋዳ stutterer)

- ስቋዳንት läqq "addannät state or condition of being a stammerer, quality of stammering
- ልቴዳ laqq äda stuttering, stammering, being tongue-tied (KBT)
- ልቁጅ laqqwağ stammerer, stutterer, tonguetied (KBT)
- ልቋይ laqqwade stammering, stuttering (KBT) ልቁድ laqqud or ልቍድ laqqwad one who is tongue-tied, who stammers or stutters
- (ልቀኑድ፣ አፍ = lagg<sup>w</sup>ad)
- መስፋች mäläqq<sup>w</sup>äğa reason for stammering or stuttering
- እስቋቈድ alläq waq wäd manner of stammering or stuttering
- **h**Am läqqätä B to plaster a wall, throw mnd or adobe at a wall (in order to stop up the chinks) (Gondare usage) (B, KBT); to mix bärbärrepowder in water
- ሳቀጠ laqqätä to be sticky, doughy (ABMQ)
- **Atm läqq"ätä** B to make damp, moisten; to soil, stain, make dirty; to make a mud plaster, apply a coat of mud plaster (Supp.)
  - ተለቁጠ täläyy ätä to be applied (mud plaster), be coated (with mud); to be dirtied, soiled; to be soaked, steeped (Supp.); to be kneaded, mixed (bärbärre-powder with water) (inf.)
- **14** from rain), to become completely wet (soil from rain), to become muddy (wet soil from being trampled); to be trampled, kneaded, mixed well together (mud and water)
  - (በዝናብ ፡ ምክንያት ፡ መሬቱ ፡ ላቄጠ the ground became muddy on account of the rain)
  - (መውጪያ: በሌለው: የላቂጠና: አስተያሚ: ኑሮ: ውሉፕ in a grimy and disgusting life from which there was no means of getting out ...)
  - +14m tälaqqwätä = laqqwätä (AYMQ); to be ground fine, to be pulverized; to be mixed, kneaded together (soil and water or flour and water)
  - **hhem** alaqqwätä to mix, knead; to trample mud, mix water, earth and tef-straw to make a plaster for building, to mix cement, to make a paste or a batter
  - AA&m allaqqwätä to help to mix as above (inf.)
  - ላቈጣ laq "äta becoming muddy; turning to paste (flour); becoming soiled
  - ሳቈጥ la(q)q"ät paste (of flour and water)

ላድ laq wač muddy (patch of ground)

ላቋጣ lagwata muddy, pasty, mud or paste

A & m laq ata being or becoming mud(dy)

ልቋም lagg wat mixed with water

AAm laqqwate mixing flour and water to make paste (KBT)

ስተጥ laqq at or ሉትጥ luqqat kneaded, blended, mixed; mud (for plastering), paste, thick batter, medicinal paste or poultice

(ልቍተ : በርበሬ pepper paste)

(A + T : FAU dallah-sauce [powder blended with a liquid until it has the consistency of mashed potatoes])

ልቍጣሽ laggwatoš paste

አላድው alaq ač one who makes a paste, who kneads, who tramples mud for use as a plaster መላቴጫ mälaq äča liquid for making a paste, e.g. water, nug oil; reason for becoming muddy, e.g. rain, water

pot in which it is made; pit where mud is trampled for use as a plaster

አስዎቄጥ alläq aq at manner of wetting, becoming muddy, manner of mixing mud or dough

ሰቁጠጠ läqwäṭṭäṭä to flick with a whip; to twist hair into a knot; to burn, scald

መስው mäläq<sup>w</sup>täča whip; coals

Aft. läbbe small loaf of bread (AYMQ)

ለብ : አለ läbb alä to be or become lukewarm, tepid

ሰብ ፡ ያለ läbb yalä lukewarm

ሰብ ፡ አለ(ው) läbh alä(w) to be slightly drunk, high

ሰብ : አደረገ läbb adärrägä to make tepid, to heat a little, take the chill off

An läbb lukewarm, tepid

ሰብታ läbbəta tepidity, lukewarmness; mild state of intoxication

ሉባ luba the war-class of the Oromo gada system; excellent, strong lad (AYMQ); trained, quick, alert (KBT)

**A. 1 liba** northeast (direction); very hot wind, sirocco (G)

An laba to be warm, hot (person), to sweat, perspire, ooze (a fine sweat) (AYMQ)

ተላላበ tälalabä to warm each other, e.g. two

persons huddling together for warmth (AYMQ)

እሳበ alaba to cause to sweat

አላበ(ው) alabä(w) to perspire, sweat

(አላበኝ I am sweating)

(አንሴን ፡ አልቦታል agälen alabotall he became drunk, became afraid)

አላሳብ alalabä to cause to warm each other

(11 : had he is sweating, covered with sweat; he is in a frenzy)

ላብ: ላብ: አለ(ው) lab lab alä(w) to be or to feel hot; to be worn out

(ሳብ ፡ ሳብ ፡ እስኪለው ፡ ነው ፡ የሥራው he worked until he was exhausted)

Ange labam sweat, covered with sweat; steamy (warm area after a rain)

ለባምነት labamannät state or condition of perspiring, of being sweaty, sweatiness, steaminess ለበት labät strong heat, steam, vapor (after a rain), drops of vapor (collecting on a covering over hot food); film which forms on the surface of curdled milk; sweat

ሳብት labot steam, vapor

(በላቦት : አለቀ to evaporate [vi]) (inf.)

**AAO.** alabi causing sweat, sweat inducing, one who is sweating (AYMQ)

አላሳብ allalab manner of sweating

ሳባ laba Laban, Jacob's father-in-law (Bibl.)

An laba feather, plume, plumage, down; metal spikes or broken glass placed atop a wall to keep anyone from climbing over it

ላባ ፣ ሞሪድ rat-tail file

ላባ ፡ ቀረሽ insane person (almost crazy enough to put feathers in his hair and act like a bird)

ዥራተ ፡ ሳባ bird which has a bushy tail [like a rooster]

ሳባም labam feathery, feathered, having many feathers

And leba to steal, be a thief, to rob (KBT, ABMQ)

ሉባ leba, pl. ሉቦች lebočč thief; splinter between two billets of wood [which holds them together] (AYMQ)

(ሌባን ፡ አሻ seck a thief!) (see ሻ)

ሌባ ፡ ሚዛን crooked scale, one which gives false weight

ሌባ፣ ፕይ leba šay (also ሌባሻ lebaša) young boy

who is given a narcotic drink and while under its influence is credited with the ability to discover the thief (obs.)

ሌባ ፡ አድም leha adomm ex-thief hired to catch thieves

**ふり: ゆうす** sudden pain in the shoulders or the waist

ሌባ ፡ ዝናም sudden, brief rain in the dry season (which is usually harmful to crops)

ሌባና : ታሊስ lebanna polis tag (children's game)

ሉባ ፡ ጣት index finger; extra (sixth) finger (A1.) መሥሪ ፡ ሉባ thief who steals everything

መሥራች ፡ ሴባ mäsrač leba thief who takes everything, cleans one out (B)

ሟጠጥ ፡ ሌባ thief who steals everything

ሟጣጣ : ሌባ m<sup>w</sup>aṭaṭa leba thief who takes everything

ፖለት : ሌባ thief who slips in and goes everywhere (B)

ቀጣፌ ፡ ሌባ thief who denies his thickery even when caught red-handed

አውስጥ ፡ ሴባ asällät leba thief who is an insider, is familiar with the circumstances of his victim ዓይን ፡ ሴባ person who has a roving glance, one who constantly looks around

ዝምባም ፣ ሌባ clumsy, lazy thief; thief who seems blind but can steal very well at night (B) መንጋራ ፣ ሌባ one-eyed thief, walleyed thief

(A): \(\text{A} \text{A} \text{A} \text{C} \text{ is A} \text{A} \text{A} \text{ proverbial expression for purposeless wickedness, lit. due to his habit [of stealing] a thief will lick bread)

ለቤት lebit thief (but used only in the vocative, otherwise ሌባ ፡ አንቲ ፤ አቧ ፡ ሌባ ፡ ናት)

ሌብንት lebonnät or ሌባንት lebonnät thieving, theft, larceny, state or condition of heing a thief ሌባ lebo name applied to a thief or person who is considered to have sticky fingers

An labb heart, belly, chest, ventral portion of the body; inside of s.th., e.g. a dabbo-bread; courage, good sense, intelligence, mind, attention; truth, fact, heart of the matter

ልቡ ፡ ሄደ (with possessive suffixes) to anticipate s.th., do s.th. in one's imagination

(Aft: flowh.co: V.R. he did as he pleased, lit. he went on [the path which] his heart advised him)

ልቡ ፡ ማሪ (with possessive suffixes) to forgive, pardon sincerely

ልበ"ን ፡ መረመሪ (with possessive suffixes) to rack one's skull or brains, trying to remember s.th. (KBT)

ልብን : ማረከ to captivate s.o.

ልብን ፡ መታ to impress, have an effect (angry or forceful words), to upset the stomach (food); to remind s.o. of s.th.

(Pho B かつ・ナンカ・カナイン : A はつ・ プライ when you were telling me that fellow's story, it reminded me of s.th.)

Aft: Pr (with possessive suffixes) to be absent-minded (due to worry or work), to be forgetful or in a stupor due to old age or illness; to be discouraged, to lose courage

ልበ ፡ ራራ (with possessive suffixes) to soften [vi] (heart), to feel pity

ልብ ፣ ረሳ to forget what has happened

ልቡ ፡ ራብ (with possessive suffixes) to feel pleased, satisfied, e.g. on seeing an enemy's defeat or on getting s.th. one wants

ልብ ፡ አራብደ to be upset, disturbed in trying to do s.th., to go here and there, be restless

Aft: 2.2 to calm down, become tranquil, e.g. by obtaining s.th. one has desired; to be or become serious, grave (B)

ልብን : ሰሰበ to render exhausted, tired or lethargic (alcoholic drink, warming o.s. by the fire)

ልበን : ሰለበው labbun sälläbäw to render a bit touched, daffy

ልቡን ፡ ሰለበችው labbun sälläbäččaw she captured his heart

ልብን ፡ ሰረቀ to have one's mind or attention fixed on s.th., be preoccupied in thinking about it

ልቡ ፡ ሳሳ (with possessive suffixes) to be or become skinny or gaunt (due to illness)

ልቡ ፡ ተብቀል (with possessive suffixes) to be absorbed, lost in thought, have one's attention fixed on s.th. else; to be enraptured; to be undecided, hesitant

(ልቤ ፡ ይሰቀላል I am preoccupied)

ልቡ ፡ ሰባ to be proud, haughty, to be cruel, heartless

ልብ ፡ ሰበረ to sadden, grieve, break one's heart, to move s.o. to sorrow

ልብ ፡ ሰነጠቀ to upset s.o. (unexpected news), to upset the stomach (water) (KBT)

ልቡን ፡ ሰወረው to stupefy (medicine, philter, drug or illness), to make insane

Aft: Am to encourage, revive s.o.'s courage (B); to open up, tell one's inmost thoughts; to give sincere advice, to devote o.s. entirely

(ሰሴት : ልብ : አትስዋ don't share your inmost thoughts with a woman!)

ልብን ፡ ሰራሪ to understand what s.o. has in mind, correctly evaluate his thinking (KBT)

(ልብ : ለልብ ፣ አይሳልሩም they do not understand each other, appreciate each other's way of thinking) (KBT)

ልቡ : ሻ ፡ አለው to go mad, become crazy, to fall into a rage (B); to be weary from talking or reciting too much (KBT); to flutter (heart)

ልቡ : ተሸበረ labbu täšäbbärä to be troubled, apprehensive

ልብ: ሽንቀሪ to be concerned with or wonder about s.th. one has heard in passing but does not know fully (KBT)

ልቡን ፡ ሽንጠው to rouse s.o.'s spirit, stir his emotions

ልቡ ፡ ሽፈተ (with possessive suffixes) to reject authority, refuse to acknowledge or comply with orders; to change one's mind

ልብ : ቁላ to enrage

All: 4 (with personal suffixes) to have one's attention fixed on s.th. one is eager or in a hurry to do

Aft: # m (with personal suffixes) to desire s.th. greatly, lust after s.th.

ልቡ ፡ ቀረ (with personal suffixes) to have an inclination toward, to be fond of s.th.

ልብ ፡ ቀረው to remain (thoughts) with s.th. one has left behind; not to be at ease

ልቡ : አቃሪ (with personal suffixes) to cause heartburn?

ልብን ፡ ቈረቁረ to observe, watch s.th. attentively (because of one's suspicions about it), to ponder s.th. one does not understand

(1) Aft: \$2m to make up one's mind, to determine, decide to do s.th.

(Aft: habct: hahe has become indecisive)
Aft: that to be incensed because one's commands were not heeded, to be vexed because
s.th. failed to occur despite reiterated demands;
to be very happy (admiring or laughing about
s.th.) (KBT)

አብ: ተቀሰቀሰ to be stirred (feelings, emotions) by what one has seen or heard; to be motivated, inspired to do s.th.

A11: PHPH to become melancholy, sad

ልብ ፡ ተቃጠለ to see the with rage, boil with anger

A-113: 114 to haunt, bother [memory of an unpleasant experience, worry]

ልቡን ፡ በላው labbun ballaw to feel sorry for s.o., be moved to compassion

An: +nh to be thought, considered, noted, studied, observed

An: hold to make more intelligent, to increase one's understanding [advice, instruction] (KBT)

ልበ : ተበሳጨ (with personal suffixes) to be cross, upset (because one did not get s.th. he had his heart set on)

An : The to be distracted, to wander (attention), to be unable to do a task [owing to distraction]; to be hallucinated (B)

ልብ : ተተንኩስ to prepare or devise a trick so that some good may not come to an enemy or to s.o. with whom one has no consanguineal or affinal ties (KBT)

ልብን ፡ ተኰስ to have heartburn

All: this to be pensive, melancholy, sorrowful

An: FA: An (with personal suffixes) to ignore s.th., not to work diligently, not to look around or back, to begin to forget (KBT)

ልብ ፡ ቸኰለ to be eager, anxious to say or to do s.th.

ልቡን ፡ አኖሪ (with personal suffixes) to set one's mind on s.th., to study s.th.

ልበን: ነጣው to take s.th. badly, to cause beartburn, upset the stomach (medicine), to enrage (s.th. one has heard) (KBT); to render insaue; to love s.o. to distraction

All: 1.4 (with personal suffixes) to be on the alert, be wary, keeping an eye on s.th.; to affect, move s.o. (B)

ልብ : ናቀ to scorn, hold in contempt or disdain ልቡን ፡ ነካ(ሙ) labbun näkka(w) to touch one's heart, to render crazy

(ልቤን ፡ አልንካኝም it did not affect me at all)

All : + Tom (with personal suffixes) to be or become upset on hearing bad news, to be moved on hearing good news, to feel a surge of emotion in one's heart (KBT)

ልቡ ፡ ናፊቀ (with personal suffixes) to long or yearn for s.o.

ልብ ፡ አስ to pay attention to, be mindful of, to notice (pay attention to), to take notice of, ob-

serve (note carefully)

(አሁንም ፡ ልብ ፡ ማለት ፡ ተሳንኝ l was still unable to observe/make out [whether or not they had grenades])

(A1: 11th : Xf to look at carefully, attentively)

(ልብ : ብሎ : አዳመጠ to pay attention, listen attentively)

ልብን ፡ አመመ to feel unwell, feel sick (on seeing s.th. bad)

ልቡ : አራሪ. (with personal suffixes) to relax (from worry), have peace of mind (because of carrying out one's plan)

Aft: Aften (with personal suffixes) to become conceited, swell up with pride

ልበ ፣ ታመክ (with personal suffixes) to be upset at s.th.

Aft: AH's (with personal suffixes) to grieve, be sorry about s.th.

ልበ ፡ አደን to be ambitious (B)

An: An to be forgetful; to lack foresight; to disregard the opinions of others, be unconcerned about public opinion; to lose consciousness, lose one's head; to have a mental aberration; to be exhausted (Ar.)

(ብተጣ ፡ ልብ ፡ አጣ he was beside himself with rage)

(A 引サン: タガチ: クルザナ a scatterbrained, promiscuous woman)

Aብ: አሳጣ to drive out of one's senses, drive crazy, to confuse, exhaust; to cause to faint, cause to lose consciousness (B); to stupefy, to dupe, fool, bamboozle (AYMQ); to drive s.o. wild (intense pain); to put in a state of shock (የፍተ፡ ምት፡ ልብ: አሳመት her mother's death

(የናቷ ፡ ምት ፡ ልብ ፡ አሳጣት her mother's death robbed her of any interest in life)

Afr?: hao to take leave of one's senses, become crazy

An: TAA (with personal suffixes) to grieve, feel pity, be upset by surprise or panic; to be suspicious

ልቡ ፡ ወሰቀ (with personal suffixes) to become discouraged, dejected, disheartened

ልቡን ፡ አወሰቀ to be unsuccesful despite hard work

ልቡ : መላወለ (with personal suffixes) to hesitate, be hesitant, uncertain, undecided (KBT) ልብ ፡ ወረደው to become tired, exhausted, in a

stupor (from exertion), e.g. an ox (AYMQ) ልቡ ፡ ወይቀ (with personal suffixes) to become suddenly sad (on hearing of a misfortune, etc.) (KBT)

ልቡን ፡ አወደቀ to discourage, to abash (B)

ልብ ፡ ወደደ to love, be fond of (KBT)

A 1: 02 to move, stir [vt], to touch (emotionally), to disturb

A1: I'm to accept s.th. as true, to be exclusively concerned with just one matter, to realize it is s.th. popular, well-liked (KBT)

Aft : 113.2 (with personal suffixes) to forget (B)

A-fl: \(\lambda \text{NS.27}\) to take note; to notice, to make sure, to pay attention, to attend to s.th.; to set to with all one's heart; to keep s.th. in mind, retain s.th.

(ልብ ፡ አደረንለት he noticed it/him)

(ልብ : አድርግልኝ be my witness! lit. note [it] for my sake)

AA: har.27 to draw the attention of s.o. to s.th., to point out s.th. to s.o.; to encourage (B); to have s.o. call on a third party to be a witness (Supp.)

(ይሀን: ነገር: ልብ: አስደረገኝ he drew my attention to this matter) (Ar.)

ነንር(ን) ፡ ልብ ፡ አስደረን to recall s.th. to mind (G)

An: £5£5 to be hardhearted, unfeeling, cruel An: 24 to recover consciousness, come to one's senses

ሴትዬዋ ፡ ልቤ ፡ ንብታለች l fell in love with her, lit. this woman entered my heart

(inc: had: no be pleasing, agreeable) (TA)

ልብ ፡ አንባ to become wise (G)

የንጉሥን ፡ ልብ ፡ አንኝ to obtain the monarch's favor, become his favorite

Ad: 74 to acquire good sense, be sensible, to recover one's composure

(በዚህ ፡ ጊዜ ፡ አሳለፌልን ፡ ልብ ፡ ንዛና ፡ የደመቀን ፡ ትኩሳት ፡ ቢለካው at this time Assalläfällən recovered his composure and when he took Dămmäqä's temperature ...)

Aft: +7mAmA to be absorbed, lost in thought Aft: m4 to lose consciousness, to forget everything (esp. due to inebriation), to take leave of one's senses

Aftን : አጠፋ (with personal suffixes) to make s.o. lose his head (G); to cause to faint or lose consciousness: = ልብ : አሳጣ

ልቡን ፡ አጻና to hold to, be steadfast in

ልበን ፡ አጻናና to comfort, console o.s.

A-11: 4.67 to seek, want s.th. one has been thinking about

ልቡ ፡ ፌሬስ to be oppressed, weighed down, to be discouraged; to ache or hurt (heart)

(ተምረሀ ፡ ልብሀ ፡ ፌርሷል you studied to no avail, i.e. you learned nothing)

ልቡን ፡ ፋቀ [ፋቀው] (with personal suffixes) to cause heartburn, to have heartburn, an upset stomach or indigestion

ልቡን ፡ አንድ ፡ አደረገ (with personal suffixes) to make up one's mind

(ልባቸው : ከኔ : ኃር : አይደለም she [pol. pl.] has no affection for me; he [pol. pl.]/they is/are not paying me any attention)

All: 11h one who commits sins, one who thinks only of malicious acts

An: AA weak-spirited, hesitant, indecisive

All: Presumptuous, daring, confident

ልበ : ውሴንት confident manner

ልበ : ምቃት alert, bright, observant

ልበ ፡ ሙት one who does nothing, does not desire or wish anything, unfeeling; lazy, weak

ልበ ፡ ረጋ solemn, grave

An: 4991 chicken which has reddish brown ventral plumage and the rest black (B)

ልበ : ሰንፍ dull (of mind), indecisive, hesitant (B)

ልበ : ሥዕል image or picture of a heart, heartshaped design (KBT)

ស្នា: ៧៩. magnanimous, generous, tolerant

An: PA bull or billygoat which wants to mount even after castration, monk who desires a woman (AYMQ); child who refuses to obey his parents, who is full of pride or arrogance (KBT)

An: PAA short-tempered, having little patience, one who does not weigh matters carefully (KBT)

An: An or An: PAT, An: AAT courageous, resolute, one who does what he says

ልበ ፡ ቁራጭ intrepid, hold (B)

ልበ : ቅን kind, humble, gentle, upright, honest ልበ : ቀው ላላ one who has wanderlust, cannot stay at home (B)

ልበ : ቀይ chicken which has reddish brown ventral plumage (B)

An: nhc bottom of the sea; magnanimous (B); person of deep insight, insightful, patient

ልበ : በጎ chicken which has reddish gray ventral

plumage and the rest white (B)

An: AC labba har intelligent, quick of apprehension; having good judgment (B) (see N&)

(ልበ ፡ ብሩ ፡ ሰው an intelligent man) (Ar.)

ልበ : ብርቱ fearless, indomitable

An: An lacking in grace and manners, forgetful person, lacking in courage

An: (LA: (P) labhä his bonä to be forgetful, to be touched, daft

ልበ: ተላሳ one who listens, pretending to understand, then asks for explanations of what he has just heard (B) (see ታሰሰ)

ልበ : ትልቅ one who thinks of s.th. that is beyond his ability to attain, ambitious

An: +66 proud, one who has lofty fancies, ambitious

ልበ : ተንሽ small-minded, one who does not have lofty thoughts

ልበ : ከንቱ one who thinks of trifling matters or of committing acts of malice

ልበ : ክፍት intelligent, sharp, quick-witted; open, direct

ልበ : ወለሳ heart of gold

ልበ : ውልቅ tired, bored, easily wearied (AYMQ); mindless, unthinking person (KBT)

ልበ : ዳለቻ chicken which has light gray ventral plumage and the rest black (B)

An: AC one who has beautiful dreams or plans but cannot even try to realize them

ልበ ፡ ደረቅ merciless, ruthless, unfeeling

ልበ : ደንቆሮ fool, blockhead

An: 8.785 unfeeling, hardhearted; thoughtless, one who does not consider what might happen to him (KBT)

An: R718 one who does not listen to advice; hardhearted, cruel, implacable

ልበ : ደን.၁ጣ compassionate, easily discouraged

ልበ ፡ ድንጉተ disconsolate, distressed, depressed (B); timid

An: RAC bold, one who fears no one, who is not ashamed of anything

ልበ : ድፍን imbecile, dull-witted, narrowminded, weak-spirited (B); arrogant

ልበ : ንር kindhearted, person who does not harbor hatred

ልበ ፡ ኍሪምሳ = ልበ ፡ ቀ<sup>ላ</sup>ላ (KBT)

ልበ ፡ ጉዳ generous, noble, big-hearted

ልበ : ጕደሎ defective of intelligence, one who

does not have knowledge or the ability to think (KBT)

An : 241 forgetful, lacking retentiveness (memory)

Aff: mA one who forgets everything, even his own affairs (B); a kind of crazy person

ልበ: ዋልቅ one who cogitates, one whose thinking is not divined by others, who does not share his thoughts (KBT)

ልበ ፡ ፕሩ innocent, free of wickedness, benign ልበ ፡ ፕፋር chicken which has black ventral plumage, the rest being of another color (B)

ልበ ፡ ጥን firm, unyielding

An: mff one who plans to do ill, plots to commit wicked deeds (KBT)

An: M&. f indifferent, one who lets himself be insulted, hit or robbed without offering any resistance, meek

Aft : ជាង។ ruthless, pitiless, unfeeling, cruel

ልበ ፡ ጳድቅ righteous, saintly

ልበ ፡ ፌሪ fearful, timid, poltroon

ልበ ፡ ፌዛዛ one who just sits there stupidly without doing anything

ልብ ፡ ስልብ heart-to-heart, intimately

(እኔና ፡ እሱ ፡ ልብ ፡ ለልብ ፡ ተጫወትን he and l had a heart-to-heart talk)

ልብ ፡ ማድረጊያ means for making one attentive or for pointing s.th. out, e.g. a warning notice

ልብ ፡ ራስ soft spot at the juncture of the chest and abdomen

An: AAn labb alba (also written Ann) forgetful, heartless; women's pantaloons which have high cuffs of embroidered silk

ልብ ፣ አቍስል importunate, nagging, argumentative

ልብ : አብርድ drink which cools the stomach, e.g. water, milk

ልብ ፡ አብሽቅ one who aggravates, provokes, one who causes grief

ልብ : አብማን one who aggravates, provokes

ልብ : እንድድ arrack, bad drink

ልብ : አውልቅ one who is nagging, boring

ልብ ፡ አድርቅ importunate

A41: A562 one who retains or remembers what he has seen, heard or learned

ልብ ፡ ውልቅ one who bores, wearies or disgusts, importunate person (also ልብ ፡ ውልቅ ləbbä wəlləq)

ልብ ፡ ወለድ [wälläd] fiction, imagination, in-

vention, invented thing; reason, motive, reasoning (B); self-willed, independent (Ar.)

(ልብ ፡ ወለድ ፡ ታሪክ novel, fiction)

(አጭር ፡ ልብ ፡ ወለድ ፡ ታሪክ short story)

(ልብ ፡ ወለድ ፡ መጽሐፍ novel)

ልብ ፡ መሰድነት self-will, independence (Ar.); state or condition of being fiction, fictional quality

ልብ ፡ ው ጋት iron spikes [square or rectangular in cross section]

ልብ ፡ የሉለው poltroon, fearful, pusillanimous ልብ ፡ የስሽ one who cannot keep track of what

he is doing, forgetful ሁለት ፡ ልብ hesitant, indecisive

መንታ : ልብ hesitant, indecisive

በልብ ፡ ለልብ in ፀጉርዋን ፡ አየውተቱ ፡ አንደሚያስወሙት ፡ በልባቸው ፡ ለልባቸው ፡ ቃል ፡ ፕሮ she promised herself in her heart of hearts that she would get her out [of the building] by dragging her out by the hair

በልቡ : ተኛ to lie prone

በልብ ፡ አዋለ to remember, keep in mind በሙሉ ፣ ልብ wholeheartedly, unreservedly, actively

(በሙሉ ፡ ልብ ፡ መጠበቅ ፡ አይቻልም it is impossible to wait confidently, optimistically)

በእንቅልፍ ፣ ልቡ in one's dreams, while asleep በንማሽ ፣ ልብ halfheartedly

አልብ ፡ 10 in አልብ ፡ የማይገባ ələbb yämmaygäba not up to snuff, not what is expected (የሚውራው ፡ ሥራ ፡ ሁሉ ፡ አልብ ፡ አይገባም the

work he does is not up to standard) **\( \chi 97.6: A-1) and alabb** at will, freely, as one pleases, without restriction

(\lambda \text{X} : \text{Aft} : \text{\$\sigma \text{to be or become as one wishes})}

(እንደ ፡ ልበ ፡ በላ to eat to one's heart's content)

ክልብ heartily, truly, warmly, sincerely

(ከልብም ፡ በ.ሆን ፡ ከአፍ whether sincerely or not...)

(ከልብ ፡ የሆነ sincere, genuine [emotion])

(had: far) feigned, insincere, phony)

(ከልበ ፡ ይመስለኛ ል I think he's sincere about it)

(ክልበ ፡ ተንስቀሰቀ to sob, cry bitterly)

(ከልብህ ፡ ነው do you really mean it?)

(ክልብ ፣ አንስንስ to serve willingly and loyally)

(hAd: &AT to desire deeply, sincerely, really desire)

hian kännälebb or haan källälebb knowingly, voluntarily, by heart (B)

PAI cardiac; inmost (desire, feeling), inner;

staunch (friend), cordial

(የልባቸውን ፡ ስለንስጹልኝ since he had revealed to me his innermost thoughts ...)

(የልብ ፡ ሰላምታዬን ፡ አቀርባስሁ I offer my sincere greetings)

(የልብ : በሽታ heart disease, heart trouble)

የልብ ፡ ትርታ heartbeat, pulse

የልብ ፡ ትዝታ memory, recollection of s.th.

የልብ : ነው it is serious, he means it

FAA: 57C s.th. basic, essential, heartfelt matter, s.th. sincere, unfeigned, not the product of fancy or the imagination (KBT)

የልብ : ነፃነት clear conscience, absence of malicious thoughts or plans (KBT)

የልብ ፡ አምሮት desire, will, wish

የልብ ፡ ደም pondering, being intelligent (KBT)

PART: NAR: ARCI keeping my own counsel, keeping my inmost thoughts to myself

የልቡን ፡ ሰm to pour out one's heart, speak freely

PART: 1772 to say what one has on one's mind, to be frank

የልቤ : ደረበልኝ I got just what I wanted

የልቡን : አደረበ to slake one's vengeance, to achieve one's aim, reach the height of one's desires

የልብ : ልብ : በቃው to be extremely confident, bold

የሴት ፡ ልብ a plant (Rhamphicarpa heuglinii)

ያንድ ፡ ልብ unanimous, by common consent

(ውስተኝ : ልቤ : አያልሁ : ሳመጋህ I'm telling you, considering [you] my second heart, i.e. making you privy to my deepest secrets)

AAP labbam intelligent, clever, observant, insightful; attentive (Ar.)

(ልባም : እቃ euphemism for chamber pot) (Ar.) ልባምንት labhamannät intelligence; attentiveness (Ar.)

AAF ləbbäňňa = ləbbam

ልበኛንት ləbbäňňannät = ləbbamənnät

Aft's labhuna or Aft's labhona sense, intelligence, mind, conscience, faculty of understanding

(ልቡና ፡ ይስጥህ labhuna yastah be sensible) ልቡና ፡ በላ to be still seething (person after be-

( TOC1: AMS development of the intelligence [through training or education]) (KBT)

ሥን ፡ ልበና psychology

ing angered)

០០ : ស្នា។ a plant (Polygala abyssinica or Poly-

gala steudneri)

Anh. Iabba'i forgetful (An + h. Geez negative particle)

ልባዊ lahhawi intelligent, sincerc

**68:** AAR əsä ləbbawi a plant (Becium odoratum. Polygala abyssinica, poss. Piloseloides hirsuta)

AAR labbawe noting, observing, becoming intelligent (from Geez AAD to be intelligent')

ለብሕ läbəh clay, brick (Geez) (KBT)

ልብላህ ፡ ልብላህ ፡ አለ(ው) lablah lablah alä(w) to be or become very nervous, very apprehensive

Aกลศ labhalma women's pantaloons, var. of ลกลก

Anan lähälläbä to burn slightly, singe, toast or scorch, e.g. the beam of a plow in order to harden the wood; to sting, burn (pepper, nettle); to mutter, mumble, to chatter, babble: to cajole. deceive with fair words; to whip lightly, switch; to rebuke harshly, utter stinging insults; to make somewhat ill (typhus); to burn out a defeated district or village, to ravage (a district); to tie, join or link together (mule or horse's harness) (AYMQ)

(ሰብልቦኝ ፡ ሄደ he deceived me and left) (G)

(በርበሬ : ይለበልባል red pepper burns)

በንገር ፡ ለበለበው to pester, torment

(ንባብን : ይለበልባል he reads, recites rapidly)

(ጠጁን ፡ ሰበሰበው täǧǧun lähälläbäw to drink täǧǧ-mead with relish)

(ጽሑፉን ፣ ለበለበ to scan)

กากก läballäbä to scorch somewhat, singe a

ተለበለበ tälähälläbä to be burned slightly, seorched a bit (skin or the surface of s.th.)

ተሰባለ() täläballäbä to burn or sting one another; to deceive one another

kanan alläbatläbä to help to scorch, singe, to cause to deceive one another

Annan asläbälläbä to cause or allow to singe; cause or allow to mutter; cause or allow to cajole or deceive as above; to cause or allow to sting, burn as above; cause s.o. to switch a third party or have s.o. switched, etc.

ለበለባ läbäläba scorching, singeing

ለበለብ läbäläb singed; switched; scorched (KBT)

ሰብላቢ läblabi stinging, burning, e.g. fire, nettles, pepper; mumbler

ሰብላቢት läblabit nettle

**A-flaq läblabba** chatterbox, windbag; one who speaks rapidly; backbiter, mischief-maker (B)

(አል ፡ ሰብላባ one who has a sharp tongue, who utters cutting remarks)

AAAA lahläba act of singcing, scorching; muttering or mumbling (in reading or reciting); cajolery, flattery

A-1141. labalabi stung (by nettles), scorched, singed, burned (by pepper); portion of the bärbärre-pepper pod where the seeds are, which is very hot if made into pepper sauce; bran of flour (B)

A-AAA labellabe the burning or stinging (of pepper, etc.), scorching or singeing (of wood to harden it)

ልብስቦ lablabo burning, e.g. to clear land for cultivation (Supp.)

AAAA lablab scorched, singed

(አራ ፡ ልብልብ one who has a sharp tongue, who utters cutting remarks)

ልብልባት lablabat scorching, singeing, switching

ተስባሳቢ täläbalabi s.th. or s.o. that scorches or stings

ተሰብሳቢ täläblabi plow beam, yoke, etc. which is to be hardened by scorching

አስብሳቢት aläblabit nettle, stinging thing, e.g. the አባ ፡ ጨንሬ caterpillar

አለብላቢታም aläblabitam plant or insect which produces a bad sting or burn (KBT)

አስስብላቢ asläblabi one who has s.o. scorch, switch, etc.

ምስባስቢያ mälläbaläbiya serving for or referring to deceiving one another (G)

ምለብለቢያ mäläbläbiya means for scorching, e.g. twigs, straw, hay; narrow strips for tying or attaching the harness of a horse or mule, e.g. strap used in place of the bit

ማስሰብሰብ, s masläbläbiya means for having s.o. scoreb or singe

አለባለብ allähaläh manner of singeing, scorching, etc.

ልባልባ labbalba women's pantaloons (see ልብ)

ሰባልብ läb(b)aləb blooming youth; name of a disease (Supp.) (see ልብ)

AR läbbämä B to take note, notice, to understand, to be intelligent, sensible; to devise a plan, a stratagem; to be shrewd, prudent (ABMQ); to prepare, make preparations, put in order; to put aside a reserve to be expended later (AYMQ); to make a soft mattress for a bed; to make a small granary of woven grasses; to measure out or grind grain for the Host (KBT)

ተሰበመ täläbbämä to be realized, understood; to be measured out to be ground (grain for the Host)

አስበመ aläbbämä to render intelligent, sensible, to remind, call to mind, to suggest, cause to remember

አስስቢው asläbbämä to render intelligent, sensible, to teach, instruct, to advise, to point out, draw one's attention to; to explain, inform; to have s.o. grind grain as above, have it ground ሰበማ läbbäma being intelligent, observant, prudent (KBT)

**Ang.** läbbami one who prepares, who grinds grain for the Host; intelligent, sensible

ስባሚንት läbhaminnät state or condition of being one who grinds grain for the Host (KBT)

ስባማ läbbamma prepared, made (flour as above); stored (reserve) (KBT)

ART labbama knowledge; grinding flour for the Host

And labbame doing various kinds of mental work, e.g. philosophizing, etc.; preparing and laying aside (KBT)

ልባም labham intelligent, insightful (see also ልብ)

AAP labbam joined or brought together (many things); ground (flour); tall pottery container for the flour which is to be made into the Host; anything to be made by hand, s.th. finished, made by hand (KBT)

(ልብም : መምበር upholstered chair)

ልብማት labbamat knowledge

አለባሚ aläbhami one who or thing which makes one intelligent

አስለባሚ, aslähbami one who has given grain for the Host

መለበሚያ mäläbbämiya means for understanding, for grinding as above; means for tying, e.g. rope, strap

ማለበሚያ maläbhämiya means for making s.o. sensible

ማስሰባሚያ masläbhämiya means for informing, having s.o. be sensible, having grain ground ከሰባበም alläbahäm manner of knowing, etc.

ልባም labbam chamber pot (see ሰበመ above)

ሊብሬ libre automobile registration It.

ሊበራል lihäral liberal (pol.) Eng. ሊበራልንት libäralənnät liberalism (pol.)

ሳቦራቶሪ laboratori or ሳቦራተር laboratär laboratory Eng., Fr.

ሳቦራ-ተረኛ laboratäräňňa lab technician

Ann läbbäsä to wear (a garment), to put on (clothes, a dress), to get dressed, dress o.s., cover o.s. with s.th., to cover o.s. up; to screen, shroud, envelop, e.g. in darkness; to drink heavily; to accept (a judgment); to grow hair or fur (animal), to be covered with shame, humiliation (person convicted of wrongdoing)

(ሰብሏል he is dressed)

ጎፍረትን ፣ ስበሰ to be covered with shame, be disgraced

ሥርዓትን: ሰበሰ to summon one's bondsman, to bow to the law or legal decision; to wear one's garments in a fashion showing respect for one's betters or for the church one is entering (KBT) ሰድብን፡ ሰበሰ to fail to react to an insult, take an insult lying down

כיש: החוז to take on human form, become man [Christ]

ሽማውን ፡ ሰበሰ to put on one's šämma-garment ትሕትናን ፡ ሰበሰ to act or be polite

አፈርን : ሰበሰ to be buried

ዓይን ፡ ይም ፡ ሰበሰ to be or become bloodshot, become inflamed with rage [eye]

የቆርቆሮ ፡ ክዳን ፡ ለበሰ to roof with corrugated iron

አሳባሽ ፡ ኃሻን ፡ ሰበስ to shield o.s. with a large [allabas] shield

mሰሽትን : ሰበሰ to become dark with fright [Ethiopian's face] on hearing very bad news

ጨረቃ ፡ ደም ፡ ለበሰ to turn red [moon]

ล.ว : กักิก sägga läbbäsä to be endowed with grace

(X.): Ann be endowed with grace, i.e. may He bless you)

ጀሮ ፡ ደብ ፡ ልበስ ፡ አስ to pretend not to hear s.th., to be inattentive

ፍርዱን : ለበሰ to accept the judgment

(ሰብሰህ: ፍርው blessing said to s.o. wearing a new garment, lit. wear it out by putting it on!) ሰብሰስ läbabbäsä to dress o.s. completely, finish dressing, to dress o.s. incompletely or scantily, to dress o.s. well, dress up

ተሰበሰ tälähbäsä to be worn, put on, donned (garment); to be obscured, concealed, disguised, cloaked or dissembled; to be corroborated (Ar.)

ተላበሰ tälabbäsä to dress o.s. properly; to be put on top of one another, worn at the same time (several garments); to wrap o.s. up completely (in a cloak or blanket); to cover another with one's own garment so that both are covered; to be confused (situation) (ABMQ); to agree with one another

(ምሽ-ኔን፡ ተላብሼ ፡ ተንሣሁ I set out under cover of darkness)

(ፍላጐትና ፡ ብቃቱን ፡ ተላብሰው ፡ በዚህ ፡ ክቡር ፡ ሥራ ፡ ላይ ፡ የተሰማሩት those engaged in this noble task, being endowed with enthusiasm and competence)

ተሰብሽ I being enveloped in her love)
ተሰብስ täläbabbäsä to dress o.s. with care; to
be obscured, concealed, disguised (several
things), to be kept secret or hidden (one or
more things); to hide from each other; to pretend not to hear or recognize each other

Ann aläbhäsä to clothe, to dress [vt], to cover; to obscure, conceal, disguise, cloak, dissemble (Ar.); to screen from view; to cover the ground (seedlings, etc.); to decorate s.o. with a silk shirt (monarch as a sign of favor or as a reward for services) (obs.); to corroborate, confirm the testimony or support the assertion (of s.o.) (Ar., B)

(ማሳውን : አለበሰ masawan aläbbäsä to resow one's field)

ቃሉን ፡ ደግሞ ፡ አለበስ to confirm, corroborate s.o.'s utterance, reinforce (a sentence or verdict), e.g. the monarch reaffirming a decree, etc. issued by a noble or governor (KBT)

(የጠፋውን ፡ ትምሀርት ፡ አለበስ to review a lesson one has forgotten)

አሳበስ aflabhäsä to help to cover, to cover up, cover over completely; to flood, pervade or spread throughout an area (water, an invading army)

አስባበሰ alähahbäsä to clothe or dress [vt] incompletely or scantily; to do s.th. perfunctorily,

incompletely, not well; to obscure, conceal or mislead concerning, to hush up s.th., cover up s.th., e.g. a secret; to render hypocritical; to read or recite badly; to distribute clothes to; to cause to dress hastily

(ቢናነሩኝ ፡ ነገር ፡ እንዲያው ፡ አስባብሰው ፡ ሊቀሰል ፡ አይችልም ፡ እንዴኔ ፡ ያለ ፡ ሰው when they speak to me thusly, glossing matters over, a person like myself cannot accept [what they say])

(አለባብሶ ፡ አረሰ to plow superficially)

(አልባብሶ : ጠረን to clean superficially)

**hadda allababbasa** to obscure, conceal or mislead concerning; to hush up s.th., cover up s.th., e.g. a secret; to render hypocritical; to distribute clothes to

አስስበስ asläbbäsä to cause or allow to dress or be dressed, to have s.o. put on clothes, have him gird himself for battle

ለበሳ läbäsa putting on clothes, manner of dressing, wearing clothes

ለበስ läbbäs (used only in compounds)

(AP: AAA person who does wicked deeds but makes them seem praiseworthy; fine words which mask an ill intent; kind of poetry in which harsh statements are presented in seemingly gentle words)

(ሰም ፡ ስበስ ፡ ነገርን ፡ ተናገረ to speak in veiled terms)

(ብረት ፡ ለበስ armored [car]; hardware [computer])

(ንሐስ ፣ ስበስ copper-jacketed [bullet])

(ዕው ቀት ፡ ስበስ software [computer])

(ጉም : ለበስ cloud-covered)

ስበስ ፡ አስ läbäss alä to be somewhat thick (šämma-garment)

ሰባሽ läbaš one who dons, puts on a garment, wears s.th.

(542 : A47 irregular [soldier], plainclothes [detective])

(ደላጎን ፡ ለባሽ ragamuffin) (KBT)

ስባሳ läbasa dressed, clothed (KBT)

ለባሴ läbase in ለባሴ ፡ ሥጋ mortal, lit. garbed in flesh

And labasa putting on or wearing clothes And labas clothed (Geez)

ልበሰ ፡ ሥጋ ləbusä səga demon, evil spirit which has possessed s.o.

And labbas dressed, worn, put on (garment): garment which is starting to become threadbare

A4h labas covering, cover (of a book); makeshift roof or thatching for a house; skin or hide used to protect the pack on a pack animal's back from the rain

A fin labs dress, clothes, garment, costume, robe, apparel, gown; cover, covering, cloth; concealed, obscured or secret [adj.] (Ar.); the upper part of the haystack which is roughly conical in shape (B)

ልብስ ፡ ማርያም labsä maryam cape of blue and red velvet (which the Virgin is generally depicted as wearing)

ልብሰ ፡ መንግሥት robes of state (worn only by the monarch)

ልብሰ ፣ ምድር flora

ልብሰ ፡ ብርሃን raiment or garment(s) of light

ልብሰ ፡ ተከሆኖ priestly or sacerdotal vestments ልብሰ ፡ ዕውድ clothes worn in public places; screen of šämma-garments (to conceal a person of status who is cating)

A-fla : 00% screen of šämma-garments (to screen a person of status from being seen while he is eating, his servants will stand around him with their šämmas held out)

A flå : ክርስቶስ labsä krastos pers. n. (Supp.)

ልብስ ፡ ሰራ labs säfi tailor

ልብስ ፡ አጣቢ ፡ ቤት laundry

ልብስ : 7ፋፊ scrvant of the afä-mämhər who takes the clothing of the deceased; robber

ልብሴን ፡ ጨርቂን odds and ends, jumble of miscellaneous items

ልብ4ልብሴ labsalabse all my garments (Supp.)

የልብስ ፡ ቤት ፡ ሹም warehouse keeper (B)

የልብስ ፡ ፋብራኮች clothing factories

መለውጫ ፡ ልብስ change of clothing ሙሉ ፡ ልብስ suit

ሥረ ፡ ውጥ ፡ ልብስ garment like a gabi-cloak made from a single piece of material

ብርድ : ልብስ blanket

ቦፌ ፡ ልብስ everyday attire (B)

ንጭ ፡ ልብስ clean clothes (traditional dress was usually white)

እሳቂ ፡ ልብስ worn-out garments, rags, tatters

እግዳማ, ፣ ልብስ kuta-shawl, the pieces of which are sewn together horizontally

መራጅ ፡ ልብስ castoff clothing

ውይባ : ልብስ garments dyed yellow (by dipping them in an infusion of the aballo-leaf) for mourning

ዛሎል፣ ልብስ snail

የሐዘን : ልብለ mourning garments (us. dyed black)

የሳይ : ልብስ outer clothing

የሙስብ ፡ ልብለ covering for the mäsob-basket ያመት ፡ ልብስ in የዕለት ፡ ጉርስ ፡ ያመት ፡ ልብስ one's daily bread and a new suit of clothes per year (traditional wages for a servant) (obs.)

ranks: And cloth covering for the small box in which one's valuables are kept

የሥራ ፡ ልብስ work clothes

የስርክ : ልብስ everyday attire

የበዓል : ልብስ holiday finery, hest clothes

Phap: A fin bedspread, bedding, linen, bed sheet

ያንንት ፣ ልብለ shawl, scarf

የዕንጨት ፡ ልብስ wood moss

የኩበት : ልብስ covering of branches and straw to keep the stack of dung cakes dry during the rainy season (B)

Phi : A 11 A Sunday clothes, finery, clothing worn on special occasions or holidays

የውሃ ፡ ልብስ water moss

የውስጥ : ልብስ underclothing, slip (garment)

የዝናብ : ልብስ raincoat, rainwear

የደንብ ፡ ልብስ uniform

የደንጊያ : ልብስ moss

ያገልግል ፡ ልብስ covering for the agälgəl-basket የመር ፡ ልብስ helmet, breastplate (obs.)

የጠረጴዛ ፣ ልብስ tablecloth

ደንጊያ : ልብሱ turtle

ሳጻ ፡ ልብስ garment lacking a colored stripe along the hem

(አንፎ ፡ ልብስ ፡ ነው [one's] home district is [just like] clothing, i.e. it provides protection) (KBT)

(ስድብና ፡ መደፈሩ ፡ ልብሱ ፡ ሆኖ insult and injury having become his clothes (i.e. s.th. he was never without)

A-1119 labsam having many clothes

ልብስ labbas worn (clothing)

ልብስ ፡ ሰቃቃሚ labbas läqaqami one who buys or asks for the worn clothing of others although be has decent garments

ልብስ ፡ ወዳድ labbas wäddad one who looks for the castoff garments or rags of others (B)

ልብሳት labbasat state or condition of clothing o.s., manner of dressing (AYMQ)

ለበስተኔ läbbästän(n)e in ለበስተኔ ፡ ይመና cirrus (neol.)

ልብስብስ lebesbes in ልብስብስ ፡ ቃል embellish-

ments in speech (Qur'an)

ተሰባሽ täläbaš s.th. which is to be covered; s.o. who is to be clothed; s.th. which is to be put on ተሰባብሶ täläbabso name given a dog (AYMQ) አሳባሽ allabaš one who helps clothe or cover; large garment covering several persons; big tent, large shield (KBT)

(১১৭% : ১৭৫ large garment covering several persons) (KBT)

(አሳባሽ : ትጠል broad-leaved plant [like ensete or gommän])

(มิกุกา : มา & large shield which covers the user from head to toe)

(১১৭ : এব large shield which covers the user from head to toe)

አለባሶ aläbaso grass thatch

(ቤት : ሲያዋቅር : አለባሉ : ሲከድን : ውይም : ከፍክፍ : ሲከፈክፍ when he makes a house roof and covers it with thatch or when he trims it ...) አላብሴ allabasse one who clothes the needy; large tent which can shelter many people; wide

garment (KBT)

hann albas one who clothes, covers, valet;
one who decorates

አልባሽነት albašannät state or condition of being one who clothes, dresses

hagh albas group, faction, party; staff of a school or government office, board [administrative] (KBT)

አልባስ albas Gecz pl. of ልብስ 'clothing'

hage albase thinly and roughly thatched, thin, rough thatch (Ar.); hairdo of narrow braids

አልብስ albes in ሽማ ፡ አልብስ a green, fly-cating praying mantis

አልብሽኝ ፡ አንተርሽኝ albəšəňň antäršəňň a plethora of complications, all kinds of excuses; demanding to be indulged, spoiled

(የዛሬ ፡ ቀን ፡ ባልብሽኝ ፡ ባንተርሽኝ ፡ መሽ today was spent in a turmoil)

አልባሳት albasat clothing, garments, clothes, cloths (Geez pl.)

หกักๆถึ asläbbas one who has s.o. clothe a third party, has s.o. clothed, etc.

**confirm** mälläbäsa time, occasion for being dressed up, putting on clothes, e.g. holiday, job, etc.

covering (Ar.); width, length of a garment, its measurements or size; collar, snaps or fasten-

ings for a cape or burnoose (KBT)

ምልበኝ mälbäsa means of, place or time for dressing o.s., e.g. a holiday or festival, dressing-room, cover or covering; size or measurement of a garment

ማላበሻ mallabäša extra clothing

ማልበኝ malbäša means of covering s.th., tent ማስሰበኝ masläbbäša serving for or referring to having others dressed, etc.

አስባበስ alläbabäs manner of dressing, putting on clothes, dress (way one dresses)

ለባሻ lebaša or ሌባሻይ lebašay young boy who is given an intoxicating drink and then sent out to identify a thief (see ሌባ above)

ሰብታ läbbäqä B to hit with the fist, to strike with a flexible branch or cane; to move or sway the hips (däbtära-cantor in dancing); to cause to vomit

(ልበን ፡ ለበታው to vomit [due to an upset stomach, an excess of bile])

ስባበቀ lähahhäqä to strike with a wand or cane repeatedly

ተለበቀ täläbbäqä to be struck as above; to be upset (stomach); to be made (hip movements as above)

አላበቀ allabbäqä to cause to quarrel, incite strife, cause people to strike each other with wands or caues

እስሰበታ asläbbäqä to have s.o. strike a person as above, to have s.o. struck as above

\\\Omega\mathcal{P} \quad \text{läbäqa weak, wishy-washy} \\\

ሰበት läbäq wand, flexible, green stick used for driving cattle, withe, wattle

ለባዊ läbbaqi one who strikes as above; illness, bad drink or *koso*-medicine which causes vomiting

ስባቃ läbbaqqa flexible (wand or cane); cowardly, wishy-wasby

And labbaque striking or switching with a flexible wand or cane; shaking the hips (KBT)

AAR labbagi struck or switched as above

**A**♠♠ labbaqe striking as above; vomiting continuously (KBT)

A 대한 labbaq struck or switched; flexible

ልብቅ ፡ ልብቅ ፡ አለ labbaqq labbaqq alä to bend (down) [vi]; to be flexible (G, B)

ልብቀት labgat deflection (neol.)

ተለባዊ tälähbaqi one who is to be switched or struck; one who waddles, sways his hips in walking; flexible

**hate** allabaqi one who incites discord, who makes people quarrel with each other

መለበቂያ mäläbbäqiya means for striking, e.g. switch, wand

ማሳበቂያ mallabäqiya means for inciting strife, e.g. lie, talebearing

አለባብቅ alläbabäq manner of striking, of vomiting

ለብቃ läbqa malarial, hot lowland locality in Märhabete where there is a hot spring 1013 N 3909 E

ለብቅሎም läbäqlom strangles, a disease afflicting foals (B)

Ann läbbäbä B to put on the halter or headstall (on a donkey, horse or camel); to understand s.th. which must be done mentally, to have insight, be perspicacious, to be intelligent, wise, clever; to be or become a physician; to be reserved, patient; to produce pith or pulp (plant, tree, fruit) (KBT)

(በቅሎውን ፡ ለበበ to put a balter on a mule)

ተሰበበ tälähbähä to have the balter put on

እስለበበ asläbhäbä to cause s.o. to put the halter on, have the halter put on a mount

afi-fi läb(b)äb (mule, etc.) which has the halter on (KBT)

ann. lähhabi groom, etc. who puts the balter on

ለባቢት läbbabit recognition [one of the three qualities of the soul]

ANA labbaba act of putting the balter on

A(l'-fl labhuh sensible, prudent (Adăfras)

A $\Omega$ , ləbbabi = läb(b)äb (KBT)

Ann. labbabe putting on the halter; producing pith or pulp (plant); being clever, intelligent (KBT); prudence, intelligence (G)

Ann labab halter, beadstail

AAA labbab having the halter or headstall on; intelligent, prudent (KBT)

A-10-1- labbabat manner of putting on the halter (AYMQ)

መስበቢያ mäläbbäbiya means of, place or time for putting on the halter, halter, headstall

መለበቢያ mälläbäbiya means of, place or time

for having a halter put on, halter, headstall **Thann.** I masläbbäbiya means, etc. for having the halter put on, etc.

አለባበብ alläbabäb manner of putting on a halter, etc.

ሰቦዊ läboba feather (Ar.)

ሳበት labat or ሳቦት labot sweat, strong heat, vapor (see ሳበ above)

\*ለቡተ - አልባች in ምን። አልባች man albač var. of ምናልባት 'perhaps'

An F läb(b) äč(č) a a wrestling hold in which one seizes his adversary in the area of the hip bone and trips him up

ANY lebäča pad, wadding or cushion added to the saddle strap where it passes under the mount's tail

ሌቤት leh(b)eč wrestling hold (KBT) (see ለበቻ above)

ሊጤቻይ lebečay var. of ሌበቻ above

An3 läbän the Lebel rifle, an obsolete rifle of French make

(ማሽለኛ ፡ ለበን medium-sized Lebel rifle, seven rounds, no bayonet)

(心下呼: Aft? long Lebel rifle having a ninc-shot magazine)

(አጭር ፣ ለበን Lebel carbine)

(የመንግሥት : ለበን Lebel rifle which has a bayonet and a loader)

(የኮንፓኒያ ፡ ለበን Lebel rifle which has a bayonet and a loader)

ለበን läbän lower lip

ለበናም täbänam having a large lower lip

\*ለበን - ተለባኝ täläb(b)aň one who observes, watches, scrutinizes

And Juhan white incense (KBT) Ar. luban 'frankincense', 'olibanum'

**A.03** libän district in Sidamo 0513N 3958E; and Wollo 1001N 3827E; name of an Oromo tribe; masc. pers. n.

ልበና labbuna or ልበና labbuna intelligence, sense, mind (see ልብ)

ልብን laban myrrh (Geez)

ልብን ፡ ድንግል Labnä dangal Emperor of

Ethiopia 1508-1540

ማየ : ልብን a kind of perfume (KBT)

ሊባኖስ libanos Lebanou, cedar(s) of Lebanou

አባ: ሊባኖስ Abba Libanos, one of the Nine Roman Suints

ደብረ ፡ ሊባኖስ Däbrä Libanos 0943 N 3852 E, a famous monastery in northeastern Shoa ክስባኖስ zälibanos foo!

ልባንጃ ləbanğa odoriferous wood or bark which women use to fumigate themselves (Styrax L.)

ለበመ lähäwä to be intelligent (Geez only)
A ባዊ ləbbawe noting, observing, becoming intelligent

ሲብያ libya Libya; liter (KBT)

Ang läbbädä B to clear land for plowing (by entting down trees and bushes); to lop off branchcs; to mow much grass; to beat up game; to setthe in the wilderness and bring it under cultivation; to plug, seal, fill in the clinks; to cover
with a coating of plaster or dung; to cover the
sky (clouds); to glue on, paste on; to cover with
a sticky substance, e.g. glue, tar, euphorbia
sap; to solder; to repair; to destroy, ruin or
wreck completely; to cover a saddle with leathcr; to put a saddle blanket on a horse's back; to
edge a basket with leather; to heat, put a pot on
the fire (AYMQ)

AAAA läbabbädä to clear many places, much land; to plug, seal many holes, etc. (KBT)

TAME täläbbädä to be covered with leather, to be plugged up, sealed, to be repaired or soldered

አስለብደ aslähbädä to have s.o. cover s.th. with leather, have s.th. covered with leather

And läh(b)äda clearing, sealing, cleared area, cutdown trees and brush

ለበድ läbbäd covered (with leather), lined (garment)

↑↑ läbbağ one who covers a saddle with leather

And labbada sewing a lining in a garment; clearing land (ABMQ)

Any labbağ covered with leather, etc. as above

AAL labbade covering a saddle, etc., with leather (KBT)

ልባድ lobbad in ልባደ ፡ ዓታቅ lobbadä 'ajq ar-

ticular membrane (neol.)

A-11.2 labd covering sewn to the underside of a saddle (to protect the animal's back), horse blanket, etc.; leather garment worn underneath armor or chain mail (obs.) (AYMQ)

(ልብድ ፡ ሥሪ labd säri maker of leather saddle coverings)

A-11.8 lahbad plugged up, covered over; one who wears a red leather mat

ልብዳት labbadat covering with leather

ተለባጅ täläbbağ thing to be covered as above አስለባጅ asläbbağ one who has s.o. cover with leather, has s.th. covered with leather

መለበጃ mälähhäga means for covering, e.g. horseblanket, leather, needle or awl, sinews ማስለበጃ masläbbäga means or time for having

s.th. covered with leather, etc.

አለባበድ allähahäd manner or covering as above

Aftm läbbätä B to overlay (with metal, wood, etc.); to encase (Ar.); to edge with leather, e.g. a basket; to gild, silver, decorate with silver or gold spangles; to pare or peel; to speak ill while making one's words seem good, to mock, speak sarcastically, to disparage; to be lukewarm, tepid (water); to tar, besmear or coat with a layer of glue, varnish, etc. (B)

(ወርቅ ፡ ለበm to gild)

(AC: Allm to silver)

ARR läbabbätä to decorate or embellish many objects as above; to peel or pare many objects (KBT); to cover or coat here and there; to smear (with a coating) here and there

•haan tälähbätä to be overlaid, encased (Ar.); to be edged with leather; to be covered; to be embellished or decorated; to be peeled or pared

ተለባበጠ täläbabbätä to be coated, covered here and there, not completely; to flatter each other

**h4fin allabbăță** to help to cover or coat; to help to pare or peel

አለባበጠ alläbabbätä = allabbätä

**handim** asläbbätä to cause or allow to overlay or be overlaid (Ar.); to have s.o. decorate or cover with leather, have s.th. decorated, covered with leather, etc.

Ann läbäta scorn, irony, pretended approval which is actually critical, veiled, biting com-

ments, mockery, verbal malice, flattery; one who gives lip service, says s.th. nice for politeness' sake

(ለበጣ ፡ ነገር insincere speech)

(የስዚብ ፡ አን.ጋገር yäläbäta annägagär flattery) ለቤተ läbbät = lähäta; slide, descent or slope down to a river (Gondare usage) (KBT); waste ground on river banks (B); shrew

ለበጉ ፡ አለ läbätt alä to yield to pressure, give; to prostrate o.s., to bow, bend over; to lie down (Ar.); to submit, acquiesce (Ar.); to be lukewarm, tepid (water)

(ሰበተ ፣ ብሏል it yields to pressure) (Ar.)

(ይህ ፡ የንጨት ፡ ሆኖ ፡ ለበተ ፡ አይልም ፤ ጠንካራ ፡ ነው this, being made of wood, doesn't bend, it is hard)

ለበጥ ፡ አደረገ läbäṭṭ adärrägä to subdue; to control, govern

ለብጥ ፡ አድርጎ ፡ ገዛ to rule with an iron hand) ለባጭ läbbač one who decorates, embellishes; one who mocks, disparages, one who indulges in destructive criticism; one who flatters; one who pares

ለባጣ lähata peeled off, pared; somewhat bent or depressed (Supp.)

And labbata covering with a sheet of paper; coat of plaster or hide; paring

And labhač paring [n.], pecling [n.]

Ann. labhate mocking or disparaging s.o.

Ann labbat covering for a roof or wall; thin coat of metal, gilt

AAT labbat encasing, close-fitting (Ar.); covered, embellished; pared or peeled

Adm't labbatat act of coating, covering, fastening or affixing s.th. to the surface; coating, varnish, whitewash

ተለባው täläbbač s.th. to be embellished as above, e.g. a tabot; gold used for embellishing መስተጫ mäläbbäča means of, place or time for overlaying, for covering or gilding, etc.; time, place or reason for mocking: plane (woodworking tool)

(ኖለ ፡ መለበጫ material for covering or coating a wall) (G)

መለበጫ mällähäča means of, time or place for being overlaid, etc.

መስባበጫ mälläbabäča time, place or reason for flattering each other

አለባበጥ alläbabät manner of coating, embellishing, etc.

**ハナ lät(t)a** masc. pers. n., a notable of Gədəm in Mänz

ለታ läta or ለት lät day (see እስት)

ለቶ lät(t)o beginning of the big rainy season (ከሬምት) (KBT)

11 lată to make, produce handle(s) (AYMQ)

ላት lat sheep's tail; handle of a knife or sword; butt or stock of a gun (AYMQ); trigger of a gun (Ar. – non-Shoan usage)

ላት: ትንደለ to dock (shorten an animal's tail) የበግ : ሳት sheep's tail; kind of plant (KBT, AYMQ)

የነፋተ : ሳት rifle stock (G)

ሳቶ lat(t)o lesser bustard (B, KBT)

ሴታ leta in ሌታ ፡ ቀን shimmering (silk cloth)

ሴት let night, var. of ሌሲት

(ሴት : ቀን bat)

ሴት ፡ ተቀን let täqän or ሴት ፡ ክቀን let käqän night and day, round the clock

ሴት ፣ እኩል midnight

ሌ ተን ፡ ሙ ሉ all night, the whole night through
ዛሬ ፡ ሴት tonight (with verb in imperfect), last
night (with verb in perfect)

የሌት ፡ ዎፍ bat

**Δት lat** mallow, plant which grows on ash heaps or middens and has a sticky sap which softens scabs. It is boiled and eaten as a stomach remedy (Malva verticillata, I., Malva parviflora)

ልት latt moist (sec ሰተተ)

\*\* toti broad earring of gold, silver or copper or of ivory or horn worn by one who has killed a lion, elephant, panther or rhino

A.P.A.P. lätällätä to go here and there, to move back and forth (like an animal's tail); to sway [vi]; to be restless; to chatter; to frequent a place, visit it often without having an appointment; to put in an appearance (KBT); to slacken, relax or loosen [vi]; to wither or fade (Supp.)

አስተስተ alätällätä to shake [vt], to sway [vt] the body; to wander about idly (ABMQ); to wither, fade; to cause to be withered, faded ስተሰታ lätäläta wandering about; being restless

ስተለት lätälät one who wanders, roves (KBT); what is shaken, s.th. that sways (AYMQ)

ስትላታ lätlatta = lätälät; withered, limp

ለትሉት ፡ አለ lätlätt alä to go around from house to house sponging (AMQ)

Aትሰታ latlata shaking, swaying, wandering about idly

ልትልት lat(al)lat frequenting a place, going to a place many times without having an appointment (KBT)

አስተሳች alätlač one who wanders about idly (KBT)

ማስትስቻ malätläča reason or place for wandering about idly

አስታስት allätalät manner of swaying, etc.

\*ሎተሎተ-ሎትሷታ loti\*atta (= ለትላታ above) (KBT)

A.P. lättämä B to butt, strike with the head, to jostle, knock against, bump into, to poke or prod (with the hand); to hit hard; to trip over s.th.; to card cotton or wool (B); to clean of pellicles; to make wheaten flour; to have many pockmarks, be pockmarked (one who recovered from smallpox)

(መስኰቱን ፡ በኃይል ፡ ለትመው slamming the window)

+h.t. tälättämä to be butted, struck as above, to be bumped into, to be prodded or poked

Fighting rams), to bump into one another (e.g. fighting rams), to bump into one another, crash into, collide with, to poke or prod each other

አሳተመ allattämä to cause to bump into, collide, to cause to butt or to poke one another; to crash, run into (collide)

(አስቅየው ፡ ከአንጬ ፡ ሥር ፡ ያላትመበት ፡ በ ጢ ፡ አንንዳግዶ ፡ አንበሬክነው the blow the boss landed on his chin staggered him and brought him to his knees)

አስስተመ aslättämä to let or allow to butt, to have s.o. prod or poke, to have s.o. butted, poked, etc.

ሰ-ተማ lät(t)äma butting; having many pockmarks (KBT)

ስተም lät(t)äm ground creeper which has a yellow flower

ለተም ፡ አደረገ lätämm adärrägä to be pockmarked (from smallpox); to butt, to collide ለታሚ lättami one who bumps into, collides;

ram which butts

ለታማ lätama one who has bumped into or stumbled over s.th. (KBT)

ልተማ lattäma butting, colliding, jostling, poking; impact (neol.)

A J. 7. lattami one who butts, one who causes s.o. to bump into s.th.

A.F. attame manner of bumping into, butting

Aትም lattom bumped into, collided with; ecchymosis produced by bumping into s.th.

ልትምሽ lattamoš butting, colliding

ልትማት lattamat butting or bumping into one another

አስሲታሚ aslättami one who has s.o. collide, bump into, one who lets or allows to butt, etc. መለተሚያ mälättämiya means for poking or prodding, means for butting, e.g. horns, head መላተሚያ mällatämiya reason, time or place for butting or for prodding one another አለታተም allätatäm manner of butting, etc.

A-L-T lat(t)em pockmarks caused by smallpox, swelling, lump or ache (from a bump)
A-L-T-T lat(t)eman having pockmarks, being pockmarked

ሉተር Intar Martin Luther, German theologian ሉቴራውያን Interawayan Lutherans, members of the Lutheran Church

ሊትር liter ሊትሮ litro or ሊተር liter liter (unit of measurement); glass bottle or vial (KBT)

**ሎተሪ lotäri** lottery Eng.

\*ለተሰ - ተለተሰ tälättäsä to adbere to the soil (L)

▲ナキ? letaqän shimmering (silk cloth) (see ヘナ)

ስተተ lättätä A, B to be or become moist, damp, to be too moist to grind (grain); to stammer, stutter, be tongue-tied; to become weak, tired (from walking), to hurt (legs due to exertion), to give way (knees from exhaustion); to become sour or sticky (batter) (KBT)

(ይህ ፡ ቈርበት ፡ ደርቋል ፤ ጥቂት ፡ ይለት this hide has dried out: let it be moistened)

አለተተ alättätä to moisten, damp; to work (hide), soften (a hide); to weary, exhaust, ren-

der lazy (Ar.)

Aナタ lättäta becoming tired, weak from walking a long way

ለተት lättät s.th. which is too damp or moist to grind; one who is physically tired or is worn-out (KBT)

ለታች lättač one who is tired or worn-out from walking

ヘクタ lät(t)ata moist, damp, worked (hide); tongue-tied

Aナナ ləttäta being tongue-tied, a stammerer (KBT)

ልታቴ lettate not being ground (due to moisture) (KBT)

ልታት lat(t)at second period of night guard duty (and the shortest because it is the most irk-some) (G)

A7 latt moist (see also alphabetical order above)

Air lettet moist

ልትት ፡ አለ lattatt alä to be like the lat-plant; to be very exhausted, worn-out (AYMQ)

መልተቻ mältäča or መለተቻ mälättäča means of, place or time for being or becoming moist, reason for being tired or worn-out, e.g. journey, hard labor

ማልተቻ maltaca means of, place or time for moistening, for exhausting, etc.

አለታተት allätatät manner of being or becoming moist, of becoming weak, tired, etc.

ላተተ lattätä to be or become dumb; to move on all fours, e.g. baby before it can walk (Ar.)

አላተተ alattätä to render dumb

አለታተት allätatät manner of being or becoming dumb

ላተን lattänä to be tepid; to be made or prepared (gänfo-porridge); to combine [vi], blend [vi]

**hatt**'s alattana to make tepid; to make ganfopudding; to blend, combine, mix together, stir together

አላታኝ alataň one who mixes, stirs or blends (KBT)

ማላተኛ malatäňa means for mixing or stirring, etc., e.g. stirrer, stirring rod

አስታተን allätatän manner of mixing, stirring, etc.

ላ-ትን lat(t)än fruit which is taken up by the handful (KBT) ላቲን latin Latin (language)

4:27 latinocc Romance countries, Latin America, people of Iberian or Romance descent

ムナル: ヘナル: トル lattay lattay alä to show off, to give o.s. airs (see ハイ)

AT locce Licce, town in Northwestern Shoa 0944N 3934E

ሲኖ lino linen It. lino

ለንሚት lännämmet for the lady and those with her (ለ+ እን + ፡ አሜት)

ላንሲታ lansita or ላንሴታ lanseta pointer of a scale; tweezers for removing thorns (Gojjame usage) It. lancetta

47.4 langa palate; tongue of flame; cape (garment); headland, peninsula (KBT); branch of a tree (Ar.)

(ላንታ ፡ ወርዶታል he has an illness of the throat) ካባ ፡ ላንታ kabba langa velvet cape having a border of gold braid all around. Formerly worn by high ecclesiastics, the nobility and members of the government

የምድር ፡ ላን. peninsula, point (geog.)

ሰንቄስ länäqq<sup>w</sup>äsä to be a weakling

ሳንቈላ lanq<sup>w</sup>ässa sansage tree (Kigelia ethiopica or Urera hypselodendra)

ላንቍሶ lang<sup>w</sup>əso a vine (Dracaena steudneri or Urera hypselodendra); cryhaby, weakling

A>4 m länäqqätä to regrind, grind again (sorghum which has been moistened after the first grinding); to mash chickpeas; to moisten flour or dry soil, make a paste or mud; to become weak, feeble, to become weak or flabby (one who has been ill a long time); to be handsome, beantiful (KBT); to pretend to work; to be indolent, to be flabby

ተለንቀጠ tälänäqqätä to be reground, ground finer as above

አለንቀጠ alänäqqätä = länäqqätä (AYMQ)

አስስንቀጠ aslänäqqätä to have s.o. grind as above, have grain ground as above

ለንተጣ länäqäṭa grinding moistened grain as above

ለንቀፕ länäqät weak, feeble, lacking in strength; grain ground fine as above

ለንቃጭ längač one who grinds as above

ለን.ቃጣ längatta ground fine (grain)

ልንቀጣ langäta act of grinding as above

A 7 அரு. lanaqqate manner of grinding

ልንቅጥ lən(əq)qət finely ground moist grain, batter

ልንትጦ lanqato grinding as above, sorghum ground as above

ልንቅጣት langatat act of grinding as above

አስሰን.ታጭ aslänqač one who has grain ground as above, etc.

መለንቀጫ mälänyäča means of, place or time for regrinding, mill, grinding slab

መለንተጫ mällänqäča means of, place or time for being reground

ማለንቀጫ malängäča = mälängäča

ማስሰንተጫ maslängäça time or place for having grain reground

አለናቀጥ allänaqät or አለን.ቃቀጥ allänäqaqät manner of regrinding as above

A>&m länäqq\*äțä to make a paste of flour and water, to pour in a thin stream and slowly (viscous liquid), to soak sorghum kernels and grind them; to be soft, supple

ATRM langwato sorghum soaked overnight and reground; thick paste (TA); flabby, idle, lazy

ስንቋጣ länq watta or ላንቀን m lanq watn indecisive, hesitant; a kind of tree or low bush growing in the temperate highlands or hot lowlands which has a viscous, slippery fiber or bark (Grewia ferruginea)

ሎንቋጣ l<sup>w</sup>änq<sup>w</sup>aṭṭa var. ለንቋጣ (Supp.)

ላንባ lanba oil lamp (see ሳምባ)

ሌንቦ lenho lower lip; one who was fooled or duped

ለንቢም lenh am having a large, lower lip (see ለንበጫም)

ላንብታ lanbata seem which forms on milk or wätsance

ለንበደ länäbhädä to stammer, to pronounce R as L: to be firm, to be difficult to split

ለንባዳ länbadda tongue-tied

(ለንባዳ ፡ ሆነ to be or become tongue-tied)

ለንበጠ länäbbäṭā to bend [vt] s.th. flexible (Supp., YSQ)

ተለንብጣ tälänäbbäṭä to bend [vi], to be bent (s.th. flexible) (Supp.)

ልንበጥ laubut foreskin; uncircumcized male ልንበጣም lanbutam uncircumcized

ለንቦም läuboč lower lip ለንቦጫም läubočam having a large lower lip

ለናቶ lännato for mister and those with him (ለ + አን + አቶ)

ላንቲካ lantika in የላንቲካ ፡ ኢቃዎች antiques It. all'antica

ሴንች leuč achieving victory (patriot), word used in the akandura game: when one pierces both stems of the tult plant, one says ሴንድን ፡ ወ.ኃኋት I've pierced the leuč

ለንደን läudän London (England)

ለንጨጭ länčäč the lower lip of an equine
ለንጨማም länčäčam having a large, lower lip
(equinc)

ላንፋ lanfa husk (see ሳምፋ above)

ላኚስ lannis pencil, var. of ላፒስ (B)

ላዕል la al numerator (neol.)

ሳዕሳይ la lay upper

ላዕላይ ፡ መዋቅር la lay mäwaqər superstructure (see ወቀረ)

AU-A la'ul, pl. AU-A7 la'ulan high, lofty, exalted; noble title roughly approximate to prince (obs.); element of personal names

ልዑል ፡ በንድ la'ul säggäd masc. pers. n.

ልውስ ፡ ልውሳን lə'ulā lə'ulan the All-highest

ልውል። አምልውላን la'ul amala'ulan the Allhighest

70.9: AOA uäbiyyä lə'ul epithet of John the Baptist, lit. prophet of the Almighty; masc.

መልደ ፡ ልዑል wäldä lə'ul masc. pers. n.

ገብረ ፡ ልውል gäbrä lə'ul masc. pers. n.

ልዑልነት ləʻulənnät Highness

(Aひみなかずの His Highness, Her Highness)

ልዕሰ ፡ ኃያላን lə əlä bayalan superpowers

ልውላት la'ulat, pl. of la'alt (see below)

ልዕልት Jə'əlt, pl. ልውላት Jə'ulat Her Highness, princess

ልውሳን la'ulan, pl. of ልውል la'ul prince

AGAS la'slanna state or condition of being exalted (in rank), high (in rank), Highness

AGAR lu'alawi raised (dais or platform), sovereign (person)

ለ ዓላዊንት lu'alawinnät sovereignty

4646 la'la' tongue-ticd, stammercr (Gecz) (KBT)

ልሎክ la'uk, pl. ልሎካን la'ukan envoy, delegate (see ላከ)

ልኡካን la'ukan envoys, delegation

Ah läkka B to measure (length, volume); to gauge; to time (s.th.); to evaluate, appraise; to find out the size, to take measurements

ለካካ läkakka to measure many things, to measure a little, measure here and there

+At täläkka to be measured, to be taken (measurements), to be weighed; to measure

(በማርያ ፡ ትሬዛ ፡ ብር ፡ የተለካ ፡ የዛና ፡ ልጥ bast measured out by the onnce [a M.T. dollar was used as an ounce weight])

ተላካ tälakka to be compared in measurements or dimensions, to be comparable to, commensurate with

rath täläkakka to be compared in measurements or dimensions, to be comparable to, commensurate with; to measure each other

(ሽፋሽፍቷ ፡ ከደጋ ፡ ፌረስ ፡ ምራ ፡ ጋራ ፡ ይለክክል her eyebrows were like [or could be compared to] the tail of an upland horse [they were so long])

እሳካ allakka to help to measure

Anhh alläkakka to help to measure, to compare in measurements, dimensions or weight (of one another)

እስሰካ asläkka to cause or allow to measure or be measured, to have one's measurements taken, to have s.th. measured or weighed

Ah, läkki one who measures, takes measurements

(መሬት ፡ ለኪ surveyor) (inf.)

An lakk measure, measurements, dimension(s), size, extent, quantity, proportion; rifle calibre (B); [adj., adv.] exact, correct, moderate, precise, right (correct); fitting; sharp (time), at the precise moment, precisely, promptly, exactly, just (exactly), on the dot; the right amount

(ልክ ፡ ነዎት you're right, sir!)

(ልክ ፡ ልኩን ፡ ነገረው to tell s.o. off, set s.o. straight)

Ah lakk + ስsa + imperfect expresses 'just as': (Ah : ሰውጣ : ደረሰ he/it arrived just as I was going out)

ልክ ፡ ሆነ it has come right, it is right, correct now; it is complete; it is ripe, ready; it fits, is the right size

ልክ ፡ የሆን right (size), right amount, exact (fit), exact measurement

(ልክ ፡ ያልሆነ not right, incorrect, improper)

(ልክ ፡ ይሁን ፡ አይሁን rightly or wrongly)

Ah: ' to' that's right, correct, it's perfect, nothing is missing or lacking, nothing is left out

ልክ ፡ ናቸው they are just alike, e.g. twins

ልክ ፣ የልለው immeasurable, awful, e.g. stupidity

An: PATi lokk yällis fem. pers. n., lit. you are unparalleled; your possessions are without measure, are boundless

ልክ ፡ የሰህ lokk yälläh masc. pers. п.

Ah: (IAh: 17) to be exactly the same size (two or more objects)

ልክ ፡ በሰዓቱ right on time, right on the dot ልክና ፡ መልክ symmetrical; identical

Aክ ፡ እንደቡ just like him/it, exactly like him/it Aክርግብግብታ lakkargabgabta amplitude (of a wave) lakk + አርግብግብታ from አርግብግብ ፡ አለ 'to flutter' (neol.)

Aክቦታ lakkabota bench mark (neol.) (Aክ + ቦታ)

ልካሲሽ lakkalläš measurable (neol.) (ልክ + አሲሽ)

nah bälakk exactly, correctly; moderately, properly, with moderation

(በልክ ፡ ይጠጣል he drinks moderately)

(ጽዳታቸው ፡ በልክ ፡ ነው they were not too clean)

(1...Ah bā...lakk according to the measure of, in proportion to, in keeping with

(nu.v : Ah commensurate with this, in proportion to this; this much, this size)

(AH. Por: Ah to the same extent, in that very amount; correspondingly)

(ncnon: Ah in proportion to its length, in keeping with its length)

ባለ : Ah moderate (B)

እልክ ፡ አልኩ ፡ ነገረው to tell s.o. off, set s.o. straight

እስልክ alälakk boundless, immoderate(ly)

ዕድሜ ፡ ልነተን odme lokkun all his life

han: And to exceed the limit, be excessive, be too much

(han: fal inordinate, excessive)

(ሰው : ክልኩ : አያልፍም a person does not exceed his allotted life span)

የሰውን ፡ ልክ yäsäwun lakk traits or type of personality

(የሰሙ: Ah: የሙ.⊅A he knows just how far to go with a person)

የዕድሜ ፡ ልክ lifelong

የፍጥነት : Ah speed limit

ልክንት lakkannät accuracy (ncol.)

Aክፕ lokkäñňa according to measure, measured, exact, accurate, due proportionate (Ar.) (በአካላዊ ፡ ቅርዲና ፡ ቁመናዋ ፡ ልከኝ ፡ የሆነች ፡ ናት both in her figure and her appearance, she was just the right type)

ልከኛንት lakkäňňannät or ልክኝንት lakkäňňannät quality, condition or state of being according to measure, exactness, accuracy

ልክት lakkät size (neol.)

ልካት lakkat measurement (neol.)

ተለኪ täläkki s.th. to be measured, etc.

ተለካኪ täläkaki comparable, commensurate

እስካከ. alläkaki one who helps to measure, one who compares

አስለክ, asläkki one who has s.o. measure, etc., has s.th. measured, etc.

on Ah mälk appearance, form, color, feature(s), complexion, looks, shape, air (appearance), expression, look; right side (of a garment, of cloth); image, likeness (KBT); a kind of poetry usually written in Geez which eulogizes a saint by enumerating and praising the various parts of his body (also written on AhA)

(መልኬ ፡ ጠፋኝ woman who constantly looks at herself in the mirror, lit. have I lost my looks?) (የመገረም ፡ መልከ ፡ ቀይ ፡ ከብ ፡ ፌቴ ፡ ሳይ ፡ ይታያል a look of astonishment appeared on his round, light-complexioned face)

(የባልና ፡ ሚሰት ፡ ምልክ ፡ ይለውጡ ፡ ነበር they exchanged the roles of husband and wife)

መልክ: አመጣ to repair, put in good order; render pleasing, to embellish, beautify, improve the looks or appearance

መልክ ፡ ያዝ to take shape, to be put in order, be systematized

መልከ : አስያዘ to systematize, make systematic. to put s.th. in order

መልክ : የለሽ mälk yälläš ugly, unattractive, unsystematic

መልከ ፡ ልዩ mälkä ləyyu s.th. which stands out or is differentiated from others because it is unlike them or s.o. who is readily identified by the difference in his features and skin color as belonging to a given group

መልከ : መልካም handsome, good-looking. beautiful

መልከ ፡ ሚካኤል mälk-poetry in praise of St. Michael

መልከ ፡ መዋፎ badly dressed, of poor appearance (due to a poor diet and ragged clothes)

መልከ ፡ ቀና mälkä qänna handsome, goodlooking

መልክ ፣ ቅን mälkä qən handsome, goodlooking

መልከ ፡ ቀይ light-complexioned (Ethiopian)

መልከ ፡ ቢስ ugly, ill-favored

መልከ : አራት aloe-like (plant); sour-faced (person)

መልከ : አፈር or አፈር ፣ መልክ grubby-faced (B)

መልከ : ከፉ ugly, ill-favored

መልከ ፡ ውሻ having a frowning, wizened face (B)

መልከ : ዝንጀሮ ugly, ill-favored, lit. baboon-

መልከ ፡ ዲያብሎስ magic text used by täng "aysorcerers, lit. the Devil's mälk-poetry

መልከ ፡ ጥተር black, very dark of complexion መልከ : መጣ having a small face with bristling hairs (B)

መልከ ፡ ጥፉ ugly, ill-favored

ሰብአዊ ፣ መልክ human form

σολησολη mälkamälk book containing several different kinds of mälk-poetry

ስመልክ : ተዋወቀ to be personally acquainted noch: noch in every respect, according to some category, scheme or system

በቅናት ፡ መልክ in an envious way, enviously

በቂጣ ፡ መልክ in the form of qitta-bread

በንዴት : መልክ with an angry look, expression OHO : MAn in this respect

የምድር ፡ መልከ geography, topography, terrain የጠፈረ ፡ ሰማይ ፡ መልክ the heavens and its celestial bodies (KBT)

የጨረቃ ፡ መልክ phase of the moon

የፌት ፡ መልከ features

PLRA: MAh shape(s) of the letter(s)

የፓለቲካ ፡ ምልክ [having] a political character, coloration or aspect

መልካም mälkam, pl. መልካሞች mälkamočč and mahhm mälkakam beautiful, pleasant, nice, good; well [adv.]; excl. very well!, all right!, excellent!

መልካም ፡ ሆነ to be good, pleasing, to turn out

መልካም : ነው that's fine, good, so be it!

መልካም ፣ አደረን to do good

መልካማ mälkamma very good! we are agreed!

መልካሚ mälkame masc. pers. n.

መልካሟ mälkam"a or መልካሚቱ mälkamitu the good (f.) one, the excellent (f.) one

ጣ : መልካም mi mälkam how beautiful, how pretty, handsome [with Geez mi 'how']

ቃለ ፡ መልካም well-spoken, one who has a fine or an attractive voice

ዓይነ : መልካም attractive, beautiful eyes

እግረ ፡ መልካም shapely foot, nice legs

ዘረ ፡ መልካም select (seed); good stock (livestock)

ድምጠ ፡ መልካም having a beautiful singing

ግብረ ፡ መልካም good-natured, kindly, amiable 18 : መልካም handsome, good-looking, beautiful

በመልካም well [adv.] (G)

መልካካም mälkakam pl. of mälkam

(መልካካሞች beauties, handsome girls and

መልካምንት mälkamənnät goodness, excellence, beauty

መልኪኛ mälkäňňa the administrative head of a small district who was charged with enforcing the law, collecting taxes and having land surveyed by the qäläd-system; rural notable (obs.); handsome, prepossessing

ሥጋ : መልከኛ steward in the royal court or large households in charge of cattle, their slaughter and the provisioning of the table with their meat (obs.)

የነጠር ፡ መልከኝ administrative official who collects the tribute due from those who cultivate hudad-land

የጠጅ፣ መልከኛ steward charged with brewing, storing and serving täğğ-mead (obs.)

TAL mallake masc. pers. n. (short form of

ምንልከአለው)

መልከአ mälkə' religious poetry (see መልክ above)

መልከአ ፡ ምድር geography

መልክት ፡ ሥዕል homily composed in honor of the Virgin Mary

መልከት ፡ ጉባኤ collection of mälk-poetry on the prophets, the Apostles and the various martyrs (KBT)

ኀብረ ፡ መልክእ primary colors

ሥነ ፡ መልከእ skin color(s), physical characteristics

መልካት ፡ ፌደል mälka'a fidäl syllabary table ምንልኬ mənləkke masc. pers. n., short form of ምንልካለው

ምንልካለው manlakkalläw masc. pers. n., lit. what measure has He? i.e. He [God] is immeasurable

masure, place or time for measuring, scale (measure), gauge, index (measure), shot glass; coefficient (neol.)

የሰዓት ፡ መለኪያ watch hand

(የትኩላት ፡ መልኪያ thermometer)

(የዝናብ ፡ መለኪያ rain gauge [for measuring rainfall])

መስኪያ mälläkiya means for being measured,

መስካኪያ mälläkakiya means for comparison, e.g. size, age, etc.

ማስካኪ, malläkakiya means for comparing, weighing, c.g. scale, measuring cup, etc.

ማስለኪያ masläkkiya means for having s.th. weighed

እስካከ alläkak or እስካከት alläkakät manner of measuring or being measured, measurement

Ah läkka particle indicating the surprise of discovering, i.e. that s.th. or s.o. was contrary to one's expectations

(ብሊ ፡ ለካ ፡ አውን:ኮቸውን ፡ ነው why, my husband was [speaking] scriously after all!)

ለካል läkkass = läkka

(ለካስ : ደብዳቤውን ፣ ከሰጠሁ ፡ በኋላ ፡ አማሪ ፡ አውሙኝ ፡ መሮጥ ፡ ነብረብኝ l didn't realize at the time [I discovered it later] that I had to take to my heels after I gave her the letter)

ለካን läkkan = läkka

(ሰካን ፡ መጥተህ ፡ ኑሮአልን so you had really come. [I didn't know you had come], you came

after all [but I didn't know it])

ለክ ፡ አደረገ läkk ədärrägä to swallow quickly (እንደ ፡ ውሻ ፡ ለክ ፡ አታርገው don't wolf it down like a dog)

**At läko** rope for leading an equine, about 3 cubits long and attached to the halter

ለት ፡ መሬት land given to those who lead equines on military expeditions in return for their services (B)

ለት ፡ ሣር a short lawn grass which has begun to sprout (B)

ሉከ luk blank paper, sheet of paper (see ሉሀ above); Lugh (Somali town)

**Ah lakä** to send, to send away, to send out (an army), to dispatch; to remit; to ship off; to inform s.o., send s.o. to say s.th., convey a message; to swallow anğüru-bread without chewing, eat it hastily; to reach for s.th., put forth one's hand (in order to pick s.th. up)

ሳስለት lakällät he sent a messenger (with a written message) or he sent s.th. for him

(ከዚህ ፡ ቀጥሎ ፡ ያለውን ፡ ቃል ፡ ጽፈው ፡ ላኩላቸው he wrote down the following words and sent them to them)

(በኃይሉ ፣ በትል ፣ መጽሐፍ ፣ ላከልት he sent a book for him (hrough Hailu)

ሳክበት lakäbbät he sent a messenger (with a verbal message)

ሳኩብሽ lakubhəš fem. pers. п.

ሲበሉ ፡ የሳክተ sihälu yälakut forgetful (person) ሴት ፡ የሳከው formidable opponent, lit. one sent [by] a woman

**111 lalakä** to send here and there, to send several times, to send many people

**r-4h** tälakä to be sent, sent away, etc.; to serve in church (as a priest or deacon); to chew the host or communion wafer; to make or prepare the Host, making the dough from flour and water (G, AYMQ); to be infected with leprosy, display the initial symptoms or lesions

(የተላከ : ከ ... sent by ... [sender's address on a letter])

(+Ah: '74 tälakke näňň l have been sent [to tell you...], I am charged with [conveying a message...]) (G)

(ዲያቶኑ ፡ ግብር ፡ ይላካል the deacon prepares the dough for the Host) (G)

ተለሳከ tälälakä to be sent to and fro (Gojjame

usage)

than tälalakä to correspond, exchange letters, write to each other; to serve (several persons in church); to be sent (several persons), to be sent repeatedly, be sent to and fro (Ar.); to travel between (two or more points), go back and forth

እስላከ allälakä to send to and fro (Gojjame usage)

hadii allalakä to cause to correspond; to send to and fro; to hand a message to s.o., to take to a third party; to cause to send repeatedly, cause to send in all directions

እስላከ aslakii to have s.o. send a message, have a message sent

(በሰው ፡ አስልክፀም ፡ ቢሆን ፡ ንንርልኝ tell him for me even if you have to send s.o.)

1h. laki sender, exporter

ላኪንት lakinnät state or condition of being a sender, an exporter

ላክ ፡ አደረገ lak adärrägä to swallow quickly (porridge, fətfət)

Ah lak sent, dispatched (see also Ah above)
Ah lakoš sending, dispatching

ልሉክ la'uk, pl. ልኡካን la'ukan envoy, delegate; one who is on service, officiating in a church

ልኡክ ፡ መንግሥት envoy (diplomatic)

ቤተ፡ልኡከ፡መንግሥት legation, cinbassy

ልኡካን la'ukan envoys, delegation

Ah-hi-h lə'nkənnät state or condition of being an envoy, duty or service (of officiating in the Mass)

(ልኡክንት ፡ አለብኝ I have the duty [to serve at Mass])

ተሳኪ tälaki one who is sent, person like a page or a deacon who performs the service

ተላላኪ tälalaki messenger, messenger boy, errand boy, office boy, courier, page (see also hot below)

•ትላላኪ.ንት tälalakinnät state or condition of being a messenger, job of messenger boy, etc.

ተልእኮ täl'ako mission (crrand)

(የኢሲፓአት ፣ ተልእኮ ፣ ይሳካል COPWE's mission will succeed)

**A44h.** allalaki one who initiates a correspondence; one who hands a message as above

መሳክ mälak or መልአክ mälak, pl. መሳእክት mälakt or መሳኮት mälakkočč angel

መልአክ ፡ ኃይል head of the army, chief of all

troop commanders, commander in chief (obsolete title)

መላከ : ሕይወት Jesus Christ

መልአከ ፡ መንግሥት envoy, diplomat (obs.)

መላከ : ምት angel, messenger of death

መልከነ : ምክረ ፡ አፍት foreign minister (KBT) (obs.)

መሳከ : ሰሳም or መልአከ ፡ ሰሳም St. Michael, ecclesiastical title

መልአክ ፡ መረባላት Minister of Transportation (obs.)

መልአከ ፡ ብርሃን St. Raguel or St. Urael; title of the aläga of Däbrä Bərhan

መልአክ ፡ ተግባረ ፡ አድ Minister of Public Works (obs.)

መላከ ፡ ውቃቢ or መልአክ ፡ ሁቃቤ guardian angel

መሳከ : ንብርኤል the angel Gabriel

መልአከ ፡ ነንት Seraph, angel guardian of Paradise; Minister of Agriculture (obs.); title of the aläga of Attatami Mikael in Gondar

መልአከ ፡ ምዲና Minister of Health (obs.)

መልአከ ፡ ጸሐይ the aläqa or vicar of St. Ragnel's or St. Urael's church, title of the aläqa of O<sup>w</sup>əsq<sup>w</sup>am

መሳከ ፡ ጽልመት angel of darkness (who is as black as the butt of a griddle)

**σολλη**: **ΘΠ?** + commander in chief of the army (obs.) (KBT)

ዘመላክ zämälak pers. II.

ሲቀ፡ መልአክ archangel

ውቃቤ ፣ መላክ guardian angel

መልአካዊ mäl'akawi angelic

(አካል : መልክዊ angelic constitution or body formed from fire and air and immortal, not subject to hunger and thirst)

መሳእክት mäla akt pl. of መላክ angel

መሳአክተ ፡ ምሕሬት the messengers of mercy, i.e. Sts. Michael and Gabriel (KBT)

months : መንት the Devil's legions

ሰራዊተ ፡ መሳእክት the angelic host

ክንፌ ፡ መሳእክት angels' wings

መልክት mäl'akt or መልክት mälakt, pl. occ. መላክት mälakat message, letter, communication, errand, mission (see also \*መለክተ)

መልአክተ ፡ ዮሐንስ ፡ ሐዋርያ the Epistle of John (used as a reading exercise in church schools)

ልዩ ፡ መልአክት special delivery, special message

የአየር : መልእክት air letter, airmail

መልእከተኛ mäl'aktänňa envoy, messenger, emissary, delegate, representative (to a conference), courier

መልአስተኞች mäl'aktäňňočć delegation ልዩ ፡ መልአክተኛ envoy extraordinary

የሰይጣን ፣ **መልአክተ**ኛ demon, evil spirit or evil person

መልእክተኝነት mäl'aktäňňannät state or condition of being an envoy, role or capacity of an envoy

መላከት mälakt message, errand; mission, commission

መላክተኛ mälaktäňňa messenger, envoy, emissary

(የቀራ፡ መሳክተኛ messenger who does not return from the place to which he was sent - a reference to Noah's crow)

መላከታን mälaktan angel, saint (Ar.)

መልክት mälakt message, errand; mission, commission

መልከተኛ mälektäňňa messenger, envoy, emissary

(የሰይጣን ፡ መልክተኝ demon, devil, wicked person)

መልከተኛነት mälaktäňňannät state or condition of being an envoy, role or capacity of an envoy

ምልክት mələkt message, errand; mission, commission (see also \*መለከተ)

መሳሳክ mälalak in የመሳሳክ ፡ ትምህርት correspondence course

malakiya means of, place or time for sending, e.g. paper, letter; matter to be conveyed to s.o.

**continuous mällakiya** means of being sent, person who is sent, place one is sent to; serving for or referring to preparing the Host (G)

( **and h.** f : h. p receptacle in which the Host is kept) (G)

or 44h, P mällalakiya means for corresponding, e.g. ink, paper, etc.

አሳሳክ allalak or አሳልክ allalak manner of sending, etc.

ሉክ lek hypocoristic form of masc. pers. n. ሰይኩን

ሎክ፣ አለ lokk alä to be or become soft; to yield to pressure, sink in easily and resume its shape (see ሎክሎክ)

her loke strap for leading a horse (see Ah- above [Orom. lookoo])

ለካሕካሕ läkahkah vine which has an edible root (KBT)

ለከሰከ läkälläkä to lap, lap up; to butt, e.g. rams; to transmit one's illness to others (B, KBT); to become soft (ripe boil, lemon which has been kneaded in the hands); to pant, gasp, sigh

ተስከሰ täläkälläkä to be lapped up, butted

Anna aläkälläkä to pant, to be of out of breath; to get exhausted, tired out, to let the tongue hang out (animal suffering from the heat); to give s.o. s.th. to drink, to feed s.o., have him swallow s.th.

አለካለት alläkalläkä to help give s.o. s.th. to drink (KBT)

አስሰነስስ asläkälläkä to cause or allow to lap, let s.th. be lapped up; to cause or allow to butt, let s.o. be butted; to have s.o. drink or swallow, have s.th. drunk or swallowed (see also ተ\*ለስከሰከ)

ለከለካ läkäläka panting, breathing hard, gasping

ለከሰከ läkäläk water drunk by lapping (KBT)
ለከሰከ : አደረገ läkläkk adärrägä to lap a little,
take a few laps

**nnn**, läklaki one who laps, who swallows overripe fruit (which is soft)

ስክላካ läklakka lapped up, drunk by lapping, e.g. very soft (overripc fruit) (KBT)

ልክስካ lakläka lapping, becoming soft (KBT) ልክሳኪ lakallaki soft (overripe fruit) (KBT)

AhAh lak(al)lak one who pants (from exertion or from being too fat) (KBT)

ልክልካት laklakat drink which is lapped up (KBT)

አስከላኪ aläklaki one who is breathing heavily, panting, who is gasping for breath; one who gives to drink

ምስክስኪያ mäläkläkiya dish from which a dog or cat drinks

ማስከለኪያ maläkläkiya time for panting, c.g. afternoon of a hot day

አስካስከ alläkaläk manner of lapping, of butting, etc.

which lokalloka to be ripe, come to a head (boil); to be soft, yield to the touch

አሎክሎስ alokalioka to be or become very soft,

e.g. a banana; to deflate [vt], e.g. air pressure in a tire; to be or become deflated; to slacken, relax [vi] (Supp.)

ሎክሎት : እስ lok(ka)lokk alä to become a bit soft (fruit or a boil)

ሎከሷ h loki akka very soft, yielding to pressure; deflated, low (tire, soccer ball); slack; flexible, supple, phable (G, Supp.)

አሎካሎስ allokalok manner of being or becoming very soft

And läkkämä B to chatter, talk a lot, be talkative; to spread reports; to be argumentative; to cause trouble by talebearing; to hit with the fist or the clbow; to seek to pass o.s. off as knowledgeable

እስስከመ asläkkämä to let, allow s.o. to talk at length, to let s.o. run on

ለካሚ läkkami gossip, windbag, chatterbox, spreader of gossip (AYMQ); argumentative person (KBT)

ለካማ läkama one who runs on, talks at length (KBT)

ልከማ lakkäma chattering; poking or striking as above

ልካሚ lakkami one who spreads a lot of gossip (KBT)

Ahm lakkame person who is the subject of gossip; gossip that is spread (KBT)

መለከሚያ mäłäkkämiya time and place where gossip is retailed

እስካትም alläkakäm manner of spreading gossip, etc.

ለኰመ läkk<sup>w</sup>ämä B, var. of ለከመ (TA)

ልተምተም ፡ አለ lak"amk"mm alä to put on affected airs, to mince, be mannered; to require much urging to do s.th. (B)

ለትስ łäkkäsä to be tired, weary, exhausted, to he worn out; to be lazy (AYMQ); to wander from village to village; to idle, loaf (KBT)

ለከሳ läkäsa ne'er-do-well, idler, lazybones (KBT)

ልክስ : አለ lakass alä to be an idler, to loaf (KBT)

\*ለከብ - ተለከብ täläkkäsä to be an idler, be idle (scc ተለከብ under ተ)

ተልካሳ tälkassa loafer, vagrant, idle, lazy (see ተለከሰ under ተ)

Alt-A läkkwäsä B to ignite, set fire to, to light a pipe or cigarette; to scald (with water or steam); to insert, put in s.th.; to infect (with an illness), transmit a contagious disease; to break up a relationship, cause strife between two persons; to bear tales; to burn slightly, singe, kindle, e.g. grass here and there, to scorch or sting [vt] slightly, to smart or sting [vi] a little (Ar.); to slacken one's efforts before a task is finished, not to push on with it

(በርብሬ ፡ ሴቴሶኝል the bärbärre-pepper burned my mouth a bit)

()7C: Ah-A to stir up a quarrel, instigate strife)

(አፋን: ለኩሳሙ to burn one's mouth or tongue) ለኳኩሳ läkwakkwäsä to ignite, set fire to, to stir up a fire somewhat; to snuff (a candle)

rahed täläkkwäsä to be ignited, set on fire, to be lit (pipe); to be burned somewhat, scorched; to wait for alms, food (beggars, pets), to sponge on, cadge food (by frequenting certain places)

(ምነው : ጉዱ ፣ በሌላ ፡ ማድ ፣ ተለኰስህ why this strange thing: you sponging at another's table?)

ተሳትሎስ tälakk äsä to ignite, set fire to one another; to find fault with one another in order to display one's own virtues (inf.)

ተለኳኩብ täläk<sup>w</sup>akk<sup>w</sup>äsä to set fire to, ignite one another

አላኩስ allakk äsä to help to ignite; to incite quarrels between two persons

አለኳሎስ alläk<sup>w</sup>akk<sup>w</sup>äsä = allakk<sup>w</sup>äsä

አስለት ስ asläkk äsä to have s.o. ignite, set fire to s.th., to have s.th. ignited, lit

ሰሌሽ läkk "aš one who lights, ignites, arsonist; one who does not push on with a task be bas started; cadger, sponger

AbA läkkwassa awaiting alms, food (Ar.); one who slackens his efforts before completing a task, who fails to push on with it; lacking sense or discretion; crippled (AYMQ)

Ah-1 lakkwasa lighting, igniting, putting a match to s.th., ignition

ልኳሽ lakkwaš s.th. ignited, set on fire

Aba lokkwase igniting, setting fire to s.th.

ልተነ lakk as ignited, set on fire; sponger

Alt-A: AA lakkuss alä to be ignited; to be contaminated; to hang around waiting for a handout (Ar.)

ልተነሰ ፡ አደረን lakk ess adarräga to singe or seorch

እሳኳሽ allakk aš one who helps ignite, etc.

እስኳኳሽ alläkwakwaš one who helps igmite; who starts quarrels between people

አስሰኳሽ asläkk"aš one who has s.th. ignited; brings about the breakup of a relationship

መለከ-ፕ mäläkk äša means for igniting, starting a fire, e.g. paper, straw, match, lighter (for a cigarette), torch

ማሰስጐሻ masläkk"äša means for having s.th. ignited, etc.

እስኳነውስ alläk"ak"äs manner of burning slightly, of igniting

\*Ahhhh - Ahhhh tälkäsäkkäsä to be in disorder, confusion; to be scattered, dispersed; to be trampled, defiled; to be sloppily or badly done (task); to pullulate, swarm (crowd, large number of insects); to move here and there aimlessly, poke about, e.g. a dog looking for food; to hang around, frequent a place not in keeping with one's dignity or station; to behave without regard to the proprieties; to be sexually dissolute; to become bad from keeping bad company; to remain, not budge after being told to leave

(ተደት ፡ የአካባቢ ፡ ውሾች ፡ ምናምን ፡ ፍለጋ ፡ በየአመዱ ፡ በየጉዝጓዙ ፡ ይልክስክሳሱ a few dogs of the area were poking about in the various ash heaps and spread-out hay looking for stray morsels)

(A+: +AhnhAA the house is a mess, is in disorder)

(አሳበ : ተልክሰከሰበት his thinking was confused by it, he was at a loss what to do) (Supp.)

(አጨዳው ፡ ተልክበክበ the mowing was badly done)

\*\*FAIIAhn tälkäsakkäsä to be somewhat disordered or confused (Ar.); to swarm or pullulate somewhat; to be in disorder (several things)

(ከብት : በሚዳ ፡ ተልከሳከቧል the livestock is scattered all over the plain) (Ar.)

Ahnnn alkäsäkkäsä to do s.th. unsystematically or sloppily, to throw into disorder or confusion; to scatter s.th. about, e.g. bovine or

equine scattering the bay instead of eating it; to let cattle graze in a place where there is insufficient pasturage [thereby causing them to spread out]; to cause s.th. to be unsuitable, unrepairable or unworkable; to trample; to defile, dirty s.th.; to debauch s.o., induce into dissipation or unseemly behavior; to agitate, disturb, to cause to go in all directions (Cohen); to dissipate; to say part of what one wanted to say but fail to add the rest; to treat a serious matter lightly

(ተለፋ : ጉብረ ፣ ሥላሴ ፣ አልከስክቧል Täsfa Gäbrä-səllase['s press] has done [his printing] sloppily)

(ውሻው ፡ በጉን ፡ አልከበከሱታል the dog(s) has/ have thrown the sheep into confusion, have scattered them) (Ar.)

(ንንሩን ፡ አልክስክስ he made a confused statement)

"አልክሳክስ alkäsakkäsä to move hither and thither a little, to move hither and thither [vt] a great deal

ስከሰከሰ ፡ አለ läkäskäss alä to move here and there a little [vi], to begin to move here and there

ু ለከሰከሰ ፡ አደረን läkäskäss adärrägä to move [vt] here and there a little

ስክሰካሳ läkäskassa disordered, confused; one whose behavior is unseemly or dissolute

(ግብረ : ለከሰካሳ repulsive, gross actions)

 ስከስካሳንት läkäskassannät state or condition of disorder, of indulging in unseemly or dissolute behavior; slight disorder or confusion

Annh lakaskas trifle; useless person; dissolute, one who does not observe the proprieties, wanton, one who indulges in behavior or frequents places considered improper for one of his station, cheap (behavior); promiscuous (sexually), indiscriminate in the choice of his associates; unclean (pig, dog, fly); cyclone, whirlwind [which cause disorder]; considerably disordered or confused (Ar.); stir, bustle

(ይህንም : ስምምንት : ከፍተኛ ፡ አደጋ ፡ አንጂ ፡ ልክስከሶች ፡ ነንሮች ፡ አያፈርሱትም minor matters will not abrogate this agreement, only a major incident)

" (ልክስክል ፡ ሥራ licentious act, loose conduct)
(ልክስክስ ፡ ሴት wanton woman)

(ልክስክስ ፡ ንንር trifle, useless or worthless thing)

- \*(ልክስክስ ፡ ነፋስ wind which whips up dust and leaves into the air and suddenly dies down)
- LANGHAT lakaskasannät state or condition of being dissolute, of failing to observe the proprieties, dissoluteness, wantonness, moral laxity
- <sup>e</sup> Aክስክስ : እስ lakaskass alä to be in or fall into great disorder or great confusion; to loiter, idle, hang around (a place); to indulge in loose or unseemly conduct
  - (እቃው ፡ ልክስክስ ፡ ብሏል the furniture is in great disorder)
  - (ንፋስ : እየተለወጠ : ዝናብ : ልክስክስ : ይላል as the wind changes, the rain keeps driving in different directions) (Ar.)
- Aክስክስ : አደረገ ləkəskəss adärrägä to move [vt] here and there a great deal
  - ልክስክሳት lakaskasat = lakaskasannät (Ar.) "ተልከፋካሽ tälkäsakaš = tälkäskaš below
- TANDYN tälkäskaš spy, informer (one who moves hither and thither) (Ar.); wanton woman; chronic disease; zar-spirit which has no fixed abode but wanders from ash heap to ash heap causing suffering
- (ተልክስካሽ ፡ ውሾች ፡ ለማስወንድ ፡ ዘመቻ ፣ ተደረገ a campaign was made to get rid of stray does)
- « ተልክስካሳ tälkäskassa person who wanders about from place to place idly, who is not involved in anything serious
- «አልክስካሽ alkäskaš one who causes dissoluteness, who defiles
- መልከስከሻ mälkäskäša place where one indulges in dissolute or unseemly behavior; thing conductive to idleness
- ล ๆ Ahhhh malkäskäša means for putting in disorder, messing s.th. up
- አልክሳክስ alkäsakäs manner of moving or being moved hither and thither, etc.
- \*ለኩስኩስ ተልኩስኩስ tälk äsäkk äsä to be knocked down (ears of grain), to be trampled; to be smeared, soiled or stained
- hah-nh-n alk "äsäkk "äsä to knock down (ears of grain); to trample, trample on; to begin to thresh grain on the threshing floor (B); to begin a task but leave it undone, to work haphazardly; to thresh improperly or badly; to recite in a whisper; to dirty, soil or stain
- አልኮስኵሉ : በላ to pick at one's food (consid-

- ered impolite)
- አልኮስኮሶ ፣ አንበበ to read s.th. improperly, incorrectly
- 4 ልኩስኩስ lək"əsk"əs badly or poorly mowed (field)
- አልኩስኒሽ alk"äsk"aš one who tramples; one who dirties, soils, slovenly worker
- አልነቦስነተስ alk "əsk "əs one who starts a task but does not finish it
- ማልኩስኩን malk "äsk "äša place where one tramples mud (for use in coating walls)
- ለኩ ስ' läkk "äšä to be crazy, addled, mentally unbalanced
  - ለኩ-ሽ lä(k)k<sup>w</sup>äš hydrophobic (KBT)
- ለከተ läkkätä to have trismus (illness which keeps one from opening his mouth); to fit tightly (lid and container); to silence, make s.o. shut up
  - And läkät small, oblong bread (sample cooked in order to test the quality of the batter); morsel eaten by a dog; limit; small profit made by a merchant
  - (እንሴ ፡ ሴቸርነቱ ፡ ሴኬት ፡ የሰውም so-and-so's generosity is boundless)
  - (እክሌ ፡ ላፉ ፡ ለክት ፡ የለውም so-and-so never shuts up)
  - るわかず läkätam many small breads (KBT)
- ለኩቴ läkote whetstone, var. of ለሆቴ
- Ah. 3 lakin but Ar. walakinna (Cohen Addis Ababa, 1911)
- ስካን läkkan (see ለካ above)
- ሉካንዳ lukanda, occ. ልኳንዳ lek anda inn, hotel, restaurant (in a hotel); butcher sliop Ar. lōkanda
  - ሉካንዳ ፡ ነጋኤ butcher ሉካንዳ ፡ አራጅ butcher
- \*ለከአ መልከአ mälkə' religious poetry (see ለካ)
- Anh läkkäkä B to smear with (1 bä-); to fasten, attach; to shift the blame to, wrongly attribute s.th. to (with 1 bä-) (see also Alih below); to leave a mark or spot, e.g. oily object which has come into contact with one's clothing, etc.
  - Thh täläkkäkä to be smeared, smeared on;

to be made (greasy mark or spot as above) (Supp.); to fasten or attach o.s.

(ተለኮብኛል it has been smeared on me, it has been falsely attributed to me)

(ከኔ ፡ ተለኳል he/it clings to me) (Ar.)

(ከዚያም ፡ ውዲያ ፡ ያው ፡ ውሬ ፡ አውንት ፡ ምስሎ ፡ ተለክኮ ፡ ይቀራል and after that, that same report appears to be true so it persists)

And: An läkäkk alä to hang on (fasten or attach o.s.) a little, to some extent, to remain rather persistently; to be or become long and thin (Ar.)

(ለክክ ፡ ያለ ፡ ሰው a tall, thin person) (Ar.)

Aክክ : አለ lakakk alä to remain persistently, outstay one's welcome (Ar.); to be gulped down (AYMQ)

(Ahh: LAA: ナルン: ナか: Lh this man persists in staying [with me], he is [like] a soldier who is quartered on one) (Ar.)

(አነሱም ፡ በወንድማቸው ፡ ትስሻ ፡ በወንድማቸው ፡ ብልሃትና ፡ ሥራ ፡ ልክክ ፡ ብለው ፡ መስሎት and they copied their brother's stratagem and actions exactly) (EAR)

ሉክክ ፡ አደረገ lakakk adärrägä to gulp down መለከኪያ mäläkkäkiya means of, place or time for smearing, shifting the blame

መስከኪያ mälläkäkiya means of or material for being smeared

አስካከክ alläkakäk manner of smearing, shifting the blame, etc.

hhh lakkäkä to seal, plug up (by covering with a coat of some material); to give s.o. an infectious disease (KBT); to smear, to shift the blame (on s.o.); to stick onto

(ትቤውን ፡ በራሱ ፡ ሳከከው he smeared the butter on his head)

(ውሽቱን ፡ ሳክክብኝ he falsely attributed the lie to me)

(ጤና ማው፡ ስው፡ አንኳ፡ ሲሄድ፡ አንድ፡ በሽታ፡ አንሥቶ፡ ይላክክበታል even if a healthy person goes to a doctor, [the doctor] brings up a disease and falsely attributes [the disease] to him)

(ሰጥል ፡ ሳክክበት he slapped him hard, dealt him a hard slap)

• PAhh tälakkäkä to seek s.o.'s protection, to live under s.o.'s protection; to be stuck to, stuck on to, to attach o.s. to s.o., to be inseparable (friends); to be smeared; to meet (teams), to confront one another, throw one another down (ይህ : ስው : ኸኔ ፡ ተላኳ this man has fastened on to me [I can't get rid of him]) (Ar.)

(አድፍ ፡ በልብስ ፡ ተላክክ the garment is soiled, dirty)

እሳከከ allakkäkä to attribute s.th. to s.o. falsely, foist the blame on others; to help to plaster, coat (a wall)

(አሳክክብኝ allakkäkäbbaňň he gave me a contagious illness/he foisted the blame on me)

Anath aslakkäkä to have s.o. smear butter on his head, have the hair plastered down, etc.; to have s.o. patch or plaster s.th., have s.th. patched or plastered

**Ahh lakäka** smearing as above; getting a greasy spot through contact

**44th.** lakaki one who smears butter on his head; one who shifts the blame

**hhh lakaka** pertinacious, persistently remaining, importunate (Ar.); sticky, adhesive (B); s.th. stuck on, glued or adhering (KBT)

Ahh lakkäka smearing one's head with butter; covering (a wall, etc.) with a coating of mud or dung

Ahh, łakkaki coated, besmeared; person who lives under s.o.'s protection

Ath lakkake plastering; sticking s.th. on or to a thing

Ahh lakkak smeared, greased (with butter)

Ann: An lakakk alä to be obstinately silent (KBT); to be close-fitting (garment); to stick to s.o.; to adapt quickly; to fit tightly, fit together; to have a long and somewhat thin face (G)

(Ahh: የሚል: har one who lives under s.o.'s protection, one who adapts quickly) [inf.]

(ሰውነት ፡ ላይ ፡ ልክክ ፡ የሚል ፡ ቀሚስ a tightfitting dress)

(በሩ : ከማድማዳው ፡ ጋር ፡ ልክክ ፡ ብሎ ፡ የተሠራ ፡ ነው the door is flush with the wall)

Ahh ፡ አደረገ ləkəkk adärrägä to fit s.th. together tightly

ተሳካከ, tälakaki s.th. smeared, s.th. sticky መሳከኪ, mälakäkiya means for smearing or coating

አለካክክ alläkakäk manner of smearing, of shifting the blame

ትኪያ lukiya plowing a field repeatedly and letting the water remain on it (in order to sow it) (Bägemdor usage) (KBT)

ስከፈ läkkäfä A, B to sniff, scent; to contaminate

by touching with the nose or muzzle (cat, dog), to infect; to begin (disease); to annoy, start a quarrel; to taste a dish (Gondare usage) (B); to pick at one's food, tasting a little and leaving the rest; to provide, bring together (several items); to hang around, put in an appearance (AYMQ) (APANAN atalkäfänn don't provoke me!)

(የፈሊጋችሁትን: መጠጣት: ነው። እንጂ ፡ ድንበር። በማለፍ ፡ ሰውን ፡ አትልክፋ you may drink what you want but do not go further and lay a finger on anybody)

(ALU: 97: Ah&YA why are you hanging around here?)

(ሰይጣን ፡ ለክፎታል he is possessed by the devil, he has epilepsy) (inf.)

(በሽታ ፡ ለከፈው he is infected, he's coming down with some illness)

(በንገር ፡ ሳይለክፋትና ፡ ሳይደበድባት ፡ አያድርም ፡ ንበር he never failed to pick a fight with her and beat her nights)

(ነገሩን ፡ ለከፊው he got wind of the affair) (Ar.) (አንድ ፡ ነገር ፡ ለከፎታል he is acting strangely, s.th. is affecting him adversely)

Anh. läkakkäfä to sniff, touch with the nose as above (several things); to stir up trouble here and there or with several people; to take up several tasks; to taste here and there; to try a bit, try several things

TANA. täläkkäfä to be sniffed, touched as above; to be ill, unwell: to be started, commenced; to be infected; to hang around (person who sponges or seeks to cadge food); to be addled; to frequent a place, go to it constantly

የተለከፈ yätäläkkäfä infected by evil spirits, possessed (inf.)

4.4 h.s. tälakkäfä to defame each other (inf.); to take a little taste (said of many people when there is not enough food to go around); to be begun (several tasks); to go together briefly (two persons), then split up in order to go with others (inf.)

ተለካከፌ täläkakkäfä = tälakkäfä

(በስድብ ፣ ተለካከፉ they insulted each other)

እስከራ. aläkkäfä to give s.o. a taste (of food or drink)

Ann. allakkäfä to help to taste, to give a few morsels of food to several people (in order to provide each one with s.th. when there is not enough to go around); to set people at odds; to help to start, help get (a task) underway

አለካከፌ alläkakkäfä = allakkäfä

አስለክል. asläkkäfä to bave s.o. taste, have s.th. tasted; to let or allow to be infected; to have s.o. start a task, have it started

**Ah4.** läkäfa action of tasting, taste [n.]; sniffing as above; coming down with a disease

ለከፍ። አለ läkäff alä to show up, put in an appearance without being called or summoned, to suddenly appear in front of (KBT)

And läkafi one who takes a taste (AYMQ); rake, profligate (Ar.); one who causes s.o. to hang around; one who picks a fight for no reason; one who contaminates or who causes s.o. bad luck; dog that sniffs about

(በነገር ፣ ለካፌ one who provokes strife)

An4. läkafa one who hangs around a place where he is not wanted; one who suddenly puts in an appearance; one who sniffs; one who tastes a dish (B)

Ahf. lakkäfa to start coming down with a discase (KBT)

ልካል lakkafi touched; sniffed; infected

ልካፌ lakkafe manner of sniffing as above

Ahr lakf begun, s.th. started, commenced (AYMQ)

Ahr lakkaf one who hangs around a place, one who is anxious for food, glutton (AYMQ)

Ahf: hh lak(k) off alä to put in an appearance, to hang around, to be cager for food

Ah4+ lakkafat touching with the nose or muzzle as above; hanging around a place where one is not wanted (KBT); infection

Aክፍት lakaft onset of an illness, adverse affect on the body or mind produced by a malign spirit (fl [noun] ልክፍት ፡ ተላከፌ to be infected with [noun])

Ah テナデ lakaftam one who is coming down with an illness (KBT); quarrelsome

Ah & S lakfiya = läkäfa

ተለካፌ täläkafi person who hangs around even though attempts are made to drive him away ትልክፍት təl(ək)kəft being infected, coming

down with an illness

እስካፊ alkafi one who gives s.th. to taste
መለከፊያ mäläkkäfiya becoming infected,
coming down with a disease; place where people come down with diseases

mahas? mälkäfiya means for tasting, for starting (a task); means for touching or grasping an object, e.g. hand; reason for getting in-

fected, e.g. contact with a sick person

ማሳከፊያ mallakäfiya means for helping to taste

**TAil**க்டி malkäfiya means for giving a taste, e.g. hand

እስካከፍ alläkakäf manner of sniffing, of tasting

Ale & läkk äfä B to strike gently, tap, to touch, feel s.th.; to give a small amount of money as alms; to provoke a quarrel; to start a task which requires much effort, then abandon it (inf.); to give s.th. grudgingly

(አንሱ ፡ ትንሽ ፡ ንንዘብ ፡ ለኰፌብኝ so-and-so grudgingly gave me a little money) (KBT)

ለኝነኮፌ läk wakk wäfä to tap several times, to hit halfheartedly several times; to provoke somewhat

ተላከ ሬ tälakk äfä to tap or strike each other; to provoke each other, to provoke a quarrel [one person initiating it]

እስለኩል asläkkwäfä to have s.o. tap, have s.o. be tapped or struck halfheartedly

ለኬና ፡ አደረገ läkk<sup>w</sup>äff adärrägä to hit lightly, tap; to provoke by hitting halfheartedly

(በተፈ፣ ለኩፍ፣ አደረገቸው she gave him a playful slap)

ሰኳፌ läkk"afi one who taps, one who provokes by striking halfhearted blows

ሰኳፋ läkk"affa one who strikes gently, lightly, one who taps

ልኩሩ lakkwäfa act of provoking, of tapping ልኳፊ lakkwäfi one who is tapped or struck a halfhearted blow

ልኳፌ lakk"afe tapping (KBT)

ልተናና lakkwal one who is tapped or provoked (by being hit as above); one who hangs around a person's house in order to cadge food

Att & it lakk before tapping as above (KBT)

ልተነፉት lakkwafat manner of tapping (KBT)

መለከራሪያ mäläkk<sup>w</sup>äfiya means for tapping or striking lightly; means of provoking as above, e.g. wand, rod, switch, etc.

እስኳ ነው ፍ alläk "ak "äf manner of tapping or of provoking, manner of being tapped or provoked as above

ሎካት lokkaffa one who taps, strikes lightly (B), var. ለኳት

- \*AnAhA †AhAhA tälkäfäkkäfä to be restless; to poke around; to sniff (dog); to lap, take a few licks, e.g. dog picking up crumbs which have fallen on the floor; to be steeped in sin; to hang around a place where a banquet is being given in order to cadge food
  - AAhs. alkäfäkkäfä to cause to sniff; cause to poke around; to let s.o. take a few tastes of s.th.
  - \*ስክፍካፋ läkäfkaffa dog that sniffs, etc. as above; person of low character
- န Abፍክፍ lakefkef dog or pig that sniffs or roots about (KBT); meddler; curious (in touching or in talking) (Supp.)

\* ተልክፍካሬ tälkäfkafi dog that sniffs around looking for crumbs; lesser zar-spirit that haunts a given place; meddler

³ ተልከፍካሬንት tälkäfkafinnät state or condition of being one who sniffs, etc.

a መልከፍከፌያ mälkäfkäfiya place where dogs or animals sniff or poke about; thing which excites disgust, revulsion

\*ለኩራኩራ - ተልኩፈኩራ täik<sup>w</sup>äfäkk<sup>w</sup>äfä to be befouled, be slobbered on

ስል ክ- ፊ. tr- ፊ. alk "äfäkk "äfä to drool or slobber on s.th. but leave it uneaten, to befoul with saliva; to break off weeds in weeding (inf.)

Aኵምኵም lak"afk"af befouled as above

ልከፍተና ፡ አለ lak afk aft alä to befoul with saliva, to slobber on s.th.

አልሎፍኳሬ alk"äfk"afi one who befouls as above

ማልሎፍሎራያ malk<sup>w</sup>äfk<sup>w</sup>äfiya means, reason for befouling as above

ለኸለኸ lähällähä to pant, gasp sigh (B) አለኸለኸ alähällähä to pant

ለሽት lähät color of the face, look (micn), look

ΛΨ läwwa B to drink a lot, to gulp down a beverage

**A a b a i i w** target or goal in *gänna*-hockey (G); area in which the ball is out of bounds (KBT)

ሳዋ lawa var. of ላይዋ

(ሳዋ ፡ ሳይ ፡ ኮርና: ፍ ፡ ብሎ ፡ ይወርድትታል after huddling on top of her, he [rooster] gets off of her)

ሳው law var. of ሳዩ

(ሳው ፡ ባላገር ፡ ትመስያለሽ superficially, you seem a hick)

ሉዊ lewi Levi (Bibl.)

ሴዋዊ lewawi, pl. ሴዋው ያን lewawayan Levite

ለው ሕ läwh slate, flat board used to write on Ar. lawh (KBT)

ሉዋህ ፡ አለ luwah alä to warm the insides (arrack or similar strong drink) (B)

Ann läwälläwä to wander about, go from village to village for gossip or to cadge food; to be an intriguer

ስው ሰው ፡ አለ läwläww alä to go here and there from village to village or house to house, to go into various houses; to walk fast; to be restless, fidgety

A ω·A ω· : η β. läwläw bay one who wanders from place to place; one who comes into a place without knocking

ADAP läwlawwa one who goes from place to place, wanders about; one who trots about from place to place walking very fast; one who talks without restraint or letup

ለውለውቱ läwläwtu = läwlawwa

ስውስ läwwäsä B to knead, to mix flour and water; to mix, e.g. clay, dry soil and water; to daub or plaster (with mud), soil or besmirch with mud; to overthrow, throw to the ground; to maim or cripple (disease), to weaken or paralyze the legs, e.g. gwaya-beans; to wet, dampen s.th.; to sink in the mud

(በሽታ : ለወሰው disease crippled him)

(በሽመል ፡ ለወሰው to thrash s.o.)

(non to get s.o. hopelessly in debt; to lose a case and be fined) (B)

( ው ታ ፡ ለወሰኝ the mud has covered me) (Ar.) (ቤተን ፡ ምቃ ፡ ለወሰው he plastered the house with mud)

ሳውስ lawwäsä to wander; to writhe, wriggle, struggle to free o.s. (Ar.); to labor, toil, exert o.s.; to rain blows on

(ዛሬ: እንዲያው ፡ በክንቲ ፡ ስላውስ ፡ ውዬ ፡ ውጣሁ I came [here] today after laboring in vain)

ስዋወሰ läwawwäsä to knead a little, to knead a great deal

(ስክርን ፣ ለዋወሰ to batter s.o. with blows from the elbow)

(በደም ፡ ስዋወስ to besmirch with blood)

rhan täläwwäsä to be kneaded, blended, combined (ingredients by working, stirring, etc); to be besmirched with mud; to be hit or struck (with a blow)

(በጭ ቀ ፡ ተለመስኩ l was besmirched with mud) (ሰው ፡ ሳይታይ ፡ ዛፍ ፡ ይለወሳል trees move without anyone [to move them] being seen)

ተ-ላውሴ tälawwäsä to be overthrown, thrown to the ground; be changed in place or position, be moved (Ar.); to change one's place, shift one's position, move here and there, move about [vi]; to stir, budge [vi]; to daub or besmirch each other; to be trampled

የማይላወስ yämmayəllawwäs unmoving, immobile

(እንሬም : አይላወስ my legs would not move) ተለዋወስ täläwawwäsä to be kneaded a little or a great deal; to move [vi], crawl about; to be trampled, trodden down (grain by cattle); to be mixed, stirred (flour and water to form batter); to be soiled here and there; to wallow in the mud (Supp.)

እሳወስ alawwäsä to overthrow, throw to the ground; to knock down, trample (cars of grain) (G); to touch land (B)

(ልጆች : አዝመራውን ፡ አላወሱት the children trampled down the harvest)

አላውስ allawwäsä to help daub or plaster with mud; to mix or knead (water and flour); to cause or allow to stir or budge, cause to move, be mobile; to help to stir, make batter; to cause or allow to daub or besmirch one another; to change the place or position of, to move [vt]

(አያላውስም he/it is immobile, immovable, he/it constrains [physically], it doesn't let s.o. move; he does not relax)

(ጭቃውን ፡ አላው በኝ help me plaster [it] with mud)

አላላውስ ፡ አለ alallawwas alä to be immobile, stuck fast

(መም ፡ አድሮ ፡ መም ፡ የዋለ ፡ ሰውነት ፡ ከላይ ፡ ዝናብ ፡ ከታች ፡ ጭቃ ፡ አላላውስ ፡ አለን our bodies that had gone without food for 24 hours and had rain above [them] and mud below, refused to move)

knewd allawawwasa to cause or allow to knead a little or a great deal; to help daub or plaster; to change the place or position of, to move [vt] አስስመስ asläwwäsä to cause or allow to knead or be kneaded; to let grain be trampled; to have s.th. smeared or besmirched, etc.

(ስንዱውን ፡ አስለወሰ he let the wheat be trampled [by cattle])

ስዋሽ läwwas one who stirs or kneads (flour and water for batter or dough): one who smears

**APA läwwassa** maimed, crippled (by an illness); weak, feeble; blind; one who brings a suit which is poorly prepared and is therefore fined (B)

ለዋሳንት läwwassannät feebleness, physical frailty

And lawwasa act of stirring, kneading or smearing

ልዋሽ lawwas mixed, kneaded, stirred as above ልውብ lawwas dough, paste; kneaded, mixed, blended, c.g. water and flour, batter, butter seasoned with adäs; enfectled (by illness); must (of beer or mead)

Aco ii: An lawwass alä to move from place to place a little, to stir or budge [vi] a little

ልው ሳት lawwasat moving [vt], stirring as above (KBT)

ልውሽ: እስ lawwaš alä to budge, stir [vi] ተሰዋሽ täläwwaš what is smeared; what is kneaded or stirred (water and flour, ingredients for dallah-sauce)

ተላዋሽ tälawaš s.th. which moves, stirs ተለዋዋሽ täläwawaš s.th. which moves, crawls or wriggles, e.g. a worm

አላዋሽ allawas one who helps to mix or knead, etc.

አስሰዋሽ asläwwaš one who has s.o. mix; who allows cattle to trample the grain (KBT)

መስወሻ mäläwwäsa means of, place or time for kneading, kneading or mixing bowl; place for moving about, where there is ingress and egress (መስወሻ : ውሃ water used in mixing batter or dough)

መለወሻ mälläwäsa means of or material for being kneaded, etc.

መሳወሻ mällawäša reason for moving, place where one may move about, means for moving, e.g. legs, crutch

(ጠላትም ፡ መላወኘ ፡ ሥፍራ ፡ አጣ the enemy had no room to move about in)

መስዋወሻ mälläwawäša place to move around in

ማሳወሻ mallawäša means for moving s.th.

ማስለወሻ masläwwäša means for having s.th. kneaded or mixed

አስዋወስ allawawas manner of stirring, kneading or of moving

\*ለወስስ - ለውሳሴ ፡ አለ läwsase alä to limp, hop (TA)

ሰው ሳሳ läwsassa crippled (TA)

\*ሰውሰውስ - ተልወሰውስ tälwäsäwwäsä to wriggle, writhe; to limp, walk with difficulty (due ro muscular impairment)

ልውሽ ፡ አለ lawwass alä to budge, stir [vi] (see ለወሰ)

ሉዋታን lewatan, Leviathan (Bibl.)

ሳውንቸር lawnčär RPG-7 rocket launcher Eng.

ሰውንድዝ läwəndəz a terrifiying island (AYMQ)

ሌዋዊ lewawi pl. ሌዋው ያን lewawayan Levite (see ሌዊ 'Levi')

ስው ቤ läwze a kind of nut-bearing tree (ABMQ)

ስውዝ läwz almond, peanut (Arachis hypogaea); a kind of perfume (KBT); lemon or orange (ABMQ) Ar. lawz

ለውግ ፣ ነውግ läwz gäwz a kind of perfume, a kind of fruit

ሰው ዝማ läwzəmma nut-like, nut-bearing

ለውዘዘ läwäzzäzä to moisten, to be moist, damp; to be juicy; to be verdant; to be supple, soft (hide)

ተለዋዘ# täläwazzäzä to become moist, turn moist

አስመዘዘ aläwäzzäzä to moisten [vt]

ሰውዘዛ läwäzäza moist (KBT)

hoiiii läwäzäz s.th. having dryness and moisture (AYMQ); moist (KBT)

ለውብዛ läwzazza a little bit moist; timid, shy (especially in speaking) (B, ABMQ); verdant; sodden

ስውዝዝ ፡ አለ läwzäzz alä to become moist

ልውበዛ lawzäza moist, not dried out ልውዛዥ lawazzaž still moist, not dried

אסיאוֹד lawazzaž still moist, not dried out (KBT)

ልውዝዝ lawzaz moist, not yet dry (KBT)

Aው ዝዝ። እስ lawzazzalä to become damp (inf.) (ጨው። Aው ዝዝ። ይላል the salt is damp) (inf.) ተለዋዘዝ täläwazäz sort of moist, somewhat damp (AYMQ) መስው ዘማ mäläwzäža reason for becoming damp, moist, e.g. rain, cloud

প্রকাশ malawzaża means for moistening, making damp

ሳዋይ laway small reserve of pepper, flour or salt which the housewife puts aside (see አዋይ)

ለውደና lawdano remedy for stomachache (KBT)

It. laudano

han läwwägä to measure (length or volume); to lengthen; to carry on a litter (see 167) (AYMQ)

**nom läwwätä** B to exchange, trade, take s.th. in exchange (with 1); to change, alter, to transform, to permute; to shift, to switch (direction); to convert (into cash [with  $\sigma R$ ]), to cash (a check); to replace, substitute (s.th. with s.th. clse [with 1]); to give off a smell, an odor; masc. pers. n.

(ሃይማኖቱን ፡ ሰውጡ he changed his faith [became a Muslim, a pagan])

(ሰውነቱን ፡ ሰውጠ to change one's personality [for the worse]; to scowl, frown) (AYMQ)

(ዘያ.ውን : ለወጠ to change tactics)

(ፈረስ ፡ በበትሎ ፡ ለወጠ he traded/exchanged a horse for a mule)

(ደረቁን ፡ ውምበር ፡ በጥሩ ፡ ውምበር ፡ ለውጠ he replaced the hard chair with a nice one)

(በርሷ ፡ የሚለውጣትን ፡ ልጅ ፡ በማግኘቱ ፡ አግሩ ፡ ከዚያ ፡ ዴጅ ፡ አቋረጠ since he found a girl with whom to replace her, he stopped coming to that house)

(ለው ጠኝ ፡ ባይ ፡ የሚሻለውን ፡ አውቆ the one who proposes a trade/an exchange does so knowing which is best)

**ΛΡ**σπ läwawwätä to alter slightly, somewhat or considerably, to a great extent; to be inconsistent, say first one thing and then another; to change (clothes) repeatedly, to change completely, to vary [vt]

(ቃሉን : ይለዋውጣል he changes his statement[s])

ስዋው m : አሥራ to rebuild, have s.th. rebuilt, refashioned

ሐሳብ ፡ ለዋወጠ to change one's mind

ልብሱን : ለዋወጠ to change one's clothes, to dress up

to be changed, exchanged, to change [vi], to mutate; to be substituted, replaced; to be trans-

formed, converted (fl into); to turn (sour), go bad (meat)

የማይለውጥ yämmayəlläwwät immutable, invariable, unchanging

(ብሐኪም ፡ ቤት ፡ ውስጥ ፡ የተለወጠ ፡ የመጥፎ ፡ ሽታ ፡ መረን ፡ አልሽተተኝም ! perceived no particularly bad smell or odor in the hospital)

(ፍዱም ፣ ተስወጠብኝ it/he became completely unfamiliar to me)

(ደሙ ፡ ተስወጠ his complexion changed [due to fear or embarrassment])

rham tälawwätä to be exchanged, traded; to exchange, trade with one another (with  $\Pi$ ); to rotate, change posts or positions, succeed or follow in office

ተለዋወጠ täläwawwäțä to be altered somewhat or completely (Ar.); to be somewhat changed, change [vi] somewhat; to be or become thin, gaunt or haggard (due to hardship); to exchange or trade with one another; to vary [vi], fluctuate, be in flux; to be diversified; to rotate (take turns)

१९९८ भूक yämmayəlläwawwät stable (currency)

(ልብስ : ተስዋወጡ they exchanged clothes)

(በልብስ : ተለዋወጡ they exchanged [s.th.] for clothes)

(ሲምን ፡ በየሰዓቱ ፡ ትለዋወጣሰሀ why are you so changeable?)

(የነበድ ፡ ዋጋ ፡ ይለዋወጣል prices fluctuate)

ል:ቱ ፡ ተለዋወጠ = ል:ቱ ፡ ተለወጠ

**hhom allawwätä** to cause to trade with one another, to help exchange or trade; help to change or transform

(ይህን : ገንዘብ : በብር : አላው ጥልኝ help me change this money into dollars)

እስዋወጠ aläwawwäţä to cause to alter slightly, cause or allow to be altered slightly, cause or allow to alter or be altered considerably

hatom allawawata to help exchange or trade; to rotate [vt], alternate [vt]; to cause to change places, follow in succession (office holders)

(እያለዋወጠ əyyalläwawwäṭä in turn)

hhhom aslawwata to cause or allow to alter or be altered; to have s.o. exchange, have s.th. exchanged; to have s.o. follow or succeed another in office

ስውጥ läwwät changed, transformed, changing ስውጥ : አለ läwwätt alä to change [vi] a little

**APP** läwwaç one who trades, exchanges; transformer [clec.] (neol.); one who replaces, follows s.o. in office

ስዋጣ läwwatta in ሰዋጣ ፡ ስም alternate personal name (Hoben)

Amm. läwte masc. pers. n.

ለውጥ läwt alteration, change; exchange, substitution, replacement; improvement, repair (ለውጥ ፡ የማይፈልግ reactionary) (obs.)

ስውጥ : አይወይ läwt aywädde conservative (see ወይይ)

ስው ጠ ፡ ሁንት läwtä hunät change of state (phys.) (ncol.)

ስው ጥንት läwtənnät state or condition of being a change, alteration, etc.

AOM lawwäta act of exchanging, of replacing (s.o. in office)

ስዋው lawwač change, alteration; substitute, replacement; s.th. obtained in exchange, s.th. given in return

ልዋ . lawwate variation (neol.)

Aசு ரு law(wa)tu Ras Wäle's idiolect (AYMQ)

Am n. law(wa)te metamorphic (neol.)

APT lawt different

(አለባበሱ ፡ ልውጥ ፡ ነው his manner of dress is different) (G)

A T lawwat altered, changed, varied; exchanged, substituted; replacement (neol.)

(ጠጕሬ ፡ ልው ፕ stranger, outlander)

ልው ጥንት lawwatannät alteration, change, variation; exchange

ልሙጥ ፡ አለ lawwatt alä to change [vi] completely

ልውጥ ፡ አደረገ lawwatt adarraga to change, transform completely

ልው ጠት lawiät metamorphism, transformation (neol.)

A சு சு lawawwat exchange

(የተዠስ ፡ ልውውጥ exchange of fire)

ስዋዋዊ läwawač one who changes his statement, his story

AO-TO-T lawatwat varying, fluctuating

ልው ጥውጥ ፡ አለ lawatwatt alä to vary, to change [vi] completely, to change somewhat, in part

(ፊቷ ፡ ልው ፕውጥ ፡ አስ her face grow pale [from fright])

A மு 🤏 lawça exchange, trade; change, altera-

tion

(P&SA: A - Metathesis)

ተለዋሞ täläwwač changeable, fickle, inconstant; alternate, alternative, substitute

ተለዋጭነት täläwaçənnät state or condition of being changeable, fickleness

(ተለዋጭ ፡ አባል alternate member)

ተለዋዋው täläwawač variable, inconsistent, changeable, volatile, uustable, uudependable; spotty (work); interchangeable (letters)

(ተለዋዋው ፡ አየር variable weather, unstable weather conditions)

(ተሰዋዋም ፣ ኮረንተ alternating current [abbr. ተከ]) (neol.)

ኢ ተለዋዋ itäläwawač constant (math.)

ተለዋዋውነት täläwawaçənnät inconstancy, instability, lickleness, variation, variability

አለዋዋው alläwawač middleman, broker

አለሰዋ asläwwaç one who has s.o. exchange, has an exchange made or a rotation of office occur

ምልዋዋ malwat change of melody (from gə'əz to araray and əzəl)

replacement; means for changing, exchanging or bartering; change of clothing; disguise; magic potion or incantation

መስውጫ mälläwäča object received in exchange (Ar.); means for being changed or exchanged, spare parts

(ምስወጫ ፣ ልብስ change of clothing)

(የመኪና ፡ መስወጫ automobile spare parts)

(የተመን ፡ መለወጫ New Year)

መላውጫ mällawäça means of exchanging, c.g. a measure when one kind of grain is traded for another, article of exchange, trade goods (Ar.) መስዋወጫ mälläwawäça s.th. which helps to transfer, change, replace or rotate

(**መስዋወ**ጫ ፡ ኢቃ spare parts)

(መስዋወጫዎች mälläwawäčawočč spare parts)
(ኮረንቲ ፡ መስዋወሜ transformer [electrical])

ማሳውጫ mallawäça means for helping to change, transform, etc.

ማስዋወጫ malläwawäča = mallawäča

ຈາດດວາ masläwwäča means for having s.o. change, etc.

አስዋውጥ alläwawät manner or rate of exchange, change; manner of changing or exchanging, substitution, replacement, transformation. conversion, modification

(አለዋወጡ ፡ በሰንት ፡ ነው what is the rate of exchange?)

ለዛ läzza var. of ለዚያ 'for that'

ስዛ läzza to speak in an attractive, graceful or captivating manner [defective verb existing only in the simple imperfect]

An läzza attractiveness, good looks, good complexion; charismatic way of speaking, eloquence; pleasure, delight; pleasant taste (Ar.) Ar. ladda

(กัง : โก to be unattractive, to lack charm or taste)

(እንጀራው : ስዛ ፣ የለውም the ənğära-bread is not tasty)

(ከዓመት ፡ አንድ ፡ ጊዜ ፡ ብቻ ፡ የሚመጣው ፡ በዓል ፡ ለዛ ፤ the pleasure of a festival which comes only once a year)

(ጉንጮችዋ ፡ ከስዛና ፡ ከደም ፡ ማባታቸው ፡ ታጣው her cheeks were bereft of their charm and good complexion)

ስዛ ፡ መልካም one who has a good speaking voice ስዛ ፡ መጥጡ unattractive; lacking in sheen (skin); lifeless, dull (voice); flat (personality)

ለዝ ፣ በ.ስ unattractive (due to dry skin, dull hair) or in speaking (due to a nasal or high-pitched speaking voice)

ለዛ ፡ ያለው läzza yalläw graceful (dancer); attractive (manner of talking), fascinating (talker), charismatic (speaker)

ለዛ ፡ ደረቅ one who speaks drily or whose voice is unpleasing (B)

ባለ ፡ ለዛ one who has an attractive speaking voice

የጨዋታ ፡ ለዛ fascinating conversation

ለዛማ läzzamma of pleasant taste; attractive, good-looking

ለዛም läzzam = läzzamma

กษาที่ว่า läzzammannät or läzzammannät = กษ [n.]

ሉዝ luz almond, peanut, var. of ስውዝ

ሳዛ laz(z)a smoothness (of hair) (see ሎዛ)

ሳዛ lazza var. of ስዛ läzza (B)

ሉዝ lezza in ሉዛ ፡ ሐሬግ a broad-leaved climbing vine used in tying the crossbars to the uprights of a wall in house construction

All lazz (see All below)

শৈ loza locality in Palestine where Jacob saw the ladder to Heaven in his dream; place of blessing (AMQ)

fet loza in fet : ጸጉር wavy hair (G) (see ላላ above)

half loze almond, peanut, var. of hart half loze almond-like, having almonds

ስዘላለም läzälaläm or ለዘለዓለም läzälä'aläm forever (see ዓለም)

ARAH läzälläzä to suck eagerly, suckle continuously (baby, calf), to suck up, draw out by sucking, draw blood; to persist (rain), to drizzle for a long time; to make arrack, make tar by distilling or boiling; to simmer [vt], for a long time; to soak one's foot for a long time; to put ear wax in a wound in order to remove a thorn (inf.); to draw wire (KBT); to sap the strength, undermine the constitution (illness); to throb with pain (finger) (AYMQ); to nag, pester, bother (KBT)

(ትለዘልዛለች ፣ ተጃ ፣ ጡቷን ፣ አየጐተተች ፣ አለቅም ፡ ስትል ፡ ነው 'she sucks cagerly' is when a heifer pulls at the udder and won't let go) (Ar.)

(በሽታ : ለዘለዘው illness sapped his strength, undermined his constitution)

(HSA: AHAH it just rained and rained)

ተለዛለዝ täläzälläzä to be suckled as above

ለዘሰዛ läzäläza suckling, nursing (baby); sucking up as above (KBT)

ስዝላዥ läzlaž one who suckles

ለዘልህ läzäläz continuously falling (rain); suckled, sucked (KBT)

กาคา läzlazza sucking cagerly; persistent (rain); pertinacious, nagging, bothersome; boiled or distilled (substance in order to make arrack or tar); simmered

Annu lazläza suckling, nursing (baby, calf)

ልዝሳዥ ləzəllaž suckled (KBT)

ANAL lazallaze simmering

Anan loz(al)loz distilled (arrack); boiled (tar) (KBT)

መለዝስዣ mäläzläža or መለዝለዥያ mäläzläžaya means for suckling, e.g. mouth

አለዛልዝ alläzaläz manner of suckling or being suckled, etc.

AHN läzzäbä B to be finely ground (grain); to be

or become pliant, soft, smooth (s.th. rough or harsh), to be worked, be supple (hide, leather); to become gentle, tame, docile, lose its wildness (mount), to get along with others, become good-tempered or good-humored; to perfect one's knowledge (by studying, reviewing); to bring qane into wäräb form, make wäräb suitable for accompaniment by sistrum and hand-clapping; to be ready to be chanted using different musical instruments (hymn); to flag or slacken (action) (B)

(የ**ቁስለው ፡ ልብዋ ፡ መስዘብ ፡ ጀመር** her wounded heart began to soften)

ANNA läzazzäbä to be or become somewhat smooth or very smooth, to be or become softer, more pliant or supple (hide); to become more docile, tamer, more even-tempered

(በቅሎዋ ፡ ለዛዝባለች the mule has gotten a little tamer, less shy) (Ar.)

ተስዝብ täläzzäbä to forget; to pack up and move ont; to believe (AYMQ)

4-440 tälazzäbä to become friendly, on good terms (stranger, outsider with a family), to be ground fine, reduced to fine powder; to soften one another

(ተላዝቡ tälazzäbu they became reconciled, made up)

ተለዛዘበ täläzazzäbä to be ground fine, reduced to fine powder (AYMQ); to pat, stroke, caress one another

(ተለካዘበ täläzazzäbu = tälazzäbu above)

AAMA aläzzäbä to render smooth, grind to a fine powder, make into powder; to work a hide, make it pliant or supple (ABMQ); to polish, refine or improve (one's lessons by reviewing); to domesticate, tame, break (an ox to the yoke); to render good-tempered; to work over the zema-melody several times in order to master it; to aim, take aim (by putting the stock to the shoulder); to cajole, sweet talk s.o.

(ቅዳሴ ፡ ማርያም ፡ ማስዝብ ፡ ላይ ፡ ነን we are getting the Qaddase Maryam down pat)

(አለዝቦ፣ ተናንረ to speak gently)

(ልበን : አለዘበ to soften, ease s.o.'s heart)

(NPA: AANN to make supple or pliant with butter, e.g. a stiff hide)

**AAHA** allazzäbä to mollify, to treat indulgently; to break the news gently; to help to grind fine; to help sing the wäräb

(አላዝቦ: ተናንሬ to speak to someone in order to

mollify)

(ትምህርት ፡ ያላዝባሉ they review [their] lessons [in order to improve])

እስዛዝብ alläzazzäbä to appease, mollify, coax into a good mood, to calm, pacify (with caresses); to handle s.o. tactfully; to help to grind fine; belp to make smooth

**hhatfl** asläzzäbä to cause or allow to be smooth; have s.o. soften, make supple or pliant; to have s.th. made supple or pliant; to have s.o. grind fine, have s.th. powdered

**AHA läzäb** zema-melody with sistrum and käbäro-drum for the nags-procession; fixing the text and the melody of the wäräb, being chanted using a different musical notation

ለអ4 ፡ አለ läzzähh alä to be or become somewhat smooth or very smooth; to become somewhat tamer, more docile or more good-tempered

ለዘብ ፡ ያለ läzzäbb yalä gentle (breeze); soft (voice)

ስዝብ ፡ አደረገ läzzäbb adärrägä to soften [vt] somewhat, render gentlc(r), more docile, tame(r); to break up the soil (by repeated plowing) (ሪፓር-ጵን ፡ ስዝብ ፡ አድርጎ ፡ አዝጋጀ he toned down the report)

(@ca: hna: hs.c7 to tune up, warm up for the zema-melody by singing it in a low voice) (inf.)

And: läzäbta softness, pliability, suppleness (of a hide); being calm, patient, even-tempered; doing one's work calmly, softly, gently or politely

(用作用か: かずっと to speak in a low voice, in quiet tones)

ለክብተኛ läzäbtäňňa moderate (pol.)

ስዘብ ተኛንት läzäbtäňňannät slackness (in doing a task)

(ክራሴ ፡ ጀምሮ ፡ አስተዳደሩን ፡ ለዘብተኛንት ፡ ያጠቃዋል laxity affects the administration from myself [on down])

And. läzzabi smooth (board); supple or phant (hide); quiet, calm, even-tempered; docile (animal)

ስዛባ läzzabba soft, smooth, pliant, supple (hide); fine (powder or flour); good-natured, rather docile

ስዛብ läz(z)ab mild (pepper); gentle-natured, mild of temperament (Supp.)

ANA lazzaba act of smoothing, grinding fine

A4fl. ləzzabi fine, powdered (flonr, etc.) (KBT)

And lazzabe grinding fine, being powdered And lazzab smooth, soft, e.g. eat's fur; very fine (powder); gentle (breeze); gentle-natured, mild (in speech), gentle or tame (animal); supple, pliant (hide)

(ልዝብ : ለይጣን person who conceals his wick-edness behind a gentle manner)

(A개세 · 유효가 fine flour)

(AHI): \$.77.8 polished, smooth stone)

(And: mcd smooth board)

Aዝብንት lazzabannät fineness (of flour); gentleness (of temperament); suppleness, flexibility, pliability of disposition, calm

ልዝብ ፡ አለ lazzabb alä to be very fine, smooth or soft

And lazzabo completely smooth, smooth all over, e.g. an egg (Cohen)

A។៤៧ lazzaboš smoothing (KBT)

Aዝባት lazzabat being smooth, supple, etc. (KBT)

አስዛቤ aläzzabi one who smooths, grinds fine; leader of the däbtäras' choir (märi geta)

አስለዛበ. asläzzabi one who has s.o. grind fine, etc., who has s.th. ground fine, etc.

መስዘቢያ mäläzzäbiya means of, place or time for being or becoming smooth, for being finely ground, etc.

መለዘቢያ mälläzäbiya means, place or time for turning to powder

መላዘቢያ mällazäbiya means for calming or soothing one another

TAHU. F maläzzäbiya or TAHU. F malzäbiya means of, time or place for rendering smooth, e.g. plane, grinding slab, butter (for making leather supple)

ማጓዘብ.ያ mallazäbiya means for helping to grind

ማለዛዘቢያ malläzazäbiya = mallazäbiya

ማስለዘቢያ masläzzäbiya means for having s.th. smoothed, etc.

hanner of being or becoming smooth, of being fine, of talking gently, etc.

\*ለሀን - ተለዘን B? täläzzänä to sing in an unpleasing voice (KBT)

ስላዘን alazzänä to cry, lament; to sing in a harsh or unpleasant tone or voice; to howl (dog), to low (cow), to laugh (hyena), to growl, to make

a noise while sleeping (ox, person); to slaver, drool (animal) (B)

AHT läzäna singing in an unattractive voice (KBT)

AHS lazana singing in a whining tone

ሳዛኝ laz(z)aň unpleasant voice or sound like the howling of a dog

ሳዛና laz(z)ana one who sings in an unpleasant voice

A459° läz(z)anam one who makes such cries
AH5 ləzzäna howling

ልዛኝ ləzzaň sung in an unpleasant voice

A42 lazzane singing in an unpleasing voice, unpleasing whine or lament (KBT)

ልዝን lazzan unpleasing voice

AHST lazzanat howling, singing as above (KBT)

ተሰዛኝ täläz(z)aň one who sings as above

**h447** alaz(z)aň one who cries out in his sleep, one who sings the zema-melody badly, out of tune

አላዛኝንት alazanennat state or condition of groaning, moaning like an ill person

ማሳዘኛ malazăña reason for howling, for crying out in one's sleep

**All?** lazān a disease affecting the bowels of cattle (KBT)

ANY lazuna 'bile gold' which is found in the stomachs of oxen in Harar Province and the Oromo areas and has a golden liquid in it, a tough, yellowish sae which is dried and used with tea as a remedy for sugar diabetes (AYMO)

\*ለዞን - አላዞን alazzonä to low (Ar.) (see \*ለዞን above)

ለተናም läzonam one who groans (G)

AHH läzzäzä A, B to be or become somewhat moist or damp (from dew, fine drizzle); to cling together (grains just a little too moist for grinding); to be hard to split (wood not quite dry); to be the object of s.o.'s disgust; to be argumentative; to be disliked, unwanted due to one's refusal to accept what he is told (KBT); to be stubborn (ABMQ); to wither (leaf, plant) (Supp.); to be nearly dry (laundered garment); to soften, grow soft

(አተሩንና ፡ ባቄሳውን ፡ የንጀራ ፡ ዅዝጓዝ ፡ ብታደርነው ፡ ይለዝዛል if you cover peas and beans with [hot] ənğära-bread, they will get soft)

TAHH tälazzäzä to moisten each other, e.g. dry and moist objects in contact, to be somewhat moist; to start to get dry (B)

አለዘዘ aläzzäzä to moisten, dampen somewhat [vt]

AHH läz(z)äza being not quite dry

Ann läzäz not quite dry, still a bit moist; soft, softened as above (B)

ለዘዝ ፡ አለ läzäzz alä = läzzäzä

(አረጅም ፡ መንገድ ፡ ተጉዘን ፡ ስውነታችን ፡ በድካም ፡ ለዘዝ ፡ ሲል ፡ የተሜንበት ፡ መኪና ፡ ቆመ when our bodies were about to collapse from exhaustion due to our long trip, the truck on which we were riding came to a halt)

Ann läzaza moist, damp, not completely dry or dried out, too moist for grinding or threshing; soft, softened, e.g. hard kernels on being heated; uncertain; insincere, not frank; indecisive, hesitant

กษาว่า läzazannät or กษาว่า läzazannät state or condition of being a bit damp, moistness

กุษษ läzaz = läzaza

All'I lazzäza not being completely dry

ልዛዥ ləzzaž grain or wood which is not dried out enough for grinding or splitting

An lazz barely moist

አለዛዥ aläzzaž one who moistens, etc.

መስዘዣ mäläzzäža or መልዘዣ mälzäža means of, place or time for being or becoming moist; underside of anǧära-bread (AYMQ)

TAHY malazzaža or TAHY malzaža means of, time or place for moistening, etc.

እስዛዘዝ alläzazäz manner of being or becoming moist

AH. F läzziya for that (see -H.F)

AH7 lazzägä to be or become elastic, to stretch [vi]

እሳዘግ alazzägä to stretch [vt] (s.th. elastic)
መላዘግድ mälazägiya means for stretching, rubber eraser

እስዛዘግ alläzazäg manner of stretching, of being elastic

At läyyä B to distinguish, to discern, perceive clearly, to differentiate, discriminate; to assort; to dissociate, disentangle, separate (into

groups, categories, etc.), to divide (separate), set apart, to break up (a fight), to expel from society (by a ban, etc.), to disjoin, segment (an orange, etc.); to recognize, pick out, identify; to give or assign identifying marks or insignia of rank; to specify, define (law)

กรย läyyäh masc. pers. п.

ለኖሽኝ läyyähäňň masc. pers. n., lit. Thou [God] hast separated me (Ar.)

(ለይ ፡ ብለው ፡ ጐራዴያቸውን ፡ ሙዘው ፡ አዋጅ ፡ ያጽንት they reinforced the proclamation by drawing their swords and telling [people] to choose [sides])

(ይህን : ሁሉ ፡ ሲያደርግ ፡ በሙ ፡ አየለየ ፡ ነበር while doing all this, he was picking out [identifying, choosing] people)

(የጦርነቱም ፡ ውጤት ፡ ወዲያው ፡ ስየ the outcome of the battle was decided at once)

(የሚታገሉትን፣ ስየ he separated those who were grappling with each other)

(በወ17 ፡ በወገኑ ፡ ለይቶ ፡ አስቀመጠ to put [objects] into groups)

ሰይቶ läyyəto exactly, precisely

(ሥራዬን ፡ ለይቼ ፡ አላወቅሁትም I didn't know exactly what my work was)

(ABA: A? to consider s.th. apart from other things, treat it as though it had no connection with other things)

(no: Af to discriminate against s.o.; to recognize s.o.)

( \$PT : AP to identify the seven 'orders' of the Ethiopic syllabary)

(J.S.A: AP to master the Ethiopic syllabary)

(ドハドハ子・ トエンと a blatant, die-hard or hard-core reactionary)

(የለየለት ፡ ድኻ an out-and-out pauper)

(አንሩ ፡ የፌረስ ፡ አንር ፡ ስለንበረ ፡ አረኛው ፡ ሁሉ ፡ የለየለት ፡ ኃላቢ ፡ ነው since his home district was one [well-known] for horses, every herdsman was an exceptionally good horseman)

APP läyayyä to distinguish somewhat or a great deal; to sort, classify, spread apart, to break up, separate; to decompose [vt], disintegrate [vt], to dismantle (a machine), to detach, disconnect, to take apart, take to pieces; to separate, e.g. two who are fighting

the täläyyä to be distinguished, discerned, differentiated, to be singled out; to be assorted, dissociated, disentangled, etc.; to be recognized, picked out, identified; to separate [vi],

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separate o.s., to part company (ħ with); to differ, be different; to be delineated, delimited, specified; to die

PTEAE yämmayəlläyy indistinct, indistinguishable

(hansform I am not being/cannot/will not be separated from them)

(እከሉ ፡ አሻንጊ ፡ ላይ ፡ ተለየ so-and-so was killed [in the battle of] Ašangi)

(እንሌ ፡ ከዚህ ፡ ዓለም ፡ በሞት ፡ ተለየ so-and-so passed away)

(እግዚአብሔር ፣ አይለይሀ may God be with you!)

(ወረቀትም ፡ አይለናኝም may your letters not be separated from me, i.e. write me often!)

(የእግዜር ፡ ቸርነት ፡ ያልተለያቸው they who have never been without God's bounty . . .)

(ቀንና ፡ ቶታው ፡ ተለይቶ ፡ እንዲጻፍበት have the exact date and location written on it)

(በሕግ ፡ ተለይቶ ፡ የታወቀ especially recognized [defined] by law . . . )

የተለየ yätäläyyä peculiar, different, special, strange, particular (special), characteristic (special), prominent, remarkable, exclusive (የተለየ : መዝንብ special register)

(mak: Phay: 100 he is a strange [hard to fathom] person)

TAP? täläyayyä to differ, differ greatly (from one another); to be distinguished, be different; to diverge (of opinion); to be at variance; to separate [vi], part [vi], part company, part from one another, be separated from one another; to come apart, disintegrate, to disjoin [vi], decompose [vi]; to contrast [vi]; to branch off, bifurcate; to adjourn

(ወይፈንና ፣ ተች ፡ ይልያያሉ 'wäyfän' and 'təğa' differ from each other, are different)

(ንፋብ ፡ ሲመጣበት ፡ ተለያይቶ ፡ ይወድቃል when the wind blows, it comes apart and falls down) (በቀጠር ፡ ተለያየን we parted [having made] an appointment [to meet again])

(ከተለያየን ፡ እስከዛሬ from when we were separated from each other/parted company until to-day . . .)

አንለያይ annolläyay name two comrades give each other as a sign of friendship, lit. let's not part

(ንጋ ፡ አስከመጨረሻ ፡ ድረስ ፡ ጠላትን ፡ አንደተጠቀጠው ፡ ተለያይቷል Nägga died, still hammering the enemy to the utmost) (የመጀመሪያ ፡ ጊዜ ፡ ግተሚያ ፡ አሸናፊ ፡ ሳይኖር ፡ ሁለት ፡ ለሁለት ፡ ተለያዩ the first match ended in a draw 2-2)

(ዓፅሞች ፡ ሳይለያዩ ፡ እንደ ፡ ደረቅ ፡ ካፍ ፡ ያለ ፡ ሥጋ ፡ ቆመው ፡ ያየሆት the skeletons which I saw standing fleshless like dried trees and not coming apart . . .)

PARP yätäläyayyä varied, different, dissimilar, variant [adj.]

(Ptoph: \hatanaments hat hatanaments)
happen alläyayyä to take apart, to detach [vt],
part (separate) [vt], to split up [vt], break up
e.g. a friendship, to estrange, alienate; to differentiate; to cause or allow to distinguish
somewhat or very much (Ar.), to cause or allow
to be distinguished from one another, to help to
distinguish

(የቀብርን: ሥነ: ሥርዓት: የሚያለያየው: እንድ: ሌላ: ነገር: የሟቼ: ነፍስና: ሥ.ጋ: የተለዩበት: ሰዓት: ነው another thing which makes a difference in the burial ceremony is the time in which the deceased expired)

hhas astäyyä to cause or allow to distinguish or to be distinguished (Ar.); to have s.o. separate, detach, have s.th. separated or detached; to have s.th. picked out or selected; to cause to be recognized, be familiar, accustomed; to have s.o. recognize, make familiar, etc.

(የጉርጓዱን: ማሽላ ፡ ይህናውን ፡ ከደምበሾው ፡
ካለለየ ፡ በኋላ after he had the good sorghum
from the [storage] pit separated from the
spoiled [part] . . .)

(ፋሽስት ፡ ወዳጅ ፡ ጠላት ፡ አላሲለየው ፡ ብሎ ፡ ጥይት ፡ ሲከትትበት ፤ ዘላንጃ ፡ ሲዘከዝነው the Fascists were shooting and hacking [the bodies] with bayonets intending to make them unrecognizable, lit. I won't let a friend or an enemy identify [the body] or I won't let a friend be distinguished from an enemy)

**AP.** läyyi one who separates, puts or sets aside or apart; one who differentiates, distinguishes, who singles out

AP layyu distinct, different, distinctive; special; specific; separate; strange, eccentric; private (special); extra; extraordinary; recluse; distinguished, famous

(ዛሬ ፡ ምን ፡ እንደነካሽ ፡ አላውቅም ፡ ብቻ ፡ ልዩ ፡ ሆነሻል I don't know what is the matter with you today but you've become different)

(ያ፡መንኵሴ፡ከንዳም፡ልዩ፡ነው that monk does

not belong to a monastery)

(እኔም ፡ ክዚህ ፡ ሰው ፡ ደም ፡ ልዩ ፡ ንኝ and I am free/innocent of this man's blood)

(በልዩ ፡ የቆመ ፡ ፍርድ ፡ ቤት Special Tribunal, lit. court specially constituted) (obs.)

ልዩ ፡ መምሀር (an) outstanding, distinguished, famous teacher

AF: and privilege, special right(s) or power(s)

ልዩ : መልአክት special delivery

ልዩ ፡ መልአክተኛ envoy extraordinary

ልዩ : ሥልጣን special power(s)

ልዩ ፡ ሰሜት strange sensation, peculiar feeling ልዩ ፡ ጸሐፊ or ልዩ ፡ ጣፊ private or personal secretary, private scribe

ልዩ ፡ ፍጥሬት bat

AF: AF layyu layyu various, miscellaneous; distinct, separate

(IAF bäləyyu custom (made); pers. n. (m. and f.)

(በልዩ ፡ ትእዛዝ by special order or command) (እንዲህ ፡ ባለው ፡ ጊዜ ፡ የሚደረገው ፡ ትክራ፡ ልዩ ፡ ዓላማው the specific purpose of ritual boasting done at a time like this . . .)

መልከ ፡ ልዩ (see መልክ under ለካ)

A87+ layyunnät deviation, divergence, division, discrimination, discrepancy, variation, conflict (of opinion), gap (difference), interval (of space or time), specification, difference, distinction (difference, fame), fame (Ar.)

(ምንም ፡ ልዩንት ፡ አ*ያመጣም* it makes no difference to me)

(በስድስት ፡ ወይም ፡ በሰባት ፡ ኪሎሜትር ፡ ልዩንት ፡ ይጓዛሉ they travel at intervals of six or seven km.)

(በጥቂት ፡ ሰዓት ፡ ልዩነት ፡ ተከታትለው ፡ ሞቱ they died one after the other at intervals of a few hours)

(ዮሐሳብ ፡ ልዩነት difference of opinion)

(PAAP : ARIT racial discrimination)

(PHC: ARSA racial discrimination)

AR layy s.th. or s.o. that is special, chosen, unique

ለየት ፡ አለ läyyätt alä to be a bit different, to differ somewhat; to be somewhat apart or separate [from s.o., s.th.]

ለየት ፡ አደረገ läyyätt adärrägä to distinguish [vt] somewhat, to distinguish to a great extent ልዮ: Ի ləyyäta act of separating, parting, splitting s.th. up, etc.

ልይት layyət separated, parted; dispersion (neol.)

ልይት ፡ አለ layyatt alä to be greatly different, to differ greatly (h from); to be completely separated or divided

(の11): A&オ・AA my back is badly sprained) A&オ・A&27 layyatt adärrägä to separate [vt] or distinguish completely, to divide [vt]

ልይትይት ፡ እስ leyetyett alä to become detached, separated

ARR layayyu varied, dissimilar, separate, distinct (KBT)

ARRY layayyat divergence, standard deviation (neol.)

ተለይ täläyy in ተለይ ፡ ባዳ mine: be here; yours: go there (shepherd's formula)

በተሰየ bätäläyyä or በተለይ(ም) bätäläyy(əm) chiefly, specially, especially, specifically, in particular, particularly

TASE täläyayi one who differs, parts, separates, etc.

እስያዩ- alläyayi one who detaches, takes apart, etc.

ANAR asläyyi one who has s.o. distinguish, etc.

(ቀለም : አሰለዱ one who instructs students learning the alphabet)

መስየት mäläyyät act of distinguishing, distinction (distinguishing), separation (separating)

መስየት mälläyät distinction (being distinguished); separation (being separated); faction, party, sect [obs.] (G, Ar.); limit, boundary; separation; articulation, joint [obs.] (B)

መለያ mäläyya means of, place or time for distinguishing, identifying, recognizing, separating or dividing, e.g. brand or notches on the ears of livestock, identifying mark; wrist; boundary (መሊያ ፡ ተጥር scrial number)

(መለያ ፡ ወረቀት identification papers)

(የመስያ ፡ ምልክት distinguishing mark, identifying mark, emblem)

(\$16: A) borders of the country (G); place or reason for parting from one's country, e.g. banishment, exile) (inf.)

and? mallaya means of, place or time for being distinguished, identified, recognized, separated or divided; point or place where two things differ; characteristics, features; place where s.th. can be separated or disjoined; identification

mark(s), attribute(s), singularity, characteristics, hallmark, insignia, badge, uniform cap, soldier's beret; headband worn as an ornamentation or for keeping the butter in the hair from running down (B)

(ምስዮ ፡ ስባሽ [the] men-in-uniform)

(nama? uniformed soldier; troop, military unit)

(ወታደራዊ ፡ መለዮ military insignia, uniform cap)

መስያያ mäläyaya fork (in the road); time, place or reason for taking leave of one another; articulation, joint, e.g. wrist, shoulder blade, ankle, etc.; join (juncture); common boundary (B)

መስያያ ፡ መንገድ crossroads (B) [obs.]

መለያያ ፡ ስንጥቅ fault [geol.]) (ncol.)

መስያያ mälläyaya means of, time or place for being distinguished somewhat, etc. (Ar.)

ማስያያ malläyaya means of causing or allowing to distinguish, for separating, detaching, disjoining, dismantling, etc.

ግስሲያ masläyya means of causing or allowing to distinguish, learning to recognize, etc.

እስያይ alläyay manner of separating, etc.; difference, variety (Ar.)

አለደየት alläyayät = alläyay

**1.8** lay on, upon, above, at, in, on high, on the top, upstairs, up there, over there; north; upper part [n.], top [n.]; surface

ላይ ፡ ቤት second story (of a house, building): Kingdom of Heaven, school of Biblical exegesis favoring the literal meaning of the text; (see ታች ፡ ቤት); locality in Märhabete 1140N 3758E (see also የሳይ ፡ ቤት below)

(ሥራ፡ ሳይ፡ ነው be is at work, he is on the job) (ሥሩ፡ አይታይም፡ ሳዩ፡ ብቻ፡ ነው you can't see the bottom, only the top)

ሳይ ፡ ሳዩን lay layun superficially, externally ሳይ ፡ ሳዩን ፡ ሂደ to go along the ridgeline, pass through the uplands; to be off like a shot (AYMQ); to go along the top; to treat s.th. superficially; to plow lightly; to scan (a book)

(ሳይ ፡ ሳዩን ፡ ነር ፡ ይመስሳል outwardly he seems kindly)

(ሳይ ፡ ሳዩን ፡ ሳቅሁኝ I laughed superficially) (ሳይ ፡ ሳዩን ፡ ተናገረ to touch lightly on a subject, talk superficially on a matter)

ላይ ፡ በሌ lay balle in ታች ፡ በሌና ፡ ላይ ፡ በሌ ፡

አስ tačč bällenna lay bälle alä to suffer from diarrhea and vomiting

(ትናንት ፡ በጣም ፡ አሞኝ ፡ ታች ፡ በሌና ፡ ላይ ፡ በሌ ፡ ለል ፡ ነበር yesterday I was very sick, I had diarrhea and vomiting)

ሳይ ፡ በሳይ lay balay superficially (B)

ሳይ ፡ ታች lay tačč up and down

ላይና : ታች layonna tačč heaven and earth; highland and lowland; head and foot (of objects)

ላይና : ታች : እስ layonna tacc alä to march up and down, go hither and thither; to hesitate, be hesitant

ላይፈር layfar top soil (neol. from ላይኛ : አፈር) በ bä + nonn + ላይ lay expresses, 'on', 'on top of'; 'in', 'at'; 'in addition to'; 'over'; 'about' ('in connection with'); 'concerning':

(በኛ ፡ ሳይ above us)

(በሽማግሌዎች ፡ ላይ in the presence of elders) (በእንደራ ፡ አናት ፡ ላይ ፡ ነኝ I'm dependent on my stepmother)

(በመንን ፡ ላይ ፡ ኢስከዚህ ፡ ድረስ ፡ ግፍ ፡ መሥራት ፡ የሚገባ ፡ አይደለም it is wrong to do such an injustice as this to/against one's own kind)

(በአዲስ ፡ አበባ ፡ ሳይ in, at Addis Ababa, through, via Addis Ababa)

(በሕዝብ ፡ ላይ ፡ ሥልጣን ፡ አለው he has authority over the people)

(በምድር ፡ ሳይ on the ground, on land, on Earth) (በዚህ ፡ ሳይ in addition to this, at this [point]) (በዚሁ ፡ ጕዳይ ፡ ሳይ ፡ ተነጋገረ to discuss, talk about this subject)

በስዩ ፣ ሳይ bälayu lay on the top, above, on the surface

(በላዩ ፡ ላይ ፡ የሆነው ፡ ሳው ፡ ወድቆ ፡ ምተ the person who was on [the] top fell off and was killed)

(ነንሩ ፡ በርስዎ ፡ ላይ ፡ ነው the matter depends on you, is up to you; the matter reflects on you) (inf.)

ባንድ ፡ ላይ together

በርሱ ፡ ሳይ against him, on bim

 $\Omega$  bä + inf. +  $\Delta \mathcal{B}$  lay +  $\Delta \mathcal{B}$  näw expresses 'being in the act', 'process' or 'state of':

(መጽሐፍ ፡ በመጻፍ ፡ ላይ ፡ ነኝ I'm writing a book)

nage balay on, upon, above, up there, in Heaven; masc. pers. n.

(AAC: P.P.m. come along the upper [one], the higher [one])

(በጠመንጃም: ሲመቱት: ወዲያው ፡ ልብቡ: በላዩ: ተ.ቃጥሎ ፡ ነበር and when they shot him with guns, his clothes caught fire on him right away) (በላያች) above us)

(በላዬ : ተመው leave it to me, let me handle it)
በላይ ነህ bälaynäh mase. pers. п., lit. Thou
[God] art above or you are superior

በሳይንሽ bälaynäš fem. pers. п.

(ድንጋዩ ፡ በላዩ ፡ ላይ ፡ ወደቀ the stone fell on top of him)

(NAL: NAR one on top of the other [in succession]; right on [the] top)

በላይ: አደረገ to send sprawling, turn topsy-turvy (G)

(14.5.7.7.4.5.15) bälayənnät mastery, upper hand, superiority, higher authority (over s.th.)

PAR superior (in office or in rank); private or personal funds, assets, personal belongings

(ረዳት ፡ ጦር ፡ እንዲመጣለት ፡ የበላዩን ፡ ጠይቆ ፡ ንበር he had asked his superiors for reinforcements)

(PAAR: 18's to acquire dominance, be the superior or leading person)

(ራሱን : የበላይ : አደረገ to make o.s. supreme)

(የበላይ : መኰንን senior officer)

(የበላይ : ሹማምንት superior officers)

(የበላይ ፡ ባለሥልጣን high official, higher authority)

(የበላይ ፡ ዳኝ superior court judge)

(የበሳይ ፡ ጠባቂ: [ṭäbbaqi] patron)

PART : PAT superior and subordinate, boss and underling

የበላይነት yäbälayənnät supremacy, dominion, superiority, mastery (upper hand)

(አሁን ፡ እኔ ፡ ልጠይቅ ፡ የፈለግሁት ፡ የበላይነት ፡ ያለው ፡ አዋጅ ፡ ነው ፡ ወይለ ፡ መመሪያ what I would like to ask is: which has greater authority, a decree or a directive?)

በስተላይ bästälay above, on the top, toward the top

A...A. a... lay at, on, on top of

(እንድ ፡ ሰው ፡ በተይት ፡ አሁለት ፡ ሳይ ፡ ተመትቶ ፡ ሞቷል one person was struck by bullets in two places and died)

(አንንዘብ : ላይ : ያለው : የማራኪነት : ኃይል : አሉሳ : አምንም : ነገር : ላይ : አንደሌላ : ለመረዳት : በቃሁ I have been able to realize that the force of attraction in money does not exist in anything else)

እዚህ ፡ ሳይ here, over here, at this point

(ፕሮግራም ፡ እዚህ ፡ ሳይ ፡ ተፈጸም the program [broadcast] ends here, concludes herewith)

እዚያ ፡ ሳይ there, over there, at that place

has alay on (the) top, above, up there, over there, upstairs

(መንንዱም ፡ አላይ ፡ ሆኖ ፡ ሳይለይ ፡ አይቀርም the road can probably be made out when one is up high)

(እሳይ : የተባሉት those mentioned above, the abovementioned)

(እሳያቸው ፡ ሳይ ፡ ወረወረው he threw it right on top of them)

እስከሳይ askälay up to the top, up to the upper part

አንድ ፡ ላይ together, at the same time

ከሳይ on top, from [on] top, from above

(has: oas to come down from above, from the top)

(በሽተኛው ፣ የሚያቃስት ፡ ወይም ፡ ከላይ ፡ ከላይ ፡ የሚያቃትተው ፡ መስሎት ፡ ነበር he thought the sick person was groaning or gasping)

ከ ... ላይ kä ... lay at, on, on top of; from, in (ከባላምባራስ ፡ አብንኔ ፡ ላይ ፡ ቀረብን we appeared before Balambaras Abune)

(ፋይሎቹን ፡ ከኢታና ፡ ሳይ ፡ ተቀበለ he took [received] the files from Itana)

(በውዬውም ፡ ከፌቷ ፡ ላይ ፡ የሚነበበውን ፡ ደለታ ፡ አይቶ this fellow, seeing the joy which could be read on her face . . . )

(ክፍዱም ፡ ድንጋሔ ፡ ሳይ ፡ ወይቀ he fell into utter astonishment)

(ከላይዋ ፡ ላይ ፡ ወደቀባት he fell right on top of her)

(山子で: 4月: のえ中 to get into straits/a difficult situation)

(ካንቺ፣ ላይ፣ የፍቅር፣ ምልክት፣ አልበት he has signs/indications of love for you)

h... NAB kä...bälay over, above, upwards, beyond, more than, in addition to, besides, outside of

(ከመሆኑም ፡ በሳይ on top of [that], in addition) (ከመጠን ፡ በሳይ to excess, too much, unusually, beyond measure)

(ከዚህ ፣ በሳይ at this point)

(ከዚህ ፣ በላይ ፣ የተጠቀበው the abovementioned, the foregoing ...)

(hhu[f<sup>m</sup>]: AAB furthermore, moreover, besides, besides this, along with this, again [moreover])

(ከሳይ ፣ በሳይ in addition to) (Supp.)

(hh??? : fig. : fif) insincere, feigned, forced, strained [not natural])

or ... 18 wädä ... lay upwards, toward the top, up to

orac wädälay up, upwards, toward there, higher, c.g. when lifting s.th.

(ወደላይ ፡ ተመለከተ to look up)

(ወደላይ ፡ ይለዋል to almost vomit)

(የውስጡ ፡ ወደ ፡ ሳይ ፡ ተንለበጠ it [Addis Ababa] was turned topsy-turvy)

(ወደ ፡ ሳይ ፡ ወደ ፡ ሳይ ፡ ይተንፍለ ፡ ፫ሙር he began breathing heavily)

PAR yalay upper; private, personal

የሳይ ፡ ቤት the upper or higher house [indicates the topographical situation or superiority of social status, e.g. the house of the father, older brother, etc.] (see ሳይ ፡ ቤት above)

ላይነት layənnät height, elevation; superiority (B); state or condition of being superior (in rank or status)

ላይኝ layəñña upper, top [adj.]; (the) one who is above, up there

ላይኞች layannocc the good ones, saints, righteous persons; officials

ሳድኛው layaññaw the one up top, up there, in Heaven, i.e. God

(እሱም ፡ አንደላይኛው ፡ ሕይወት ፡ የሚያሳጣ ፡ ተግበር ፡ መሆኑን ፡ ነስጻ and he explained that it was an action which would end life like the One up there [does], i.c. would prove fatal)

(ኃይለ ፡ ማርያም ፡ ረታ ፡ አንደላይኛው ፡ ሁለት ፡ ጠመንሽ ፡ ማርኩ ፡ ተመልቧል Haylä-maryam Rätta, just like the abovementioned [person], returned with two captured rifles)

ላይኛነት layəňňannät or ላይኝነት layəňňannät upper position, quality of or the condition of being high, superior

(ሳዶኛው ፡ ግቤ the Upper Palace, i.e. Gännätä Lə'nl)

As laya Leah, fem. pers. n. (Bibl.)

ለይለይ läyläy in ጉሜ ፡ ለይለይ refrain of a song sung by a victorious warrior

ሰዎስ läyəsmulla only for show, pose (see ሰማ)

ለየት läyyätt, ልይት layyatt (see ለየ)

ልየታ layyäta act of separating (see ለየ)

ሊየተና liyätäna lieutenant Fr.

ሊየተና፣ ዀቝኔል lieutenant colonel ሊየተና፡ ሂኔራል lieutenant general

ሊዮንቺና liyončina small bus used in rural transit

ልይዩ layayyu (see AP)

ልይይት layayyat (see ስየ)

**APR** läyyädä B to separate the coarse chaff from the threshed grain by tossing or spreading it with the *layda*-shovel (KBT)

**18.4** layda flat, ovoid shovel made of wood and used for spreading or tossing the threshed grain as above

(AP.8: ha to toss or spread threshed grain as above)

ሉድ lud fem. pers. n., Cain's twin sister (Bibl.)

AA loda Lydda, birthplace of St. George (now Lod, Israel)

ttA4 zäləda man from Lydda (Geez)

ARAR lädällädä to be or become thick (liquid, batter, soup); to be mild (pepper)

(179: ARAR to have a sore on the soft palate) (inf.)

**ጕሬሮ ፡ ለደለ**ደ to spit thick saliva (G); to swell (throat) due to a sore, etc.

has alädällädä to thicken [vt] a liquid by boiling it down or by adding flour, etc.; to make milder (pepper, peppery food)

ለደለዓ lädäläda thickening (liquid due to boiling down) (KBT)

ለደለድ lädäläd thickened, inspissated (KBT) ለድላዳ lädladda thick, thickened, viscous (liq-nid)

ልድሰዳ ladläda the process of thickening a liquid, being or becoming thick (liquid) (KBT)

ልድሳጅ ladallag thickened (liquid as above) ልድሳይ ladallade mild (pepper); thick (liquid)

ልድልድ led(el)led thick (liquid) (KBT)

ልድልዳት ladladat becoming thick (liquid by inspissating)

መለድለኝ mälädläğa means for making thick, e.g. stirring in flour, trampling (mud and water), inspissating

ማስምለኝ malädläğa means for thickening a thin liquid (KBT)

አለዳሰድ allädaläd manner of thickening, etc.

ስይመ läddämä to shove, to butt (AYMQ)

ARA läddäsä B to smear (the hair with butter); to cover with a coat of mud, plaster, to plaster over, fill in the chinks; to affix (a stamp to a letter), to stick on; to accuse s.o. in some matter (TA)

ARRA lädaddäsä to smear the hair with butter (several persons)

ስዳሽ läddaš one who puts butter on his hair; one who plugs the cracks in a coat of mud

ልደሳ laddäsa putting butter on one's hair (KBT)

ልድብ laddas buttered (hair); filled in (chinks) መለደፕ mäläddäsa reason for putting butter on the hair, e.g. loss of color due to malnutrition, dryness

ልዴታ ladata birthday of the Virgin Mary (cclebrated on the first day of every month); first of the month; payday; district of southwestern Addis Ababa (see ወሰደ)

ልዴት ladat birth, Christmas, Nativity (celebrated 29 Tahsas) (see ወሰዴ)

**14.7 ladan** large basket used as a measure for grain which usually contains four qwənnas but which may have two to ten qwənnas in some areas

ድርብ: ላዳን darrabladan a large basket used as a grain measure which may contain from 5 to 6 gunnas

ns. Läddäfä B to coat, besmear (with butter or mud); to soil, dirty (by splattering with mud, mortar, spit); to hawk and spit out a blob of spittle or phlegm; to use taboo words, speak insults, speak in a vulgar manner; to fall in large drops (rain); to put or place s.th. on top without making it secure (see nm.)

(ምራቁን ፡ ለደፈበት he spit on it/him, e.g. the floor, a person)

(ሰድብ ፡አይሰድፍብህም insults will not stick to you, i.e. forget the insult)

(うつに・れんよ[の子] nägär läddäfä[bbät] to offend s.o. inadvertently)

HARA täläddäfä to be spit; to be plastered, smeared on

hans. a släddäfä to have s.o. spit, have s.th. expectorated; to have s.o. besmear, have s.th. plastered

ARA läddafi spittle, s.th. spit out; one who speaks vulgarly due to want of sense or from

arrogance; one who besmirches

ስጻሩ läddaffa one who speaks badly or vulgarly; s.th. spit out, spit on the floor; thing which soils as above

ልድፍ laddaf spit, spittle

ልድፍ ፡ አለ laddaff alä to spit

ልድፋት laddafat spitting

መስደፊያ mäläddäfiya place where spit is expectorated, thing spit on or in

አስዳደፍ allädadäf manner of besmearing or spitting

ልጅ ləğ child, boy, son; honorific title (see ወሰደ)

AYr ləž child, var. AF

ልኧልቅሶ laǧalaqso a quick-growing variety of barley, lit. child's weeping (see ልጅ and ልቀሰ)

ሎጂክ logik logic Eng.

A第72年 ləğagäräd girl

h.2 lägga to bat (a ball, dropping it and striking it before it touches the ground); to jostle, push over, throw down; to gulp down (a drink); to deal a hard slap; to be fresh, new, to be green, verdant (branch, switch); to prune or top plants or trees (Supp.); to touch lightly, brush in passing

(በና: ቤት ፡ ነብቶ: እያከታተለ: ጂን ፡ ልጋበት he went into a bar and gulped down [several drinks of] gin, one after the other)

thrown down; to be batted, pushed over, thrown down; to be batted, struck (bail as above); to be gulped down (drink)

(ぞれ: すれ) the wall was thrown down [by its own weight, by a quake]) (G)

talagga to jostle, bump each other, to bump, bump into, collide with several things, e.g. a drunken person trying to walk; to grapple or struggle with an adversary; to strive, work hard at a task; to suffer from hunger

(ውብኪ ፡ እንደውሃ ፡ ይላጋል whiskey was gulped down like water)

( + 17 tälaggu to jostle, bump into one another)

(በሳቅ ፣ ተላ.ን to be convulsed by laughter)

(በረታብ ፡ ተላጋ to suffer from hunger or famine) (አልፎ ፡ አልፎ ፡ አንዳንድ ፡ በካራሞች ፡ መዲሀና ፡ መዲያ ፡ አየተላጉ ፡ ሲሂዱ ፡ ይታያሉ from time to time a few drunks were seen walking along bumping into things)

ላን

## すれたり tälägagga = tälagga

hap allagga to help to strike the ball, have the gänna-hockey game begin; to push over, throw down, push, making s.o. bump into or collide with s.th.; to crash into, collide with; to knock down

(リナカクラ battalagaňň don't mistreat me)

(ችጋር ፡ ሲያላጋው ፡ ውሎ ፡ መጣ he came in after suffering from hunger all day)

トトラフ allägagga = allagga

**kna.** aslägga to cause or allow to jostle, bump into, to have s.o. fall down by being bumped into; to have s.o. bat, let the ball be batted

**A1.** läggi one who bats, who serves the ball, batter; one who pushes or jostles

ጠላን ፣ ለጊ heavy drinker

A7 lag batted, struck (ball) (see also 17)

ALS log(g)iya batting, striking the ball

+A1. täläggi ball, thing which is batted or hit

**hat.** allagi one who helps bat, one who gets the gänna-hockey game started

አስሰጊ astäggi one who has s.o. bat, has the ball batted, etc.

መላጋት mällagat rebound (neol.)

**መስጊያ mäläggiya** gänna-hockey stick or bat; place where gänna-hockey is played

**MA1.9** mällägiya serving for or referring to being bumped into and falling down

መስጊያ mällagiya serving for or referring to bumping into one another

መልጊያ mälgiya (Gojjame, var. of mäläggiya)

መልጊያ ፡ በ ን young coffee plant

መልጊያ ፣ ጠላ freshly made tälla-beer

**TALS** mallagiya means for helping to strike the ball, for having s.o. bump into or collide with s.th.

ማስለጊያ masläggiya means for baving s.th. batted, etc.

አለጋግ allägag or አለጋጋት allägagat manner of jostling, being jostled, batting, being batted, etc.

ለጋ läga, pl. ለጋዎች läga"očč or ለንች lägočč fresh (butter), new, young, tender (leaf, plant, sprout or shoot)

ለጋ ፡ ሕፃን newborn child

ለጋ፡ ልጅ child under 15 years of age, one who is still developing

ለጋ፡ ሽምበቆ bamboo shoot

ልጋ ፡ ሽት grain which is still green but is ripc enough to eat

ለ 2 ፡ ቅቤ fresh butter

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ለጋ፡ ቅርንሜና new shoot

ለጋ፡ አአምሮ immature mind

ለጋ ፡ ዕያ:ሚ early stage, tender youth

A.7: Rows sparse cloud(s), thin spread of cloud, white cloud

ለጋ : ጐመን new or fresh greens

ለጋ፡ ውበዝ fully developed, tall young man or woman

ስጋ ፣ ጥብስ lightly roasted, rare, bite-sized pieces of meat

ሰጋ ፡ ጠጅ newly-made tüğğ-mead

ね2: ጨムタ new moon, waxing moon in the first days after the new moon

ሰጋ ፡ ጨንገር switch (flexible branch)

ኮር $\mathcal{F}$  : ል $\mathcal{P}$  a modicinal plant which smells like thyme (KBT)

ለጋንት tägannät youthfulness, state or condition of being new, fresh, etc.

ስግ lug a basket measure containing a dozen eggs

ለ. 7 lig league (pol.) Eng.

อา : ก. Wez League, a post-revolutionary political party

A1 lagă to pare, shave or plane (a board); to remove the knots or lumps from too tightly twisted thread; to comb the nap; to take the breast, suckle the udder, to milk directly into one's mouth (herdsman); to strip berries or seeds from a branch or stalk; to remove the contents of guts by pulling the gut between the thumb and forefinger; to clean fiber; to stir gänfo-porridge; to pull or tighten a pack-strap; to top a plant or a stalk of grass; to anoint with butter; to remove the tendons or sinews for use as musical strings; to drink alcoholic beverage(s)

hq : 47 to remove the fiber from the enseteplant trunk

117 lalagă to scrape or smooth somewhat

+11 tälagä to be pared, planed or shaved; to be stirred (porridge); to be stripped (berries, etc.)

ያልተላን yaltälagä rough (plank)

አሳሳን allalagä to help to plane, scrape, etc.

አስላን aslagă to cause or allow to plane, pare or shave; to have s.o. scrape, have s.th. scraped

smooth

**11.** lagi one who planes; one who milks, strips the udder; ant or other pest which strips the stalks of *tef* of their seed

(ሳም ፡ ላጊ one who strips a cow's udder of milk) ላጊነት laginnät state or condition of being one who planes

ልግ lag scraped, smoothed (sinew) (see also ሰጋ)

ልጎሽ lagoš shaving [n.]

A17 lagat manner of smoothing, shaving, planing

ተላጊ tälagis.th. to be planed, s.th. to be stirred መላጊ ያ mälagiya means for planing, e.g. plane, wood chisel, adze; means for stripping or smoothing thread; stirrer

**mA1.9** mällagiya means of, time or place for being pared, shaven or planed (Ar.)

Thank maslagiya time, place or means for baving s.th. planed

አላሳግ allalag or አላልግ allalag manner of paring, planing or stripping the udder

12 lag(g)a milking vessel

AT lag (see A.2 and A7)

**10gä** to measure; to lengthen; to carry (on a litter or by two men linking hands so that a third person can sit on them while putting his arms around their necks)

malogiya means of carrying, pole used in carrying burdens (AYMQ); litter (medical); bolt or bar for a door (ABMQ); upright stakes in a palisade (Ar.)

♠ J loga a long, broad-bladed spear; fine, wellformed and tall person

(ሎኃ፡ አንንቴን፡ ቈልሞ hending his long, slender neck ...)

(A-20-: Till song sung by the bridegroom's party [sabo refers to the counterbalance at the butt of the spear which is made with a few twists of heavy wire])

ሎ. 25 ት logannät state or condition of being tall and slender

**A77C** lägäbar station of the Addis Ababa-Djibouti railroad in Addis Ababa Fr. *la gare* (see also **A.7C**)

A7A7 lägällägä to curdle (milk); to suck, suckle; to sprout, send out shoots, to be tender (growing plant); to do s.th. continuously or to one's heart's content (usually drinking)

ተሰንሰን tälägällägä to be sucked, suckled

Anna alägällägä to nurse (a baby); to grow rapidly in height (plant which stays thin), to send out new shoots; to drool, slaver; to restore a withcred or wilting plant by warering it

(m**ጅ** : አለንስገኝ he gave me as much tägǧ-mead as l could drink) (inf.)

እስስግለገ aslägällägä to cause or allow to suck or suckle or to be suckled or nursed

ለኅሰ.2 lägäläga suckling, taking the breast (KBT)

กากๆ lägäläg youth; quick-growing plant

ስግሰግ ፡ ያለ läglägg yalä elongated, narrow (waist)

ሰግባጊ läglagi nursing (baby), suckling, whelp; s,th. which can be drawn thin or stretched fine for use (KBT)

ሰማላ ጋ läglagga young and well-built, youthful; tender (plant); delicate, fragile; (tall plant) which bends, sways

ልግስጋ lagläga manner of being tender, verdant; suckling, taking the breast

A 711 legellagi what is sucked out as above, that which/one who has suckled (KBT)

A 711 lagallage suckling, taking nourishment (KBT)

ลๆลๆ laglag suckled, sucked

ልግል. ንት laglagat manner of suckling, nursing; being green, verdant (plant)

አስግላጊ aläglagi one who drools, slavers (KBT)

መስግለጊያ mäläglägiya means, time or place for suckling, sucking

አለጋለግ allägaläg manner of suckling

\*A7A7 - FA7A7 tälägällägä to feel nauseous (KBT)

ትልግልግ:ታ tələgləgta feeling of nausca

\*ሎግሎገ - ተሱግሎግ ፡ አለ toluglugg alä to billow (smoke) (see \*ተሎግሎግ)

hazy, to be slow, to dawdle (Ar.); to work slowly due to resentment or ill will, to drag one's feet [in doing s.th.] and make weak excuses, to shirk, malinger; to be surly, discontented; to be too lazy to work diligently and vigorously; to fail to form (butter in milk being churned); to

be superficially healed (wound still festering beneath the surface)

(ቍስሱ ፡ ሰባሟል the wound healed superficially)

(ቅቤው : ተንጠ : ከመውጣት : ስንመ to fail to form [butter after churning])

(እሂ ፡ ስግሟል my hand is/hands are disabled, I cannot work [due to illness or other]) (Ar.)

(በቅሎዋ ፡ ለባማ ፡ ለሰቆመች ፡ ምንም ፡ ሊያስኬ-ዴት ፡ አልቻለም the mule balked and nothing could make her move)

(እግዚአብሔር ፡ ለንመብኝ God is failing to heed my prayers)

(ወሰፌ : ቢስግም ፡ ቅቤ ፡ አይወጋም proverb roughly equivalent to: you can't make a silk purse from a sow's ear, lit. if the needle malingers, it will not [even] prick butter)

**h2100** lägaggämä to be or become rather inactive, dawdle somewhat or be or become very inactive, dawdle a great deal; to be somewhat surly and unwilling to work

+h1# täläggämä to be surly and unwilling to work, to be done or occur (unwillingness to work) (AYMQ)

ተስጋገሙ tälägaggämä to act surly, uncooperative to one another, e.g. servant by not working, master by not paying the servant his wages አሰስገሙ asläggämä to have s.o. work as above ለኅም ፡ አለ lägämm (or läggämm) alä to be or become somewhat inactive, lazy or slow, to dawdle

(እፎ ፡ ሰንም ፡ ብሏል my hand is/hands are disabled, I cannot work) (Ar.)

**6.2%** läggami one who does not work willingly, one who is surly and uncooperative in working

ስ*ጋሚነት* läggaminnät state or condition of unwillingness to work

A14 ləggäma being unwilling to work properly

A > 7. laggami state or condition of being unwilling to work properly (KBT)

ል.ጋሜ laggame work which was done by s.o. unwilling to work properly (KBT)

ልግም lagam inactivity, laziness, idleness; surliness, unwillingness to work properly, slothfulness; nonchalance, hypocrisy

ልግም ፣ አለው) lagam allä(w) it is superficially healed [wound]

ልማሙ ፡ ነው he is unwilling to work properly, is

dragging his feet

ልግምበቤት lagambäbet idler, loafer

ልግምበንላ ləgəmbägäla šämma-garment of eight widths of white cloth

ውስጠ፣ ልግም westä legam one who conceals his uncooperativeness or ill will by an outward show of compliance; sore which is superficially healed but continues to fester

ውስm : ልግም : ጠጉር hairdo of doubly braided braids (KBT)

ልግመኝ lagmäňňa inactive, lazy, slow; recalcitrant (livestock), refractory (ox); slacker, surly person who refuses to work with a will, unwilling worker; superficially healed

ልግመኝነት lagmäňňannät inactivity, laziness, slowness; state or condition of refusing to work with a will; state or condition of being superficially healed

ልግምተኛ ləgəmtäňňa = ləgmäňňa

ልግም ፡ አለ laggamm alä to be completely unwilling to work

(እሂ ፡ ል ግም ፡ አለ to be completely out of practice [in a skill involving manual dexterity]; to be weak [band])

ልግም : አደረገ laggamm adärrägä to cause to be unwilling to work properly (inf.); to be lazy, listless (G)

ナヘクペ täläggami = läggami

አስስጋሚ asläggami one who or thing which causes a person to be unwilling to work

መስገሚያ mäläggämiya reason for being surly, uncooperative in working

አሰጋገም allägagäm manner of being inactive, unwilling to work with a will, etc.

hrow läggwämä B to bridle, put on the bridle or bit, to tic a rope around the muzzle of a cow, horse or ox, to muzzle; to be silent, refuse to speak; to silence s.o.; to trim the edge with leather (usually the edge or the bottom of a container or basket), to cover an agälgəl-basket with leather, bind a ms. with leather; to load a gun; to cut grass (for feeding one's mount); to plug, put a stopper or plug in a bottle; to shut a door, to lock a box (ABMQ); to charge a firearm; to cover the mouth of a crock with leather so it can be used as a drum

እሱ-ን ፡ ሰን-መ to put in the bit; to gag or muffle a person; to muzzle an ox by tying [so it will not eat the grain it is trampling]

ስንጉሙ läg agg ämä to muzzle or bridle several animals, to bridle with a makeshift bridle ተለጉሙ tälägg ämä to be bridled; to be loaded (gun); to be trimmed or covered with leather; to be silent, reticent or taciturn; to be closed or locked (door)

(በቁርበት ፡ ይለጉማል it is bound with leather) (ዋልታው ፡ በቆዳ ፡ የተለጉሙ ፡ ነው the waltaplaque is covered with hide)

ተለጓጉሙ tälägwaggwämä to be bridled (several animals), to be bridled with a makeshift, be badly or clumsily bridled

አስጉመ alägg<sup>w</sup>ämä to remain obstinately silent when called

አላጉመ allagg sama to help to bridle; to help to trim or cover with leather

አለኝ ጉሙ alläg wagg wämä = allagg wämä

አሰለጉሙ aslägg "āmä to cause or allow to bridle or be bridled; to have s.o. load a gun, have a gun loaded; to have s.o. cover with leather, have s.th. covered with leather

ለጓሚ lägg "ami groom, syce

A34: ACP slave whose job it is to cut grass for the equines (B)

ለ3ሚነት lägg\*ami state or condition of being a groom, job of being a groom

A? I läg ama one who refuses to speak, taciturn, reticent; muzzled, bridled

ሉ.29° lugam var. of ləg<sup>w</sup>am

Ar-9 logg"ama act of bridling, of trimming with leather

ልጓሚ lagg ami bridled (KBT)

ልጓግ logg ame manner of bridling; failing to talk or to respond when called

ልጓም lag"am bridle, bit, reins

(ሰሜቱን ፣ የሚንታብት ፣ ሉጋም ፣ ከዳው the check with which he restrained his feelings failed him)

ልጓም ፣ ስቀቀ to give free rein

ልጓም ፣ አሳሳ to loosen the reins

ልጓም ፡ አልመለሰም to be untamable [horse]

ልጓም : አወስቀ to remove, take off the bit

(mm: ልንሙን: አመለቀ He [God] has removed the bridle of Lent – greeting said at the end of Lent)

ልጓም ፣ ጠሰፊ to pull on the bridle

A39 : MA to fail to respond to the reins; to refuse to obey (person)

ልጓም ፡ አጥባቂ hard-monthed, disobedient horse

ልጉም lagg"am bridled, trimmed or covered

with leather

ልጕም ፡ አፍ one who cannot speak or speaks with effort, who speaks haltingly

ልጉማት lagg<sup>w</sup>amat manner of trimming or covering with leather

ተለጓሚ tälägg ami animal to be bridled; basket to be covered with leather

ተልጓሚ tälg<sup>w</sup>ami one who speaks murmuring አልትም algum silent, mute, taciturn, one who does not respond when called; potion which renders a person speechless

አልጓሚ alg"ami slow worker

አስሰንሚ aslägg ami one who has a mount bridled, one who is in charge of the grooms

mans of, place or time for bridling, putting on the bit; means for trimming with leather, e.g. needle, sinews, tough grass; strips of leather sewn on a basket; ramrod (obs.)

መለጉሚያ ፡ ቆርበት hide used for trimming or covering baskets

መለጉሚያ mälläg<sup>w</sup>ämiya place or time for being bridled

ማስለጉሚያ maslägg<sup>w</sup>ämiya means for having a mount bridled

አለጓጉም alläg"ag"äm manner or way of bridling, putting on the bit

ሉጋም lugam bridle, bit, var. of ልጓም

ልግምበባላ ləgəmbägäla large, heavy white šämma-garment (see ልባም)

\*ለጉመጉመ - ተልጉመጉመ tälg<sup>w</sup>ämägg<sup>w</sup>ämä to be moved (mouthful of food), to murmur, speak indistinctly

ተልጐምጉም ፣ ተናንረ to speak haltingly

አልጉመጉመ alg "ämägg"ämä to grumble, mumble, mummr; to move a bone about in the mouth; to gnaw, chew, e.g. on the bit; to try to eat s.th. despite having bad teeth; to melt [vt] in the mouth, e.g. a lozenge (B); to nibble (Supp.) ለጉመጉማ läg "ämäg "äma not speaking clearly (KBT)

ልጉምጉም lag"amg"am one who murmurs, grumbles

አልጕም3ሚ alg "ämg "ami one who grumbles; one who gnaws, who shifts a bone around in his mouth

**でねっテーベタ malg<sup>w</sup>ämig<sup>w</sup>ämiya** being surly, unwilling to accept orders (KBT); means for

chewing or gnawing, e.g. jaw

- ሳ.ጋር lagar Addis Ababa station of the Djibouti-Addis Ababa railroad Fr. la gare (see also ለኅሃር)
- A7A läggäsä B to bestow, give as a present, give abundantly, freely or liberally; to yield in great quantity; to flow abundantly (spring); to shed copious tears; to rain abundantly, from dawn to dusk or from sowing season to harvest time; to be or become abundant, numerous, e.g. people; to be or become generous, liberal or charitable; masc. pers. n.

(ይሀንን ፡ ለንሰኝ he gave me this as a present) (ይች ፡ ላም ፡ ውተታን ፡ ትለግላስች this cow gives milk in quantity)

(ሰው ፡ ለግቧል there are a lot of people)
(ዝናም ፡ ይለግላል there is a lot of rain)

A.27h lägaggäsä to give or bestow somewhat, to do so to a great extent; to yield somewhat or to a great extent; to be or become somewhat generous or very generous

(ይሀኑን ፡ ለጋንሲኝ he gave me this little present)
(Ar.)

(ምንሩኪቱ ፡ ወሃውን ፡ ትሊንግሳለች this little spring yields little water) (Ar.)

ተለገበ täläggäsä to be given, bestowed; to be yielded in great quantity

ተሳንስ tälaggäsä to give presents, be generous to one another; to be bestowed to some extent or to a great extent

すれつつれ tälägaggäsä = tälaggäsä

**hand aläggäsä** to give more abundantly (spring, milk cow); to treat more generously (G); to render generous, to cause 10 bestow (Ar.)

እሳንስ allaggäsä to cause or allow to bestow; be generous to one another; to help to bestow, help be generous; to cause or allow to bestow somewhat or to a great extent; cause or allow to be generous somewhat or to a great extent (Ar.)

አስለጎስ asläggäsä to cause s.o. to be generous; have s.o. bestow or give, to have s.th. bestowed or given ለተስ läggäs in ሰማይ : ከለተሱ : ምድር : ከለተሷ the heavens with its celestial bodies, the earth with everything on it (Gojjame usage) (Supp.)

ለንስ ፡ አለ läggäss alä to be or become rather generous (Ar.)

ስንስ ፡ አደረገ läggäss adärrägä to render generous, liberal in giving

ሲጋሳ läggassa generous, liberal in giving

ስጋስ läggas generous, liberal, charitable, bountiful; masc. pers. n.

ለጋስኝት läggasənnät generosity, liberality, magnanimosity, largess

ลาค์ laggas generosity, liberality; gift, bounty ลวกี laggas object or item given as above (KBT)

ል ኃሴ laggase generosity, liberality

ልግስ laggas given as a gift, bestowed

ልግስ ፡ አለ laggass alä to be or become very generous; to be or become very abundant (Ar.)

ልግሳት laggasat manner of giving generously ልግስና laggasanna charity, munificence, open-

handedness
ውስንሻ mäläggäša means of, place or time for

bestowing gifts, giving largess, alms

መስገሻ mätlägäša means of, time or place for being bestowed, given as a gift, etc.

እስጋንስ allägagäs manner of bestowing, giving as above, bestowal

ሌ ኃስዮን legasəyon legation Fr.

กาที lägäššä to drink immoderately

ATT lagos wood shaving (see 17)

ATA läggäbä B to patch, mend torn garments; to cover with hide (Supp.)

(ውሃ ፡ እንዴት ፡ እንደሚጠጣ ፡ ሰማሳየት ፡ እጁን ፡ ጨብመ ፡ ባፉ ፡ ለንበ he cupped bis hand and held it to his mouth in order to show [him] how the water was to be drunk)

ተሰንብ täläggäbä to be patched; to be covered with hide (Supp.)

- A74 läggätä B to place two objects close together, e.g. two vessels so that in transferring liquid from one to the other not much will be spilled; to form a straight line, place in a row,

place in sequence; to plug or block a spring, plug up or cork a vessel; to bring a cup of water to s.o.'s lips so that he may drink; to be heavy with rain (cloud); to cause a pond or puddle to form; to run, flow rapidly, pour in an unbroken stream (like water being decanted from a pitcher) (KBT); to block s.o.'s passage, stand in his way; to butt against the udder (calf seeking milk); to give the breast

ዝናም ፡ ሰንተ to be about to rain (Supp.)

(በውሃ፡ ጥም፡ ሲነቃ፡ ማ፡ ልሂ፡ ብሎ፡ ውሃ፡ ይለማትለት who will say, 'he's my child!' and give him a drink when [his throat] is cracking from thirst?)

**th1t** täläggätä to be choked up, be plugged or stopped up; to be brought to the lips (vessel for drinking); to be blocked (doorway or passageway by s.o. standing in it) (inf.); to be placed over a door or passageway in such a way as to obstruct it (Supp.)

ስንታ lägäta plugged, blocked (KBT)

ለንት ፡ አደረገ läggätt adärrägä to hold a vessel close to another in order to avoid spilling when transferring liquid from one to the other

ሰጋች läggač one who places in a row, etc.

A7.7 laggäta placing in a row or sequence

A.74 laggate meeting face to face in the road; following one after the other (KBT)

Ant lagget close, next in line or sequence; day preceding a holiday, e.g. New Year's eve, the week preceding a major holiday

([の子] タグナ: 113A : A7ナ [name] holiday week [which precedes the holiday in question]) A7ナナ laggatat bringing close together, close to the mouth, e.g. a cup

መስገቻ mäläggäča container into which s.th. is to be emptied

አለጋንት allägagät manner of placing close together as above

ልጋት lagat smoothing, planing (see ሳን)

ለንቸ lägäččä to shelter [vt]; to grieve or cause sorrow; to administer an oath (AYMQ)

hap lägäča sheltering; suffering; contrition (B); sorrow; oath, pact; being rivals; doing acts of valor; being stubborn; displaying through deeds a valorous nature (KBT)

ሰንቻ፣ ነባ to seek to rival s.o., be his equal

Λ?? läg(g)än pottery vessel (AYMQ)

\*ATHTH - HATHTH lälgäzäggäzä to waver, vacillate, be undecided, hesitant, irresolute, unsure what course to follow; to speak haltingly, stammer or stutter, be unable to speak audibly; to dodge (an issue); to remain incomplete, unfinished, e.g. payment of taxes or rent

**PATITH** tälgäzaggäzä to waver somewhat, be somewhat unsure, to waver considerably, be greatly unsure (Ar.); to show off, put on an affected manner, mince (B)

**hathth** algäzäggäzä to cause to waver, being uncertain, undecided, hesitant; to cause to stammer, speak hesitantly; to mull over a matter

ንግሩን : አልግዘግ to speak hesitantly (G); to be repetitious, argumentative

ha?#?# algäzaggäzä to cause to waver, be hesitant somewhat or a great deal (Ar.)

ለንዝንዝ ፡ አለ lägäzgäzz alä to waver somewhat, be somewhat hesitant

A771.94 lägäzgazza wavering, vacillating, undecided, indecisive, hesitant; one who stammers or speaks hesitatingly, stutterer; repetitions; argumentative (ABMQ)

ለንዝ ጋዛንት lägäzgazzannät state or condition of being somewhat vacillating, indecisive or of being a stutterer; slight vacillation or indecision (Ar.)

ATHTH lagazgaz wavering considerably, quite undecided, hesitant; repetitious; argumentative; obsequious; mannered, affected (B)

(ልግዝግዝ ፡ ሰው hesitant, irresolute person)

ልግዝግዝንት lagazgazannät quality, condition or state of wavering considerably, considerable vacillation, complete indecision (Ar.)

ลฑฑฑ: หิด ləgəzgəzz alä to be hesitant, undecided

Aግዝግተት lagazgazat state or condition of wavering considerably, considerable vacillation, complete indecision (Ar.)

**せるリッ**が **tälgäzagäž** one who speaks baltingly (KBT)

ተልንዝ.ጋዥ tälgäzgaž one who stammers, does not speak fluently

よるコリンド algäzgaž = tälgäzgaž

መልገዝገዣ mälgäzgäža reason for stammering, stuttering

ማል?ዝነዣ malgäzgäža = mälgäzgäža

አልንዛንዝ algäzagäz manner of wavering, etc.

ATP lag(g) aya batting the ball (see A.2)

A78 läggädä B to clog, to bung, plug, stop up (Ar.); to obstruct or hinder the passage, block or prevent passage through; to joke, make fun of, to insult (ABMQ); to jostle, throng in a restricted space (B)

(ቀን ቃ ፡ መቈፈሪያውን ፡ ለገደው mud clogged the hoc) (Ar.)

(79 : A78 to hang between sky and earth [fog, mist])

(racon : 18 to keep one's mouth shut [child refusing to take medicine]) (G)

FATE täläggädä to be clogged, to be stuck, jammed, to be plugged, be plastered over; to stick [vi], jam [vi]; to be tight (ABMQ); to mock (I bä at); to harbor bad feeling, bear ill will (Ar.)

(1.178.117 he made fun of me) (Ar.)

HATE tälaggädä to mock, insult, affront, to make fun of

አላንዶ allaggada to mock, deride, make fun of; to help to obstruct, block the passage; help to plug

hanse asläggädä to cause or allow to clog or be clogged; to have s.o. plug, have s.th. plugged, have the passage obstructed, etc.

A18 lägäda dirty, grubby, slovenly (Gondare usage) (B)

ስንድ läggäd fleshy growth in the nose; portion of a horse's cheek which is removed by cutting (AYMO)

ስጋጅ läggağ one who obstructs, plugs, clogs, etc.

ለጋጅነት läggağənnät state or condition of being one who obstructs, blocks, etc.

ለጋጻ läggadda blocked, plugged up, obstructed (passageway); one who obstructs the passage; one who mocks (KBT)

ለግዳ läg(ga)da swelling, obstruction in the throat, adenoids? tonsillitis? (see ለቅዳ)

ለማድ lägd mockery, derision

A18 loggida blocking the passage, closing the door (KBT)

ል.ጋዱ laggade mocking, deriding, making fun of (KBT)

ልግድ laggad large rock or obstacle jammed in a gulley, plug or block in a drain

A787 laggadat obstructing, blocking or plugging s.th. (KBT)

ተሰጋጅ täläggag s.th. which is blocked or plugged; one who bears ill will (Ar.)

(内野: 『兄CプA: ・トカク氏 ingratitude breeds resentment) (Ar.)

ተላጋጅ tälagağ one who mocks, derides (KBT) አላጋጅ allagağ = tälagağ (KBT)

**መስገ**ጃ mäläggäğa means of, place or time for clogging, plugging, obstructing the passage, blocking a drain

መስገኝ mällägäga means of or material for being clogged, place to be plugged, e.g. chinks, crack, gap

መላገጃ mällagäğa means of or reason for mockery

አለ.ንገድ allägagäd manner of clogging, etc.

**ስጉደ lägg\*ädä B** to pelt (with mud), bespatter, besmear or besmirch with mud, spittle, mucus; to plaster over with mud; to plug, stop up, e.g. cracks; to hit, strike with a big rock; to rain with large drops, rain bard (causing damage); to spit out mucus or spittle in large gobs

(ቀዳዴውን ፡ በጭቃ ፡ ለጐዶ he plugged up the hole with mud) (Ar.)

ለጓጐደ täläggwädä to do a lot of plastering, coating with mud, to coat or plaster many things ተለጐደ täläggwädä to be pelted, plastered (with mud); to be plugged, stopped up

ተላጐደ tälaggwädä to pelt, coat or besmirch one another

ተለጓጐደ täläg<sup>w</sup>agg<sup>w</sup>ädä = tälagg<sup>w</sup>ädä

(በጭቃ ፡ ይለጓኍዳሉ they pelt one another with mud)

አስጉዶ allagg "ädä to help to coat, plaster, etc. አስሰጉዶ aslägg "ädä to have s.o. coat, plaster over, have s.th. coated, plastered over, etc.

ሰጓጅ lägg<sup>w</sup>ağ one who smears, coats as above ሰጓዳ lägg<sup>w</sup>adda covered with mud

ለጓዳ ፡ መላስ stammerer, tongue-tied (Supp.)
(see ለቋዳ)

Arg lagg "äda hitting, dealing s.o. a slap (KBT)

ልጓጅ lagg ağ besmeared, besmirched

ልጓይ lagg ade dealing a hard slap (KBT)

ልጉድ lagg"ad or ልጉድ laggud plastered, coated (with mud or dung)

መለጉኝ mälägg"äğa means of, place or time for pelting, besmearing or coating; means for hitting hard, e.g. stick, slap, etc.

ውስጉጃ mälläg äğa means of or material for being pelted, besmeared, etc.

አለጓጉድ alläg wag wäd manner of pelting,

smearing, etc.

## ስጕዳዶ läg"äddädä to insult

**A77 läggägä** A, B to produce saliva, slaver, drool, let saliva drip from the mouth; to bawl, wail; to be overcast (sky); to grimace (person who is possessed by a zar-spirit); to be thin, gaunt, emaciated; to be dirty, grimy, stained; to descend, fall in strings (viscous liquid)

**harr** aläggägä to drool, slobber, to cause to drool, slaver; to foam, bubble, boil; to rain continuously and slowly; to speak annoyingly (Supp.)

(A.777: harr he let himself drool, allowed the saliva to drip from his mouth)

አስለንን asläggägä to cause to drool or slaver, e.g. demon: a possessed person

A7.2 lägäga drooling, slavering

A.22. läggagi one who drools

**A22 lägaga** slavering, drooling, one who wails or bawls while slavering

ለ.ኃ.ኃንት lägagannät or ለ.ኃ.ዓንት lägagannät state or condition of slobbering or drooling

A7.2 laggaga slavering, drooling

A.21 laggage drooling, slavering (KBT)

A27 lagag saliva, spittle, drool (esp. when viscous and forming threads, filaments)

**A.7.79** logagam full of saliva, spittle, one who drools; one who speaks slowly due to pride (insult) (inf.)

ል.ኃ.ኃምንት lagagamannät state or condition of being full of saliva

Aግንሽ laggagoš drooling, slobbering (KBT) Aግጋት laggagat slavering, foaming at the mouth (person possessed by a zar-spirit)

አል.21. algagi slohberer

መለገጊያ mäläggägiya reason for drooling, e.g. illness, place where saliva runs out, e.g. mouth ማልገጊያ malgägiya spittoon

አለጋንግ allägagäg manner of drooling, slavering, etc.

A?m läggätä to burn, scorch

(እሳቱ ፡ በአንድ ፡ በኩል ፡ ሲለግጣቸው ፡ በሌላ ፡ በኩል ፡ ደግሞ ፡ ... ያንቀጠቅጣቸው ፡ ነበር ፡ on the one hand, the fire scorched him, on the other, it made him shiver)

ተለገጠ täläggätä to be mocked, scorned, be subjected to mockery or scorn

ተሳንጠ tälaggätä to be the object or butt of

scorn, contempt or ridicule; to joke about, make fun of one another

harm allaggatta to mock, deride, jeer (at), to ridicule, make fun of (with 0 ba); to shirk work while pretending to do s.th.; to go from house to house sponging, cadging food (ABMO)

(አላንጠበት he made fun of him/it)

(APC & SATT : IC be was loafing on the job)

ATT lägt joke, banter, jest; pointed, sarcastic remark

ለግጠኝ lägtäňňa one who jokes, banters

ለግጦ läg(gə)to = lägt

ATT laggat mockery, derision

ልማጫ ləgča = lägț

**ha?P** allagaç one who jokes, banters, who mocks or derides

አላጋዊነት allagačannät state or condition of being a jester, banterer, mocker

መላገጫ mällagäča subject of, means for mocking

পান mallagäça reason or means for mocking, bantering

(ማላንጫ ፣ አደረገ to make s.o. the object or butt of ridicule)

አለጋገጥ allägagät manner of mocking

\*\*A\*\* n lägg\*\*ätä B to cover (with mud, etc.), to bespatter, soil; to plug, stop up lightly or loosely; to fasten loosely, tack on; to secure the lower jaw of a cow or horse with a strap or rope in place of a bit; to stick or catch in the tfuoat (object); to stick the tongue from between the teeth; to strike lightly, 1ap with a stick

( ተቃ ፡ ለን ጠብኝ he besplattered me with mud) (G)

۱۳۳ laggwätä to plug, block up (ABMQ)

ተለጉጠ täläggwätä to be covered with mud; to be stopped, plugged up; to be loosely fastened or tacked on

+44-m tälagg\*ätä to quarrel; to hit on the head (as boys do); to throw mud on each other (Supp.); to gag s.o. by putting a ball or a piece of cloth in the mouth (inf.)

harm allagg "ätä to incite a quarrel by sticking out the tongue from between the teeth

hann asläggwätä to have s.o. plug s.th., have s.th. plugged; to have s.o. soil or dirty s.th., let s.th. be soiled or dirtied (G)

134 lägg"ač one who fastens as above, who

plugs

ስንጣ lägg"atta plugged loosely

Area lagg"äta sticking the tongue out as above (KBT)

ልን ዋ lagg "ač besmeared; tacked on; plugged lightly

ልጓጥ laggwat bespattering, soiling; stopping up, obstruction; securing by the lower jaw (Ar.); bowlike wooden bridle secured to an unruly animal's muzzle by a rope and which prevents it from eating

ATT lagg"at or ATT laggut bespattered, soiled; stopped up; lightly fastened, tacked on, secured by the lower jaw; silent, reticent, taciturn; small peg set into the plowbeam to keep the straps from sliding

ልጕጣሽ lagg vatoš plugging, tacking as above; getting caught or stuck in one's throat

ልንጣት lagg vatat plugging, prodding with a stick

መለጐጫ mäläggwäča means of, place or time for bespattering; means for plugging; place where s.th. is lightly fastened or tacked on መስጉጫ mälläg äča means of, material for or

place where a plug is loosely inserted ማስስን 🤧 maslägg wäča means for having s.th.

plugged, etc. አለጓጐጥ alläg"ag"ät manner of besplattering, being bespattered or plugged up

\*ለገጠገጠ - አልገጠገጠ algätäggätä to nibble, to bite lightly and repeatedly with the incisors

ለንጭ lägäč the lower jaw of bovines (ልንጭ ፣ ንባ to force open the month, to hold an animal's jaw under the tongue | where there are

\*ለንፈ - መልገሩ mälgäf a kind of cloth

no teetbl)

ለጥ : እስ lätt alä to bow low, stoop down, bend down low, to prostrate o.s., to duck, to stretch ont, lie down; to be spread out (carpet); to lie flat; to yield to pressure, knuckle under, submit, be submissive; to be level, even (s.th. curved or bowed after it has been straightened), to be leveled (earth); to be quiet, tranquil (district); to be low, not steeply pitched (new house roof); to sit calmly (in a chair) (KBT); to be suddenly full (stream due to a flash flood), to be completely full (market)

(ክራት ፣ በኋላ ፣ ስጥ ፣ አለ he lay down after

supper)

(በደረቴ ፡ ሰፕ ፡ አልኩ I lay flat on the ground)

ስጥ ፡ ብሎ lätt bəlo low [adv.]

ስጥ ፣ ብሎ ፣ ሥራ to work quietly, sedately, without complaining or griping

ስተ፣ ብሎ፣ ስንዶ to bow low

ስጥ ፡ ብሎ ፡ ተቀመጠ to sit quietly, one's work being done or a matter ended (B)

ልጥ ፡ ብሎ ፡ ተቀበለ to submit [to s.o.'s rule] (inf.)

ለጥ ፡ ብሎ ፡ ተኛ to sleep tranquilly, to lie stretched out

ለጥ ፡ ብሎ ፡ አደረ to sleep soundly

ለጥ ፣ ብሎ ፣ እጅ ፣ ንግ to bow very low

(ለጥ ፡ ያለ ፡ ሜዳ a level plain)

ለተ ፡ ይበሉ lätt yəbälu masc. pers. n.

ስጥ ፣ ስጥ ፣ አለ lätta lätt alä to prostrate o.s., bend down to the ground

ስጥ : ሲጥ : ብሎ lättə lätt bəlo bowing repeatedly, bowing and scraping

ለጥ፣ ለጥ፣ እለ lättə sätt alä in ለጥ፣ ሰጥ፣ ብሎ፣ መኖርን ፡ ጀመር " he began to live tranquilly, peaceably

ልጥ : ሰጥ ፣ ብሎ : ተንዛ to be utterly calm and quiet; to be submissive and uncomplaining

ስጥ ፣ አደረገ lätt adärrägå to subdue, control (ጸጕርህን ፡ ለጕ ፡ አርገው smooth down your hair)

ስጥታ lättəta sleeping soundly; bowing low (KBT); peneplanation (neol.)

ሱጢ luṭi var. of ሎጤ (Supp.)

A.m. lite a contagious illness like scurf, skin rash which causes whitish scales

A. P lit fermented batter (for making ənğärabread), dough, fig. weak [feeble]

Am lață to skin, pecl, decorticate, bark (a tree), to husk, pare, to strip (a covering), to abrade, skin o.s., to shell (eggs), to strip, divest of office; to flatter unduly (in order to curry favor); to vilify, slander, defame; to unsheathe a sword; to let a series of farts; to burn [vt], scorch, sear (ABMQ); to steal from s.o. without letting the victim be aware of the theft

(ኡትላጠኝ don't butter me up!) (inf.)

(በስድብ ፣ ላጠው he abused, reviled him roundly)

(ዕንጨቱን ፡ ላጠው he stripped the bark from the tree)

(ወረተቱን ፡ ሳጠው he peeled off the paper, removed the paper wrapper)

(ጕራይውን ፡ ላጠው he unsheathed his sword) (ጕቦ ፡ ላጠ to accept, take bribes)

hhm lalatä (Gojjame hhm lälatä) to strip completely, strip somewhat, peel several times or several things, peel one after the other, peel somewhat

**thm** tälatä to be peeled, stripped, skinned, shelled, barked, decorticated, peeled off; to come off (hair, fur); to peel off [vi]; to shed bark (tree); to come unstuck; to be abrogated, annulled (judgment, verdict); to be let (fart); to flee, take to one's heels; to speak with arrogance and disdain

(mr.: +1m the hair came off, e.g. from a hide)

raam tälalatä (Gojjame raam tälälatä) to be stripped somewhat, be stripped completely; to be scraped, peeled, abraded, skinned (abraded) somewhat or completely; to abuse one another roundly

(Ansa : - haan they insulted each other roundly)

AAm alată to cause to slip, slide (Supp.)

haam allalata to help to peel, bark, etc.; to cause to insult each other roundly

**hann** aslată to cause or allow to strip or be stripped; to have s.o. peel, bark, decorticate, have s.th. peeled, etc.

ሳጤ lati in ሳጤ ፡ መሳጤ lati mälati cunning, clever, crafty

**AP** lač one who peels, skins, shaves; one who standers, backbites

(የሰው ፡ ላጭ vilifier, slanderer)

ላጭንት lačennät state or condition of being one who peels, etc., or of being a slanderer

Am latte thief (who has the ability to steal without his victim being aware); one who has the ability to turn a situation to his advantage; person who lets farts, one who lacks discretion in speaking, disregards the proprieties, shameless; one who lives alone, bachelor; s.th. which has been stripped or peeled

ላጡ ፡ መሳጡ late mälate completely poor person, dirt poor

ሳዮ lat ornament, decoration, gold spangle

ላጥ ፡ ላጥ ፡ አለ latto latt alä to be indulged; to be idle; to let a series of farts; to brag of o.s. (inf.) ላጥ ፡ አደረገ lätt adärrägä to peel completely

[vt]; to let a large fart; to draw the sword

ሳጥ ፡ ሳጥ ፡ አደረገ lättə lätt adärrägä to peel [vt] completely, e.g. an orange, a banana; to beat or thrash s.o.; to gobble one's food (inf.); to let a series of farts

ሳጥ ፡ ሻጥ ፡ አለ lättə šätt alä in ከታምራትም ፡ ዘንድ ፡ ሳጥ ፡ ሻጥ ፡ ትያለሽ you will sit close to Tamrat

A14 lellač peel (of a potato), skin (of an onion)

Art. late mantle (of the earth) (neol.)

AT lat liber, bast, inner bark, peel; weak (person); rope made from the bark of certain trees (B)

(AT: Am to peel, bark, remove the peel, skin or shell)

AT: MLLS a plant, (Crassocephalum macropappum); name of the Italian camp at 0937 N 3950 E

**fh1:** AT medium-sized tree the bast of which is used for tying the crosspieces to the uprights when making the walls of a house

የሽዬ : ልፕ a large tree which has edible fruit (KBT)

የቄሴምብ ፡ ልጥ ፡ ዛፍ a kind of tree [eucalyptus] (KBT)

ቀሬሬ ፡ ልጥ a large tree having leaves like the Dombeya species

የብረት ፡ ልጥ bonding strap; fig. strong arm

የግራር ፡ ልጥ acacia bark [sweet when chewed] ልጡ ፡ የተራሰ ፡ መቃብሩ ፡ የተማሰ greatly aged, feeble old man, one who has one foot in the grave

Amp latam having much bark or bast (see also Amp)

AMAY latalat all kinds of bast; hard worker (inf.)

AT: ARZ7 lätt adärrägä to hit s.o. in the face (inf.)

ATATAT: XSC7 lateletet to hit s.o. hard in the face (intensive form of late adarraga) (inf.) Am late threshed grain not yet cleaned of chaff and broken straw or pellicles of wheat; cleaned grain ground in water and kept covered until it

jells (KBT)

Am: rcs chaff, pellicles and broken kernels

Am: rcs: hom to remove the chaff, clean
or winnow wheat

Am't latät peeling, barking, etc.

ተላጭ tälač s.th. to be peeled, barked; decree

or judgment to be revoked (AYMQ)

(ይህ ፡ ዛፍ ፡ ተላጭ ፡ ነው this tree sheds its bark)
(Ar.)

አሳሳጭ allalač one who helps to peel

**Anno** aslaç one who has s.o. peel, has s.th. peeled, etc.

malaça means of, place or time for peeling, etc., peeler, parer, razor; time or season for removing the bark, etc.; (see also 162)

መሳጥ mätlaça means of, time or place for being peeled, etc.

om has mallalaça cut of meat from both sides of the breastbone of a chicken (the breast is not cut along the center of the sternum as in the West); chicken wing (B)

( mhh : 4.7: m h h the chicken breast brings joy to [lit. lightens] the face – since it is a choice morsel the head of the house offers a friend or one whom he wishes to bopor)

አሳሳጥ atlalat or አሳልጥ atlalat manner of peeling or being peeled, etc.

\*ሉጠ - ተሉጠ täleţä to be mocked, made fun of (AYMQ)

hhm aleta to mock, make fun of; to coat with batter (AYMQ)

ማሌጫ maleça means for mocking, making fun of

ሌጣ leta unburdencd, unencumbered; unoccupied (place); without harness or saddle (mount); woman of child-bearing age who is not pregnant

(እክሲት ፡ አርግባስች is so-and-so pregnant? ሉጣ ፡ ናት no, she is not)

ሊጣውን : መጣ he came empty-handed

ሉጣ ፡ ፌረስ [በቅሎ] unsaddled horse or mule, spare pack animal which has no harness or pack ሉጣ ፡ ሴት woman who no longer has a child to carry on her back or who no longer suckles an infant

ሌጣ ፡ ሰው person who has no family

ሌጣ ፣ ሕዋ clear air or sky

ሴጣ ፡ መንገድ descrited, quiet road (B)

 $\Lambda M : P \mathcal{R} C$  bare ground, place where nothing grows

ሌጣ ፡ ሥፍራ bare place

ሌጣ ፡ ቀን day on which there is no fast or religious celebration, day on which there is no work, holiday

ሌጣ ፣ ወረቀት blank, unliued paper

ሌጣውን : ተቀመጠው to ride bareback

ሌጣ ፣ ፌረስ ፣ ኃለበ to ride bareback

በሌጣው bäletaw bareback

ከሌጣው ፣ የአግረኛ ፣ አስፋልት on the bare pavement

ሌጣንት letannät state or condition of being unencumbered, without saddle or harness; unmarried state, spinster or bachelorhood

A.m leto cooked without sauce, in water without seasoning (Ar.); worn piece of worked sheepskin (AYMQ); unworked goat or sheepskin; worked hide with the hair left on it (inf.)

(ሰቊንጫ ፡ ሌመ ፡ አታውጣ don't split hairs, lit. don't make a hide from a flea)

AT lat bast (sec 1m)

Am late grain which has been cleaned, then ground up in water and kept covered until it jells (KBT); threshed grain not cleaned of chaff and broken straw

m lotä to be intrusive, indiscreet (Supp.); to be idle (AMQ)

from lote sponger, one who goes about aimlessly

m. loti or m. luti meddler, busybody (Supp.)

ሎጥ lot Lot, masc. pers. n. (Bibl.)

ባሕረ፡ ሎጥ Dead Sca

ሎጣዊ lotawi of or pertaining to Lot; homosexual, sodomite

Amam lätällätä to crush or pound seeds or kernels until the juice or oil comes out and they form a pasty mass, e.g. nug-seeds; to compress, press into a mass, ball or a cake, e.g. tobacco; to pitch tents in numbers on a field (army); to thump, dig with the elbow (Ar.); to become flabby (body from lack of exercise); to strike, hit hard

(በድሎት ፣ የሰጠሰጠው ፣ ወፍራም a stocky man who has become fat through a [life of] ease)

ተሉጠሉ៣ tälätällätä to be crushed, be made into a cake, block or plug, e.g. tobacco; to be or become fat, plump, e.g. ox kept penned up for fattening; to be pitched en masse (tents)

(ጫንቃው ፡ ተለጥልውል he/it has become very fat)

(ፀጉርዋ ፣ የተለጠለጠ ፣ ጉግ ፣ መስለ her hair looked [glossy] like a cake of crushed nugseeds)

አለጠለጠ alätällätä = lätällätä

(በምቾት : አስተልጠ ፡ የሚያበራ one whose skin gleamed because he had become fat through comfort)

አስሰ m aslätällätä to bave s.o. pound as above; to have seeds crushed and made into a cake

ስጠሰጣ lätäläta crushing, compressing into a cake

ስጠስጥ läṭäläṭ crushed, compressed (into cake form); fat (ox after being penned up) (KBT)

ሰማሰው läialäio cake or plug of tobacco

**ATAT** lätlac one who makes a cake of *nug* seeds or a plug of tobacco; one who flattens, spreads s.th. out

ስተላጣ lätlatta s.th. compressed, made into a cake or plug form (KBT)

ልጥሰጣ laṭtäṭa act of pounding, compressing as above

AT4m latallate compressing, crushing as above (KBT)

ATAT latlat crushed, compressed; oil cake (of nug-seeds or sesame), plug of tobacco, cake of wax or hardened suct

ልፕልጣት latlata act of crushing, compressing as above (KBT)

መስተሰጫ mälätläča means of, place or time for compressing, e.g. hand, mortar; means for fattening, e.g. food, fodder

መስተለጫ mällätläča means of being compressed, etc.

ማስስተስሜ maslätläča means for having a cake, etc. made

አስጣስጥ alläṭaläṭ manner of compressing, etc.

ሳጥ ' ሳጥ ' አስ laṭṭə laṭṭ alä to be let (series of farts) (sec ሳጠ)

house to another (see here)

ተጠትዋ loțălot one who wanders about, restless

ሎፖሎፕ ፡ አለ lottəlott alä to wander, roam about, go from village to village like a parasite ሎጥ ፡ ሎጥ ፡ አደረገ lottəlott adärrägä to cause to wander from place to place

ሎጥሊጣ lotl<sup>w</sup>atta = lotälot prying, busybody ሉጥ ፡ ሉጥ ፡ አለ luttəlutt alä to go from house to house like a parasite, to wander, roam about Amo lättämä B to plug, fill a hole or opening, e.g. in a horn when making a horn cup or a drinking horn; to cover, close over

Ληπ σ läṭaṭṭämä to plug several holes

ተሰጠመ tälättämä to be plugged, filled in, plugged up (hole); to be or come close to, stick close to s.o. (gossipy person)

እስስጠመ aslättämä to have s.o. close a hole, have s.th. closed up as above

ስጠም läṭäm plug, stopper, lid, cover (see ስጠብ)

ስጣሚ läṭṭami one who plugs up, etc.

And latama plugged up; one who is close to or seeks the protection of an important person

ልጣሚ lattami plugged, filled in (hole) ልጣሚ lattame plugging as above (KBT)

AMP lattam or AmP lattem cork or plug for the bottom of a drinking cup made of horn or a drinking horn; covering (see also Am)

ATP lattam plug, cork; cup or horn plugged

as above ATP: AA lattamm alä to fit [vi] together, fit

close or tight ልተም ፡ ልተም ፡ አለ lattamm lattamm alä to be

very close ATማት lattamat closing (with a plug), plugging up

ተለጣሚ tälättami s.th. to be plugged up; one who curries the favor of s.o. who has been appointed to office, toady, sycophant

ምስጠሚያ mälättämiya means for plugging up አስጣጠም allätatäm manner of plugging

ATC later measure of weight equivalent to a pound or twelve wäget (obs.)

ስጠብ läṭṭāsā B to cause to lie down for some time, to lay down, flatten (s.th. standing); to bend [vt] or smooth down, e.g. hair, to lie prone; to break, snap off, cut off, e.g. the top of a plant, etc. (ABMQ); to cause to become thin, pale or emaciated (illness); to rule, subjugate (KBT) (ዝናም: አህሎን: ስጠሰው the rain beat down the grain)

ሰጣጠስ läṭaṭṭāsā to beat down somewhat, beat down completely

thmn tälättäsä to lie down, stay in bed, refuse to get up; to be bent down; to throw o.s. face down; to be smoothed or plastered down (hair) (Supp.)

(ተፈረፈር ፡ መሳይ ፡ ወደ ኮድጓዳው ፡ ውስዋ ፡ ነባና ፡

በደረቱ ፡ ተሰጠሰ he went into a gully-like hollow and lay prone)

አስሰጠሴ aslättäsä to have s.o. lie down; to have s.o. bend s.th., have s.th. bent down (G)

ስጣሽ lättas s.th. which makes one lie down, e.g. deep sleep, illness (AYMQ); one who smooths or plasters down his hair (KBT)

ስጣሳ lättasa that which bends down (Supp.)

Am4 lattäsa flattening, laying or smoothing down (KBT)

ልተስ lattas prone, flattened, lying flat ልተስ፡ አለ lattass alä to lie down for awhile መሰጠሻ mälättäsa place for or means of lying down, e.g. bed, bench, etc.; means for smoothing down the hair, e.g. pomade

አስጣጠስ allätatäs manner of laying s.th. down, flattening, plastering (the hair, etc.) down

ስጠቀ läṭṭāqā B to catch up to s.o. (by chasing, running after him or by walking faster); to fit [vt] close together (s.th. originally warped and spread apart); to straighten; to sew, stick or fasten together, to be fastened, joined or connected together; to go away together; to be next in line, to follow immediately in a list or a line (ይህ፡ግምብ፡በተደረመብ፡ጊዜ፡አምስቱ፡ግንቦች፡
ለጥቀሙ፡ መደዳሙን፡ ፌርስዋል when this wall collapsed, the five castles collapsed together in a row)

(እክሴ ፡ ጠላቱን ፡ በመር ፡ ከመሬት ፡ ለጠቀው soand-so pinned his enemy to the ground with a snear)

ተለጠቀ tälättäqä to be followed; to be caught up; to be fitted or placed together

(ሰሚለጠቀሙ ፡ አርባ ፡ ቀን in the next forty days) ተላጠቀ tälattäqä to close up [vi], to come close together (several persons), bunch up

ham alättägä to bring close together; to cause to catch up, come after

አሳጠቀ allattäqä to help to come up, be close or be near each other

አስጣጠቀ allätattäqä = allattäqä; to help to pursue, follow

አስሰጠው aslättäqä to have s.o. foilow, follow after, have s.o. followed; to have s.o. be or become near, have s.o. caught up with, etc.

ለጠቅ lättäq close, near (together)

ለጠቅ ፣ አለ lättäqq alä to give in

ስጣቂ läṭṭaqí one who follows, catches up with;

one who or thing which is close, near, next to ስጣ.» lätaqa persistent, persevering (AYMQ) ስጥቄ lättaqqe masc. pers. n.

Amp lattaqua following, catching up to; pressed close together

ልጥት latted close-fitting; followed, next (in line)

ልጥቅ ፡ አለ lattaqq alä to be close-fitting, fitted close together

(ሲኖሩ ፡ ልጥቅ ፡ ሲለዩ ፡ ምንጥቅ when one [lit. they] lives [together with s.o.] lct him conform [lit. be close], when one leaves, let him do so suddenly [saying])

ተለጣጣቂ tälätatagi series (math.) (ncol.)

አለጣጣቂ allätataqi one who helps to follow, ctc.

ምስጠቂያ mälättäqiya means for following after, catching up to, e.g. feet, horse, mule, etc. አስጣጠቅ allätatäq manner of following, catching up to

ሰጠበ läṭṭābā B to cork, plug, cover over, make a lid for (see ሰጠመ)

(ምን ፡ አብሬ ፡ ላይ ፡ ይለተብሃል why are you standing so close to my door?, i.e. why are you eavesdropping?)

+hm(l tälättäbä to be or stand close to s.th.; to be corked, plugged, provided with a lid

በግድጣዳ : ተግ ፡ ተለጠበ to eavesdrop (Gk.)

ሰጠብ lätäb plug, cork, stopper (for a čočomilk-jug), covering or lid for a dəst-pan

(ሳፋ : ሰጠብ : የሰውም [said of one who says whatever comes to mind, is indiscreet in speaking], lit. he has no bung for his mouth)

ልጠባ laṭṭäba act of plugging, plugged, stopped up (KBT)

And lattabl stopped, plugged up, provided with a lid (KBT)

ልጣቤ lattabe eavesdropping (by standing next to the wall in the rear of a house) (KBT)

And lattab plugged, plugged or stopped up And lattabat act of plugging, stopping up, being a stopper or lid

መስጠቢያ mälättäbiya place where a stopper or cork is put

እስጣጠብ allatatab manner or corking, plugging, etc.

ልጠት latät peeling (see ላጠ)

ልጣት lotat the second watch of the night for caravan guards (B)

ሊጣን liton nine-part hymn in praise of the Lord Gk. litaneia

ሊዋአርግያ lit'argoya a book of praise for the Lord (KBT), cf. liturgy

**Amm lättätä** B to stretch (a hide); to pull off, separate (crust from bread, bast from a tree), to remove the dirt, detach s.th. adhering to s.th. else, e.g. earth from grassy clods; to remove the pellicles from grain by rubbing between the hands, clean grain by winnowing; to separate the threads (weaver); to open [vt] a crack, barely open s.th., to half open (a book, one's hand); to draw a bow (string), render taut or tight by pulling, to tighten the strings of a harp; to drink heavily; to sleep soundly; to spread [vt] or level out; to form balls or clumps [vi] (grain too moist for grinding); to heat with a stick or cudgel; to say words of seeming praise which are actually pointed or sarcastic, to slander; to talk on a matter at length, hold a lively discussion; to be puffed up with conccit

(ደረታችውን ፣ እየሰጠጣችው puffing out your chests ...)

(መራቱን ፡ ሰመ ፡ ያስተካከሰዋል he spreads out the soil and levels it) (Ar.)

በሽመል ፡ ለጠጠ to beat with a stick

ትርፊቱን ፡ ሰጠጠ (o peel off the bark or crust እንቅልፉን ፡ ሰጠጠ to be fast asleep, sleep soundly

**Thinm tälättätä** to be stretched, to stretch o.s.; to bend backwards or be bent backwards; to be separated, parted (threads); to be pulled, tautened, distended; to walk slowly (sign of conceit), to strut; to be or become conceited, give o.s. airs; to be beaten, lashed; to be ajar (door), partly open (Gk.); to be very fat from overeating

(በአጓጉል ፡ አካሄድ ፡ ይስጠጣት they strut about in a foolish fashion)

hamm allattätä to help to stretch, distend; to strut (from conceit)

አሰጣጠጠ allätattättä = allattätä

threads, have them separated; to have s.o. scparate threads, have them separated; to have s.o. pull, draw, have s.th. pulled or drawn as above, etc. Ann lätäta bread, etc. from which the crust or

peel has been removed (KBT)

ለጠጥ ፡ አለ läṭāṭṭ alā in ወደአላ ፡ ሰጠጥ ፡ አለ to lean back, bend back a little

**ham** lätäto long stick or staff (Gondare usage); peeled; s.th. separated, e.g. thread from a clump, ball or knot; cattle prod

**AMP** lättač one who peels, pulls off the bark; one who separates, who pulls or distends; conceited person (who swaggers)

ሰጣጣ lätata peeled, debarked

Amm lattata separating, pulling, stretching or distending

ልጣጭ lattač stretched bark of a tree (cortex or bast), peel, paring(s), rind detached from a sorghum stalk; separated thread; extra thread on a spindle which has been set aside for later use (የሙዝ: ልጣጭ banana peel)

Ann lattate peeling, separating, etc. as above

ATT lattet stretched, distended (by stretching); separated, detached, peeled; elastic; proud, conceited, one who delays in responding due to haughtiness; stupefied, benumbed, dazed

ልጥንት lattatannät state or condition of being peeled, etc.; elasticity (ncol.)

ልጥጥ ፡ አለ lattatt alä to be conceited (inf.) ልጥጣሽ lat(ta)toš peeling, pulling off the crust or bark (KBT)

ተሰጣጭ täläṭṭač s.th. to be peeled, distended, tautened; proud, conceited; easily stretched or distended (hide), elastic

አስሰጣዊ aslättač one who has s.th. scparated, peeled, tautened

መስጠሜ mälättäča means of, place or time for stretching, separating or peeling; means for drinking in quantity; shovel for removing clods ([የ]ጠላው ፡ መስጠሜ a large cup for quaffing beer)

መስጠጫ mällätäča means of, time or place for being stretched

አለጣጠዋ allätatät manner of stretching or being stretched, etc.

Ama. lättäfä B to coat or plaster a wall with mud, to whitewash a wall; to put butter on one's hair; to glue, stick or affix (a stamp, a label, a poster, etc.), to cover with wallpaper, to paste on; to plug holes, chinks (in a wall), to patch (a tire); to post grades, announcements, etc.; to fix (or

shift) the blame on s.o.; to insult grossly (Supp.); to add a small additional burden to the main pack or load (on a pack animal); to lay a thin coat of plaster or mud over the first coat in order to have a smooth and even surface; to flatten grain, grass (cloudburst, wind); to carry a child on the back; to rain in large drops; to excrete (cattle, chickens); to put on a small garment (like a wraparound), to cover the loins with a loincloth

(ለጠፈብት lättäfähbät he fixed the blame on him)

(በጥል ፡ ለጠፈ[በት] bätəffi lättäfä[bhät] to slap s.o.)

ለጣጠፊ. lätattäfä to coat several times, to gluc on, affix several things, to daub with mud somewhat

thm& tälättäfä to be coated, whitewashed; to be affixed, stuck on, glued or pasted to, to be patched (tire); to cavesdrop

TAMING. tälätattäfä to be affixed, fastened, glued or pasted on (several items), to be stuck together (several items)

እስጠል. allattafa to help to coat, plaster; to help to glue, stick on, affix

አለጣጠሌ allätattäfä = allattäfä

hand. aslättäfä to have s.o. plaster, have a wall plastered, etc.

ስጣፌ lättafi one who coats, affixes, etc.

ለጣሩ tätafa talebearer, one who sticks to a person

ልጠሩ lattafa act of plastering, pasting on, etc. ልጣፌ lattafi small burden added to the main pack

And lattafe putting the blame on s.o. (falsely)

ATS lattef knob on the sword hilt; s.th. plastered on, affixed to, stuck to, e.g. patch (tire); thin coating of mud on a wall after the base coat is laid down so the wall will have a smooth surface

(ጫጣዋ ፡ ልጥፉ ፡ ነው her shoes [have] low heets)

ልጥፍነት lattafannät state or condition of being glued on, affixed to s.th. as above

ልጥፍ ፡ አለ lattaff alä to he completely coated, plastered over

AT4.7 lattafat act or manner of plastering over, gluing to, etc., being laid on (layer), pad (for a wound), poultice

ተስጣሪ. täläṭṭafi s.th. to he covered over; s.th. to be glued on, affixed to

(ተለጣል ፡ የሹራብ ፡ ሱቅ stall where sweaters are sold)?

አስሰጣፌ aslättafi one who has s.th. pasted on, etc.

or Am d. ? mälättäfiya means for, place or time of coating, plastering over, e.g. ladder, ladle, trowel, etc.

Tham &? maslättäfiya means or time for having s.th. plastered, etc. as above

አለጣጠፍ allätatäf manner of coating, affixing, etc.

ሰጨ lä(ξ)çä grass ready for mowing after the season of the early rains (ለቀ) (KBT)

ለሜ lučča smooth (hair), silky (cat's fur) (ጠጉረ፡ ሉሜ smooth-haired)

AGL laččá to shave [vt]; to dupe, hoax or swindle; to slander, mock or deride by using words which appear to be praise; to be useful, beneficial; to repay a favor (KBT)

(በምላሱ : ላጨው he slandered or mocked him while pretending to praise him)

በደረቅ ፡ ሳሙ to dry shave, shave without water; to swindle, dupe; appear to praise s.o. while actually mocking him

mrc7: 16 to shave the head [sign of mourning]

ก เล้น läçaççã to shave somewhat or a great deal

**1-AGD.** tälaččá to be shaved, shorn, to shave o.s.; to skin or abrade o.s. (the portion shaved or abraded always takes the direct object marker), to he scraped, abraded, scraped clean, to be removed, stripped off; to drop, fall off (s.th. fastened or attached); to be duped, swindled

(ፅጉሩን ፣ ተላጨ he shaved his head)

ተለጫ co. täläčaččä to be shaved somewhat or a great deal, to shave o.s. somewhat or a great deal, to shave one another

አሳጨ allaččä to help to shave or shear

አለሜጨ aläčaččä to polish, smooth (Ar.)

አስሜር aliaçaççã to cause or allow to shave somewhat or a great deal (Ar.); to cause or allow to shave one another, to help to shave

አስላጨ aslačča to have s.o. shave, have s.o. shaven

እስስ ማ ጨ asiaçaççã to cause or allow to shave or be shaved a little, to cause or allow to shave or be shaved a great deal

140, lači or lačči barber, one who shaves

ሳጨታ lačita or laččita female barber, woman who shaves people

**↑** lač one who shaves, peels; slanderer

ላጭታ laçətta barber, flatterer

A6D ləççu or ləçu shaven (of head); clever, glib person (ABMQ)

Acu ləççu grateful

AP lač or lačč shaven

AT loçç gratitude (Ar.); use, benefit, favor (done s.o.)

ልጨኛ ləčçääňa grateful; person who likes doing good for people; one who repays a favor, one who shows gratitude; polished, courteous, having fine manners

ልጨኛንት ləčçäňňannät state or condition of being grateful, etc.

AAA ləçät act or manner of shaving

ልጭታት laččatat state or condition of shaving ሳጭ ፡ አደረገ lačč adärrägä to draw the sword; to render barren (TA)

ተላጨ tälaçi or ተላጭ tälaç one who is to be shaved, freshly shaven

አሳሳም allalač one who helps to shave

አስሳጪ aslaçi one who has s.o. shaved, e.g. a father who has his child's head shaved

ምሳም məlaçe razor, razor blade; trigger (of a gun); cunning (person)

obsidian flake; time for shaving, c.g. razor, obsidian flake; time for shaving the head (sign of mourning), e.g. death of a family member, etc. (KBT)

መሳጫ mällaça means of, place or time for being shaved

መሳጨያ mälačiya = mälača

መሳጨያ mällačiya = mällača

ማስላጫ maslača means or time for having s.o. shaved (see also latä)

አለጫው alläçaç or አለጫጨት alläçaçät manner of shaving, etc.

Aጨት ləçät, Aሞታት ləççətat (see ነዉ above)

## ሳጲስ lappis craser (rubber)

A4 läffa to tire o.s., grow tired, wear o.s. out; to toil, make an effort, work hard, labor; to become bare (field by being a place where people congregate or cattle are kept); to become pulverized, broken to bits, smashed fine; to be beaten, thrashed; to become tasty (sauce from being seasoned and simmered properly); to be or become pliant, become soft (hide by being worked or tanned)

ስፍቶ ፡ መና läfto mäna vain effort, one who gets nowhere despite hard work

ስፍቶ ፡ አደር läfto addär one who makes a living by hard work

ለፍቶ ፡ የተንኝ läfto yätägäňňä hard-earned (money)

('MP: 11th: \$14.4 he works hard with little success)

(dh?:k: A4.7 we went to a lot of trouble for nothing)

ስፋፋ läfaffa to be or become somewhat tired or pliant, to be or become very tired or pliant ተስፋ täläffa to be rendered tired, to get weary,

worn out; to be made pliant or supple (hide)

+44. tälaffa to tire one another, to be rendered
somewhat tired or very tired; to be rendered
somewhat pliant or very pliant (Ar.); to beat or
strike each other; to play around, horse around,

ተለፋፋ täläfaffa = tälaffa; to lament together (ሎሌ ፡ ከጌታው(ጌታውን) ተለፋፋ the servants mourn with their master) (G)

indulge in horseplay

**AA4** aläffa to tire, render tired, tire out, exhaust, to exhaust s.o. through useless labor (KBT); to wear a petitioner down by keeping him waiting (Supp.); to be or become an idler, a do-nothing (KBT); to work a hide, tan or soften it to make it pliant; to render helpless, deprive s.o. of his means of action; to hit, strike a lot

(ምን: አስፋዎ why do/did you take the trouble?; you should not have troubled yourself [to solve the problem])

(ብቻ ፣ ምናስፋችሁ but what more can I tell you?, what else [on this subject] can I say?)

(HF: 10: 1814.)
with little success)

በዱላ ፡ አለፋው bädulla aläffaw to thrash s.o. with a endgel

ች.ፓር ፡ አለፋው čaggar aläffaw to debilitate s.o. (deprivation)

አላፋ allaffa to cause or allow to tire one an-

other, to tire [vt] somewhat or very much, to help to be or become tired; to render somewhat pliant or very pliant, help to render pliant or supple; to cause to indulge in horseplay

እስፋፋ alläfaffa to render pliant or supple in part, not completely (G); = allaffa (Ar.)

hand. asläffa to cause or allow to be tired or pliant, have s.o. made tired, have s.th. made pliant; to have s.th. trampled, e.g. mud so that it can be used for plastering a wall; to have skins, hides tanned

እስስፋሩ asläfaffa to have several hides worked or made supple, to give out several hides for softening, etc.; to have several tasks done, send s.o. on several tasks or on a fatiguing task or errand

(\lambda \cap A \cap 3 : \lambda \lambda 4 \cap [Khedive] Ismail [of Egypt] sent his son on a fruitless and fatiguing enterprise [the invasion of Ethiopia in 1879]) (G)

A& läfi one who toils; who accepts degradation, humiliation

ለፌ ፡ ሰው hard worker, one who works hard but fails to achieve his purpose

A4. : AA läfa alä to be or become somewhat tired or pliant (Ar.)

ሰፋ ፡ እደረገ läfa adärrägä to tire somewhat, to render somewhat pliant (Ar.)

ለፍ : እስ läff alä to be bent down, droop (Ar.) (አህል : ዝናብ : አጥቶ : ለፍ : ብሏል the grain is drooping because of a lack of rain) (Ar.)

ልራ. ləfi worked (hide); made (effort) (see also ላፊ)

(AL: 1.2 m to join in a game in which the players push each other) (Supp.)

As laf pliant, soft, flexible, worked (hide); wiry, strong (animate objects) (Ar.); exhausted, worn out (B); agile (in wrestling) (Supp.) (see also \$\lambda \Lambda \Lambda\$ and alphabetical order below)

ልፍንት ləfənnät pliancy, flexibility; wiriness (Ar.)

ልፋት lafat fatigue, hard work, toil, labor, exertion, weariness; pliancy, softness (of a hide) ልፋተኛ lafatäňňa one who labors, toils

ልፍት ፡ አለ laffatt alä to toil, work bard, wear o.s. out

ALS laffiya horseplay, wrestling with one another, twisting the neck in play; exercise to strengthen the body and various holds or ways

of parrying blows for self-defense (KBT); fatigue resulting from a struggle

ተሰፊ täläfi s. th. to be worked, made supple, pliant

ተላፌ tälafi one who indulges in horseplay

አልፌ alfi one who works or tans hide, one who exhausts or wearies

ሽልቻ ፡ አልፌ one who makes bags from whole animal skins

አልፋ alfa (occurs only in compounds), e.g. መስክ ፡ አልፋ idler, do-nothing

ጉንም ፣ አልፋ waste of breath

አለሰፌ asläffi one who has a hide worked or tanned, who distributes hides for tanning

malafiya means, time or place for horseplay, e.g. festival, holiday; strong young man

መልራያ mälfiya means of, place or time for tiring o.s., e.g. laborious task, hard job

TALS malfiya place for trampling mud, etc.; means for exhausting, tiring s.o.; piece of poor quality leather

ማስሰፊያ masläffiya means, time or place for having leather worked, etc.

አስፋፍ alläfaf or አስፋፋት alläfafät manner of tiring o.s.

65 läff lining, embroidery on the collar of a cape; cover (garment such as a duster or lab coat); blank sheet of parchment bound between the text and the board cover or a jacket for the contents of a file (KBT) Ar. laffa?

Ac. läfo foot soldier; crack troops (AWG); infantry (obs.); vigorous, healthy youth (ABMQ); stalk, reed; means for tallying the kill (Orom. lafoo 'on foot')

ችምችም : ሲፎ large number of students or troops in formation (KBT); kind of sorghum which grows densely (AYMQ) (የጦር ፡ ሲፎ infantry) (obs.)

A. S. lif excelsior (wood shaving used for packing goods for shipment) Ar. laffa?

As. lafa to skin, peel, strip off the outer layer, to husk, remove the covering; to gall, graze; to afflict with sores, e.g. syphilis; to snatch away, seize and carry off everything; to consume, burn up (fire); to drink to excess, gulp down (a drink), to swallow without chewing; to steal adroitly, purloin; to tell a pack of lies; to make

pointed, sarcastic remarks, slander; to evirate; to scrape a hide clean of hair; to eat quickly; to

to scrape a hide clean of hair; to eat quickly; to burn, e.g. a hot drink; to catch an illness

(በና[ን] ፡ ትኩሱን ፡ ቢልፉት ፡ መልሶ ፡ ይልፋል if you drink coffee hot, it will burn you)

(መቶ ፡ ብሯን ፡ ልራዋል he snatched her hundred dollars)

ቂጥኝ: ሳፌው to be covered with syphilis sorcs, to catch syphilis (B)

በምሳሱ ፡ ሳፌኝ [an ox] abraded me with his frough] tongue

በጥራ ፡ ላፈው he dealt him a [hard] slap (Supp.) አሳት ፡ ላፈው the fire consumed it, burnt it all up

አባ ፡ ሳፊው slanderer

ውሽቱን ፡ ሳሌው to lie a lot

ንንዘቡን ፡ ሳፈው to swindle s.o. out of his money አሳት ፡ የሳፈው əsat yälafäw smart, quick-witted

ሰላፈ lälafä = lalafä (non-Shoan usage)

**AAA.** lalafă to skin somewhat or a great deal, etc.

ተላፈ tälafä to be skinned, to graze or skin o.s.; to be peeled, husked, etc.; to be burned; be eaten or drunk as above

ተሰላፈ tälälafä = tälalafä (non-Shoan usage) (Ar.)

ተላሳፌ tälalafä to be skinned somewhat or a great deal, to skin or strip one another; to be burned here and there, be burned all over (B) አስሳፌ allälafä = allalafä (non-Shoan)

**AAAA allalafa** to cause or allow to skin or be skinned a little, to cause or allow to skin or be skinned a great deal, to cause or allow to skin one another, to help to skin

እስሳፌ aslafa to cause or allow to skin or be skinned; to rob skillfully; to cause or allow the body to be burned

**16. lafi** one who peels; one who drinks as above; one who slanders

ላሬንት lafinnät state or condition of being a doer of ill, a thief or a maker of pointed, sarcastic remarks

ሳፍ ፡ አደረገ laff adärrägä to skin, peel or husk somewhat

As. laffi or As. laffe whitlow, felon, a disease which makes the nails fall off

A&+ lafat stealing s.th. completely, robbing s.o. blind (KBT)

ተላፌ tälafi s.th. which is peeled, stripped, etc. (see also ሰፋ)

መሳፊያ mälafiya means of, place or time for

skinning, etc. (see also **^4**) **and A.f** mällafiya means of, time or place for being skinned, etc.

አሳላፍ allalaf manner of skinning or of being skinned, etc.

ሳፋ laf(f)a baiding (Supp.)

ሳፌ laffe thief (who snatches from his victims)

ልራ laffi or ልፌ laffe whitlow (sec ላፌ above)

AS laf nail, claw (of an animal), hoof (Gondare usage) (B, KBT) (see also A4 above)

ልፍ laff worked, tanned (hide) (see ሰፋ)

race to place to place

ሎፍ ፡ አለ loff alä to appear before s.o. suddenly, to come forward

^ፌ^ፌ läfälläfä to talk too much, chatter, prattle: to lose track of what one was saying, to babble, talk nonscnse (insane person); to betray oneself by one's words, give o.s. away by what one says; to tell what one has concealed, e.g. a thief or scoundrel while being lashed; to broadcast a decree or proclamation (herald, village chief) (obs.); to twitter, chatter (birds); to advise s.o. repeatedly to mend his ways (KBT); to charge s.o. with being a sorcerer (Supp.)

ስፋሳፌ läfalläfä to talk about all sorts of things ተሰፈሰፈ täläffäfä to be done (chattering), be said (prattle); be talked about for awhile

ተስፋሰፊ täläfalläfä to conless, admit (G, Ar.); to talk and talk, to speak without reflection or inhibition, tell one's inmost thoughts, what is on one's mind; to twitter (birds)

(መስረቁን ፣ ተስፋለፌ he admitted the theft)

አስፋሰራ allafallafa to cause to confess (G, Ar.); to help to chatter, prattle

ትስለፌስፌ asläfälläfä to cause to speak incoherently, cause to rave or be delirious, to cause to confess; to question s.o. who claims to have been 'caten by the *buda*-spirit' or to have had a spell cast on him in order to make him reveal the name of the malefactor; to cause to talk, get s.o. to ramble on and on

ሰፌሰሩ läfäläfa chattering, prattling, talking a lot (KBT)

ሰፍላፊ läflafi chatterbox, chatterer, loquacious, talkative, chatty

ስፍላፊንት läflafinnät state or condition of being a chatterbox, loquacity

ለፍላፋ läflaffa = läflafi

ለፍላፋ ንት läflaffannät or ለፍላፍንት läflaffənnät loquacity

ልፍለፋ ləfläfa chatter, prattle; revealing the name of one who has committed sorcery (see አስስፌስፌ above)

ልፍላፊ. Iafallafi chatter, prattle, logorrhea

ልፍላፋ loflaf(f)a chattering, prattling

ልፍላፌ lafallafe chattering, prattling

ልፍልፍ laf(al)laf great amount of talk, chatter, prattle

ልፍልፋት laflafat chattering, prattling (KBT) ተለፋሳፊ täläfalafi chattering (person)

አስለፍላፊ asläflafi one who causes a person to talk as above

አስለፍልፍ asläflef potion which makes one talk, jimson weed (Datura stramonium)

ያስለፍልፍ yasläfləf = asläfləf

መስፋለፌያ mälläfaläfiya place or time for the twittering or chattering of birds

መስፍለፊያ mäläfläfiya means, place or time for chatting, prattling

ማስለፍለራያ masläfläfiya means for making s.o. talk, e.g. hip, scourge, switch, potion

አስፋስፍ alläfaläf manner of chattering, prattling, etc.

ሎፍ ፡ ሎፍ ፡ አለ loffə loff alä to wander about idly, go from village to village; to be restless (KBT, ABMQ)

ሎፍ። ሎፍ። አደረገ loffə loff adärrägä to cause to wander about idly

(ዓሥሩ: ቤት፡ ሎፍ፡ ሎፍ፡ ምን፡ ያደርገዋል what makes him wander about all over the place?) (AMO)

ሎፍ ፡ ሎፍ ፡ ባይ loffe loff bay sponger, idler (Gk.)

over the shoulders, shaggy white goatskin from Turkey used as a shoulder garment or a saddle covering (AYMQ)

\*A&A&A - +A&A&A tälfäsäffäsä to be or become limp, flabby; to become soft, pliant, supple (hide after being worked or tanned); to be completely exhausted; to be a coward, to tremble from fear

(የአጥንት ፡ መልፈስፈስ ፡ በሽታ ፡ ወይም ፡ ሪኬትስ

the illness of softening of the bones or rickets ...)

አልፌስፈስ alfäsäffäsä to cause to become limp, flabby or soft; to exhaust utterly; to work feebly or halfheartedly

ስፌስፋሳ läfäsfassa one who goes limp, becomes flabby

ልፍስፍስ lafasfas languid, weak, flabby (person), weakling, lacking in stamina; limp (material)

ልፍለፍስንት lafasfasannät lethargic condition; state of being flabby, etc.

TALALTI tälfäsfaš poltroon, one who is too weak or lacks the strength to do a task

ሊፍት lift an edible plant (KBT) (sec also ልፍት)

ልፌት lafat stealing (see ላፌ)

ልፋት lefat labor, toil (see ሰፋ)

ልፍት laf(fa)t leafy vegetables used for food የልፍት ፡ መና succulent feed (neol.)

ለፈተተ läfättätä to be between moist and dry, barely moist; to speak haltingly, stammer, stutter (TA) (see ሰፌዴዴ)

Aキナナ läftatta neither moist nor dry (bide) Aキナナ ləf(ət)tət = läftatta

ልፌያ laffiya horseplay (see ሰፋ)

ስፌዴ läffädä to trouble, pester; to fail to be settled, decided (matter) (AYMQ)

ስፌዴ läfäd importuning, nagging (see ስፌዴዴ) ስፌዲያም läfädiyam importunate, one who drags out, protracts a matter, nagger

ላፌዴ laffädä to labor, toil, strive (to do s.th.)

አሳራይ alaffädä to cause to labor, toil አሳፋይ alafağ one who causes s.o. to toil; one who tires [vt], exhausts

መሳፈኧ mälafäğa hard task, drudgery

ማላፈጃ malafäğa means for tiring, exhausting s.o.

ልፍድ ləfədd tongue-ticd, stammerer (see ሰፊደደ)

ALRE läfäddädä to be slow, halting of speech; to be or become uncouth, halting, heavy, slow, mean or abject, esp. of gait or of speech; to be besmirched, soiled; to be unarable (soil due to heavy saturation with water) (KBT)

TALRE täläfäddädä to be blocked, plugged

up; to be kneaded, mixed (flour and water to make batter)

rhf-RR täläfaddädä to speak thickly (due to drink), to speak haltingly (one not a native speaker of the language); to importune, talk over a matter endlessly

እስፋዶዶ alläfaddädä to cause to speak as above, cause to say foolish or vain things

ስፌዶዳ läfädäda speaking haltingly

ስፌዶድ läfädäd one who speaks haltingly; longwinded, garrulous

ስፍዳዳ läfdadda one who is halting of speech, who stutters, has a speech defect; uncouth (of gait or speech)

ስፍዳጓጎት läfdaddannät or ስፍዳድነት läfdaddannät state or condition of haltingness of speech; uncouthness

ልፍደዳ ləfdäda being halting of speech

ልፍዳጅ lafaddağ one who is halting of speech

ልፍዳይ laffadade being halting of speech

ልፋድ lafadd tongue-tied, stammerer

ልፍዶድ ləfdəd = ləfədd

መስፋደቹ mälläfadäğa reason for speaking haltingly, speech defect

አስፋደድ alläfadäd or አስፈጻደድ alläfädadäd manner of speaking haltingly, etc.

**A** A läffätä to knead, mix flour and water (for batter or paste)

ተስፈጠ täläffäṭä to be kneaded, mixed as above

AFT laf(fa)t kneaded, mixed as above

ሰፈጨ läfäççä to produce mucus, spittle

A4. P laffac spittle, saliva, mucus; flesh which adheres to a hide after flaying; tough, incdible meat, gristle; worthless person, thing of no value or worth

ልፋጫም laffaçam having poor-quality meat, tough and lean meat

ሰፈጨ ቀ läfäččäqä to argue, be quarrelsome, argumentative; to make noise while eating

ተስፋጨቀ täläfaččäqä to fuss, argue, to reiterate, repeat s.th.

አስፋጨቀ aläfaččäqä to hold in contempt, to disparage; to cause to argue; to repeat the same thing over and over; to chew s.th. like gum, moving it around in the mouth; to squeeze out [vt]; to squash s.th. (in the hand)

ሰፍጫቃ läfčagga coarse, uncouth in speech;

argumentative, quarrelsome

አለፋ-ሚቂ aläfačaqi one who chews s.th. like chewing gum or who makes smacking noises while eating

መስፋጨቂያ mälläfačäqiya reason for arguing, disputing

\*ለፈጨቀ - አለፍጫቆ aläfçaq(q)qo a tough vinc used for tying the crosspieces to the uprights in building a house wall (B, KBT)

**A.4.** läffäfä<sup>1</sup> A, B to proclaim, order publicly, to broadcast a proclamation or decree (herald); to call names loudly, abuse s.o. loudly for others to hear, speak ill to, insult; to be or become a minstrel, a *Lalibela*-beggar; to roll, wrap up (s.th. spread out like a carpet); to write a *lafafä* sadq scroll (KBT)

ተሰፌል täläffäfä to be proclaimed, announced; to be blamed, defamed, etc.; to be rolled up

ተሳፌፌ tälaffäfä to blame one another

አስስፌፌ asläffäfä to cause or allow to blame or be blamed; to have a herald proclaim a decree, etc., have a decree proclaimed

ሰልሩ läfäfa act of announcing or publicizing a proclamation

**n4** & läfafi herald, public crier (now usually employed by an əddər-society to announce meetings or funeral ceremonies); minor chief charged with ordering his subordinates to prepare provisions for a foreigner or to announce a public investigation (B) (obs.)

ስፋፊንት läfafinnät office or job of herald, public crier

**A4.4** läfafa blaming, faultfinding; uncouth (Ar.); what is made known, announced by a herald; what is written in a scroll (KBT)

ስፋፋንት läfafannät or ስፋፍንት läfafannät blaming or faultfinding attitude or habit; uncouthness (Ar.)

A44 laffäfa making known by means of a herald or crier; clear writing on a scroll

A44 leffafi decreed or announced by a crier; written in a scroll (KBT)

ልፋሩ lafafa proclaiming as above (G)

A4& laffafe announcing publicly (decree, etc.)

ልፋፍ lafaf writing, scroll

(A・4.4. \* 名字 lafafā ṣadq scroll containing magic names allegedly revealed to Mary by Jesus which is buried with the dead in order to

facilitate their entry into Heaven)

ልፍ laff s.th. proclaimed, decreed (in a decree or edict) (see also ላፋ and alphabetical order) ልፍፍ laffaf rolled, wrapped up (AYMQ);

package, bundle

ልፍፋት laffafat proclaiming, announcing as above; scroll (KBT)

+14.4. tälafafi herald, announcer; one who makes verbal abuse openly and loudly, everywhere and at any time, e.g. azmari, wata

መስፈፊያ mälläfäfiya means of, time or place for being blamed (Ar.)

means of, place or time for blaming (Ar.); place where decrees, etc. are read or announced to the public, e.g. dais, tribune

አስፋ-ፈፍ alläfafäf manner of blaming (Ar.); manner of announcing as above, of rolling up

A&& läffäfä<sup>II</sup> B to tear off the surface of, to strip, shave or plane, to tear off or out in strips, to strip off, shave off, plane off (Ar.) (see A&)

AA& täläffäfä to be stripped, stripped off, etc. (Ar.)

(P+ALL: 07611 wood which has been planed, planed-off wood, wood shavings) (Ar.) hand a släffäfä to cause or allow to strip, strip off or to be stripped, stripped off as above

(Ar.)

A4.3. laffafi the debarked part of a tree which is only good for firewood (G); strip torn off or out, shaving (A1.); external bark covering the bast which is peeled off for use in tying

ልፋፍ laffaf = laffafi (Ar.); covering, kerchief (ABMQ)

መስፈዲያ mäläffäfiya means of, place or time for stripping, etc. (Ar.)

መስፈፊያ mälläfäfiya means of being stripped, etc. as above (Ar.)

ሳፌል. laffäfä to tear off the surface, etc., var. of ሰፌል. II (Ar.)

ተላፈፈ tälaffäfä to be torn off, etc. (Ar.)

አስላፌ asiaffāfā to have the surface removed (Ar.)

ተላፋፊ tälafafi s.th. which has the bark stripped off; (see ለፊፊ above)

መሳሪ ፌያ mälafäfiya means of stripping (Ar.)
መሳሪ ፌያ mällafäfiya means of being stripped
(Ar.)

አስፋሪና alläfafäf manner of stripping, stripping off, or being stripped, stripped off (Ar.)

A44 ləfafa wrapping, covering for merchandise (G) Ar. lifafa

ላፔስ lappis eraser Sp. lapiz